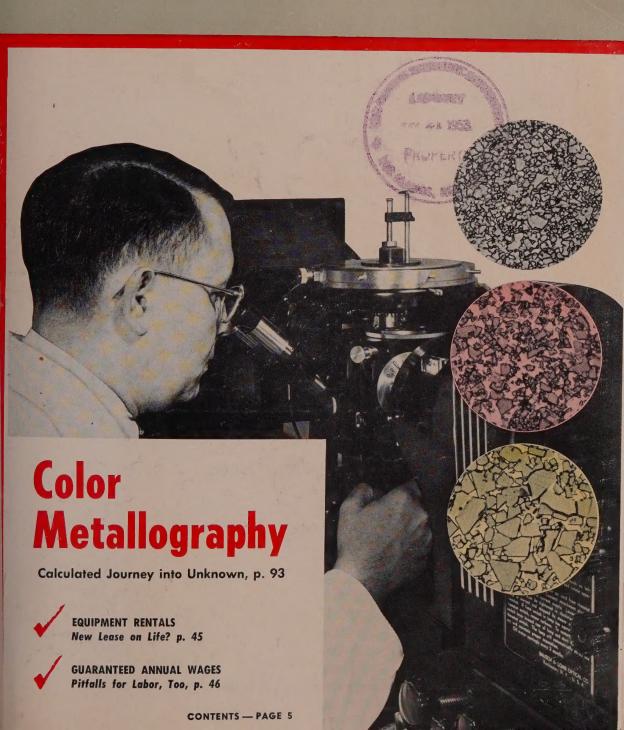
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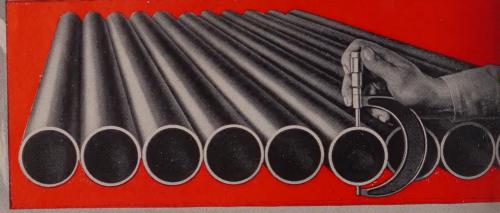
JIEEL

THE WEEKLY MAGAZINE OF METALWORKING



B&W ERW Carbon Steel Mechanical Tubing

UNIFORM FROM TUBE TO TUBE





Uniform wall thickness and concentricity permit the frequent use of tubing in the "as is" condition, even for such rotating parts as conveyor rolls, thus eliminating costly machining operations. Fabricators who insist upon B&W Electric Resistance Walded Carbon Service Resistance tric-Resistance-Welded Carbon Steel Mechanical Tubing know that they can use standard methods of joining, forming, and fabrication with complete assurance of uniform workability.

B&W ERW Tubing may be supplied coldrolled or bot-rolled. Cold-rolled tubing is recommended where close limits are required on ments at your convenience.

gage and inside diameter, where superior quality finish is necessary for plating, polishing or lac quering, or where close control of hardness o temper is desired. For most operations not in volving these requirements, hot-rolled steel wil prove equally satisfactory.

B&W Bulletin TB-333 contains valuable tip on how to make better products for less money and is yours for the asking. Friendly Mr. Tube -your nearby B&W Tube Representative-wil be happy to discuss your specific tubing require

THE BABCOCK & WILCOX COMPANY TUBULAR PRODUCTS DIVISION

Beaver Falls, Pa. — Seamless Tubing; Welded Stainless Steel Tubing Alliance, Ohio — Welded Carbon Steel Tubing





You Save Erection Time with High-Strength Bolts

Construction moves right along when you use Bethlehem High-Strength Bolts to join structural members. For these bolts can be installed quickly, and by a two-man crew.

Bethlehem High-Strength Bolts are used in place of field-driven rivets. They are used with a hardened washer under the head, and another washer under the hexagonal nut. This permits he development of the high torque required, without scoring the connected material. While one man holds the bolt-head with a holding wrench, his partner drives the nut to refusal, using an impact wrench. The entire assembly can be completed in a matter of seconds.

Bethlehem High-Strength Bolts are made of carbon steel in a wide size range. They are heattreated by quenching and tempering to meet the requirements of ASTM Specification A-325. Additional information about these bolts is available in a booklet we have just published, "High-Strength Bolting for Structural Joints." A copy will gladly be mailed on request.

BETHLEHEM STEEL COMPANY BETHLEHEM, PA.

On the Pacific Coast Bethlehem products are sold by Bethlehem Pacific Coast Steel Corporation. Export Distributor: Bethlehem Steel Export Corporation





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With Continental Standard Drive Holders you can change cutters with a <u>twist of the wrist</u> no matter how severe the operation has been. This will save you time and save your tools.

It is as simple as this: The Continental Standard Drive consists of integral double driving lugs on the shank of the cutter which engage double abutments in the socket of the holder. Double aligning bearings keep the cutter and holder in rigid alignment. The drive is machined from the solid—there are no pins or loose details. Result—a balanced, positive drive which is non-wedging and practically indestructible.

Available in standard counterbores, spot facers, countersinks—and on special tools such as multiple-diameter cutters, step counterbores, radius and chamfering applications. It is equally applicable for inverted operations.

Order through your Ex-Cell-O representative or direct from Continental Tool Works in Detroit.





Continental Counterbores may be chased individually or in sets. Write on company letterhead for Catalog 60

Continent

TOOL WOR

DETROIT 32, MICHIGAN

This Week in Metalworking

Vol. 133 No. 16

October 19, 1953

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itorial, Business Staffs-16. Advertising Index-166. Editorial Index available semianally. STEEL also is indexed by Engineering Index Inc., 29 West 39th St., New York 18.



BEFORE LAPPING



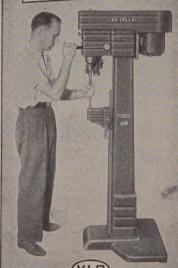
AFTER

PROBLEM:

To get accurate positioning from female centers.

ANSWER: LAP THE CENTERS

Ex-Cell-O Center Lapping Machines correct inaccuracies of rough centers, assuring GREATER PRECISION from your present equipment. They are easy to operate. Center Lapping reduces manufacturing costs by minimizing waste from grinding rejection; shortens assembly time because of closer tolerances. All the facts are in Bulletin No. 40271. Write for a copy.



53-28



CENTER LAPPING MACHINES

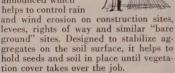
BY

EX-CELL-O CORPORATION DETROIT 32, MICHIGAN

ed every Monday by the Penton Publishing Company, Penton Building, Cleveland 13, Ohio. Penton in the United States and possessions, Canada, Mexico, Cuba, Central and South, One year \$7.50; two years \$15; all other countries, one year \$2.0. Single copies (current 50 cents. Metalworking Yearbook issue \$2.00. Entered as second class matter at the in Cleveland, under the Act of March 3, 1879. Copyright 1953 by Penton Publishing Co.



A synthetic soil conditioner has been announced which helps to control rain



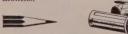


Deep-sea divers

joined a small army of engineers and construction crews in driving over 42,000 piles at a riverside site for a Louisiana plant—to provide a stable foundation in mushy ground. Divers, working 40 feet down in the Mississippi River, were required to direct



placement of the concrete seal. We'll send you a 32-page illustrated book which tells how Kaiser Engineers is equipped to meet challenging problems—like this one at the nation's largest aluminum plant, which was producing metal in just 10 months.



A pocket pyrometer, now on the market, gives direct reading of temperatures up to 3,300 deg. F. Only six and one-half inches long, it weighs about five ounces, and is shaped like a miniature telescope.



behind the scenes

What's A Baby Worth?

We've just returned from lunch and our noggin is still spinning from the amazing diet of statistics we had served up to us along with our chicken pot pie. Of course, startling statistics are to be expected when your eating partner is Newman Ladabouche, STEEL's king-sized market research manager.

According to Lad, during that one quick hour we spent in the local bistro, a net total of 300 persons were added to the United States domestic population. And, he tells us, it's been going just that way each hour since the first of the year.

At this rate, it appears that 1960 will see our U. S. grow to 160 million people with the possibility of reaching 200 million by 1975 and 300 million by the year 2000.

"What does this mean to metalworking?" we asked.

Lad's answer was quick and to the point. "The way I figure it, each new baby born in 1953, after adjustments for the inflated dollar, will consume from \$47,710 to \$118,430 worth of metalworking products either directly or indirectly during his 65-year life span."

"To put it another way," he continued, "it could mean that regardless of a dip in defense spending, 1960 would record metalworking sales somewhere in the neighborhood of \$160 billion with the possibility that 1975 would reach \$280 billion and the year 2000 a fabulous \$700 billion."

This sounds like a mighty nice neighborhood. Better move in!

If all Ladabouche's observations impress you as so much gobbledegook, we invite you to take a quick look at the sales of metalworking plants during the thirteen-year period 1940-1953. The 1940 total came to a fancy \$23.2 billion. This figure multiplied itself approximately six times to reach a lofty \$121 billion in 1953.

Mon Dieux! That's higher than we can count.

Tomorrow's Important, Too!

A recent study of the city of Erie, Pa., revealed that, in just three years, 56% of the companies had placed new men in one or more top positi You can well imagine the high centage of turnover by 1960.

It appears to us that the menwill head up the metalworking intry seven to ten years from to are, almost without exception we ing their collective ways forward f down in the ranks right now.

Could be these youngsters are a more important than many me working managements give the credit for being. Why? Because the are the men who will be charwith the responsibility of operating metalworking industry perhaps again as large as it is today. Intering thought, isn't it?

Workhorse Vs. Racehorse

We were intrigued by a recent port carried in the Oct. 5 issue STEEL in which Peter Muller-Movice president, Society of Indust Designers, detailed his impressions the European machine tools he displayed at the Exposition of Machine Tool Industry in Brusearly in September.

"European machine tools set a v high standard of appearance with finish, simple construction and logi functional arrangement of control

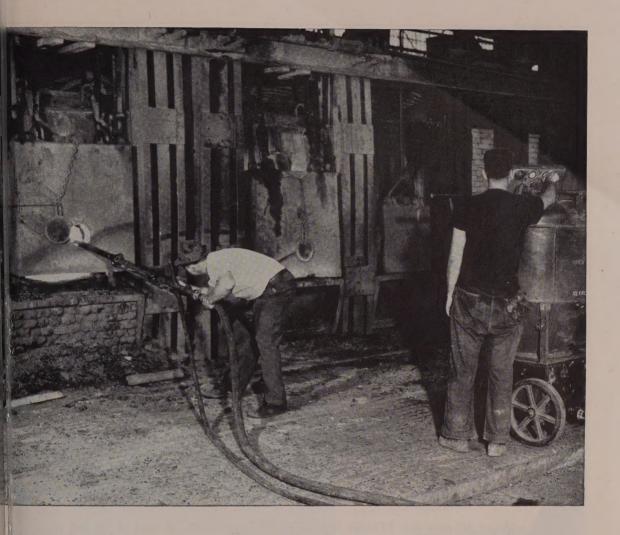
He went on to describe U. S. a chine tools as the "lion product" general production work and feels great flexibility makes it the there is; but for specific application the European models are excell

"Americans build a workhor says Mr. Muller-Monk, "Europear racehorse."

Color Metallography

Say, before you set down this sue be certain to see the article C Shows Up the Unknown with Milography on page 93 of this is There are some beautiful four-creproductions in it that will reproductions in it that will reproduct metallurgical mouths water

Shrolle



pen hearth back wall is repaired with BRI Gun and Roebling furnace stays on line 3 extra weeks

RE is another instance in which a BRI Gun paid for itself on a single emergency job.

ortly after John A. Roebling's Sons Corporaorlaced their BRI Gun in service, a section of all ack wall near the skew in one of their open

I furnaces began to erode. This section appaired with Gundol and Gunchrome I the furnace kept on the line for three control in the furnace went down for a did ded rebuild.

by, fourteen months later, practically belling furnace personnel are expe-

rienced in the operation of the BRI Gun and use the equipment regularly. Consequently, furnace life has been increased and the problem of skewback maintenance virtually eliminated.

Roebling's experience confirms that of the several

hundred BRI Gun owners who have found the equipment easy to operate, cheap to maintain and highly effective for making emergency as well as routine repairs.

If you are not yet sold on the gun and on Gunchrome, Gundol and Gunmix, why not ask your Basic representative for the whole story?



sic Refractories Incorporated 845 HANNA BUILDING, CLEVELAND 15, OHIO

ive Agents in Canada: REFRACTORIES ENGINEERING AND SUPPLIES, LTD., Hamilton and Montreal

· 19, 1953



"Nope! Not more than 3 Phillips Recessed Head Screws for the lot. After all, it's only ivory."



SALES VALUE is only one of many advantages added to your product when you use Phillips Screws. These screws also save money, work, time. They eliminate driver skids, damaged parts and split screw heads.

They cut driving time up to 500 And they set up tighter having maximum strength of head due their design. For best results, choo Phillips Wood, Machine, Tappi Screws or "Sems."

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SHAKEPROOF DIV. OF ILLINOIS TOOL WORKS * THE SOUTHINGTON HOWE. MFG. COMPANY

STERLING BOLT COMPANY * WALES-BEECH CORP.



LARGE CASING THREADS TAPPED IN 12 MINUTES

BAKER OIL TOOLS, INC., of Los Angeles, California, reports that a LANDIS CBLM Circular Chaser Tap mounted on a Stamet's vertical tapping machine has reduced threading time 75% tapping 65%" to 133%" diameter threads in casing shoes.

Production examples illustrate the large savings made in threading time: (1) tapping 13%" N-80 tubular stock, oil well casing shoe with 8 Pitch API round threads 5" long requires but 12 minutes; (2) tapping a 65%" piece with an 8 pitch API round thread 5" long takes only 8 minutes. Formerly threading a typical casing shoe would have required all of 40 minutes.

The LANDIS CBLM Tap, as used at Baker, is designed for use on production tapping machines to thread line pipe, casing, and drill pipe couplings. The tap head is detachable, and with the use of the various size tap heads available, the CBLM Tap will tap threads ranging from 41/2" to 133/8" O.D. It will cut either 3/16", 3%", or 34" tapered threads well within all API Standards, and can also be arranged for straight threading. Infinite taper adjustments are possible either above or below the required degree of taper to assure precision

LANDIS manufactures a wide variety of taps for the economical production of internal threads ranging from 11/4" to 133/8", either straight or tapered threads, on both stationary and rotating

spindle machines. To ensure complete information, please enclose specifications when writing.





LANDIS Machine CO.

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... right in your own plant how your production and your products can be improved with this modern fastening method. Your design and pro-

duction men can actually participate and test the results on your own products.

For full information on Nelweld as applied to steel fabrication, write the Main Office, Lorain, Ohio.

Fasten it Better ... at Less Cost, with

NELSON STUD WELDING

DIVISION OF GREGORY INDUSTRIES, INC., LORAIN, ONIO

LETTERS

TO THE EDITORS

Inside Story of Motor Ratings



A feature article of your Sept. 2 issue, "Up-Rated Motors: Bigger Insid Smaller Outside" (p. 128), covered the revised National Electrical Manufacturers Association standards for integral horsepower electric motors.

In reading the article I couldn't hel feel that it would be extremely valuable and profitable for all our sales personel in the Hoover Co.'s electric mote division. Accordingly, I wonder if would be possible to obtain 25 to 50 reprints of the article.

A. E. O merchandising manage Hoover C. Electric Motor Division North Plainfield, N.

Best by Reader Test

It is the desire of our company t subscribe to your interesting weekl publication, STEEL.

Our organization has charge of sale on forgings, stampings, screw machin products and machining for many larg companies.

As our daily work brings us into contact with all types of products made wit steel, we feel it is necessary that we regularly read the best publication covering this on the market.

Gerald N. At Hana Co Buffal

Guide for Carbon Steel Bars

The article "Guide for Selection of Carbon Steel Bars" by G. P. Witteman (Sept. 14, p. 104) was very interesting I would like to know if I could obtain tear sheets of this article and also of the next two installments.

E. Hugo Wol chief enginee St. Joseph Lead Co Bonne Terre, Mo

• A limited number of reprints of the three installments will be available shortly. A complete set will be sent at that time.—ED.

The Power To Persuade

"Grim Warning" (Aug. 17, p. 63) is great editorial! You have insight and the abilities to put into moving word your messages.

Edward A. Rumel executive secretar Committee for Constitutiona Government Inc New Yor

Metal Powder Grows Up

In your "Technical Outlook" of the July 20 issue (p. 83), it was mentioned that some of the automobile companie Please turn to page 12



NEW GRANITE CITY "BLOOMER" GOES
INTO PRODUCTION WITHOUT SHAKEDOWN

All control for main and dc auxiliary drives in the new blooming mill at Granite City Steel was supplied by Allis-Chalmers. Significantly, near capacity production started immediately... without a costly shakedown. In fact, eight days later the old mill was taken out since it was apparent that standby equipment was not needed.

Noteworthy, too, is the fact that the installation was completed on time. Controls were factory assembled, thus simplifying and speeding installation.

Progressive Granite City Steel has standardized on Allis-Chalmers electrical equipment in its large expansion program. The recently completed blooming mill is the first stage in a threestage plan. When completed, this realistic, farsighted expansion will push production to well over a million ingot tons annually.

Why not put Allis-Chalmers skill and experience to work for you? Call your nearby A-C steel mill representative or write Allis-Chalmers, Milwaukee 1, Wisconsin.

red above are some of the Chalmers control instalas at Granite City Steel.

Regulex amplifier exsets provide sensitive of for variable voltage dc

of panels for dc auxiliary

ht — Liquid rheostat prostepless speed control for hp m-g set.

ex is an Allis-Chalmers trademark.

ALLIS-CHALMERS (ALLIS-CHALMERS)





AT BOOTH 2757 NATIONAL METAL EXPOSITION **OCTOBER 19-23** CLEVELAND, OHIO

To satisfy new needs - heat treatment of the new materials, cemented carbides, high speed tool steels, etc. . . this new furnace was specially designed for heat treatment in tool rooms, die shops and for general use in research laboratories.

New Gasmaco Furnace features:

- Temperatures to 2500° F.
- Operates with controlled atmospheres
- Refractory tube heated ... CARBOFRAX by Carborundum
- Gas Fired . . . Economical
- Cylinder operated door mechanism
- Rapid, uniform heating
- Accurate control
- Flue gas eductors
- Silicon carbide hearth

Other industrial furnaces manufactured for forging and heat treating processes. Direct, Radiant Tube, or Convection Heated ... Rotary or Straight Thru Designs ... High Temperature Roller Hearth . . . Cooling Tables and Conveyors, Charging Equipment and Manipulators. and Manipulators.



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LETTERS

Concluded from page 10

were using a new metal powder in so cases to replace forgings.

Would you please give us the sour involved so that we can secure of information.

R. E. Andr purchasing engir Caterpillar Tractor Peoria,

• For further information on the me powder mentioned, write A. J. Langha mer, president, Amplex Oilite Produ Division, Chrysler Corp., Detroit.-

How To Save Manpower



In your editorial "Conserving Mapower" (July 20, p.39) you refer to company which is using tabulate equipment for the processing of quiries. This intrigues us inasmuch we have our complete accounting system on tabulating equipment and wondering if we are "missing a boat."

Would it be possible for you to adv us the name of this company? \ would like very much to be able to co tact them to see if there is somethi they are doing that would be of assi ance in the handling of our inquiries

H. W. Aus Edgecomb Steel

• The company referred to was Penton Publishing Co. In recent year the number of inquiries received from our subscribers asking for additional formation about equipment described our publications has mounted to whe it is difficult to handle these inquir manually. Also, it has been increasing difficult to find girls who are interest in this type of work. We went to Re ington-Rand and they worked out son adaptations of their machines to particular needs. We will be happy give you such information as desir about this installation.-ED.

Electrics Challenge Open Hear

We have found your article "Progre in Steelmaking: Open Hearth Challeng as More Carbon Steel Goes Electric (Aug. 24, p. 84) of extreme interest.

If there are any tear sheets of the article, we would appreciate receiving least two copies. Or two copies of t complete issue would serve our needs. Edward (

industrial power engl Metropolitan Edison Reading,

• Two sets of tear sheets have be sent.—ED.

Key Fits Many Doors

In your Aug. 24 issue we found ceptional interest in the article "Yo Key to Good Plant Discipline: T Foremen" (p. 49) by A. C. Croft. available, we would like to order 150 prints of this article for distribution our staff.

E. D. Harr administrative assis Sonotone C Elmsford.

U. S. DRILL HEAD COMPANY SAYS . . .

REJECTIONS REDUCED

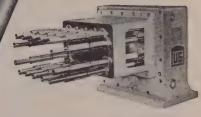
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COSTS CUT 50%

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- dles for these multiple drill-heads must be straight. rly heat-treated, straightening was a difficult, job, and rejections were high.
- v produced from STRESSPROOF, heat-treating, s attendant straightening problem, is eliminated; ability is increased 25%; wearing properties have mproved; and costs reduced 50%.
- EESSPROOF makes a better part at a lower cost.
- "ESSPROOF's value to manufacturers like U.S. Drill Head stems ts unique combination of four qualities in the bar: (1) Strength, earability, (3) Machinability, and (4) Minimum Warpage. Yet SSPROOF costs less than other quality cold-finished steel bars. les in cold-drawn or ground and polished finish.



Multiple spindle, made by U.S. Drill Head Company, Cincinnati, Ohio, uses spindles made from STRESSPROOF.

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La Salle Steel Co. 1414 150th Street Hammond, Indiana

Please send me your STRESSPROOF Bulletin.

Name

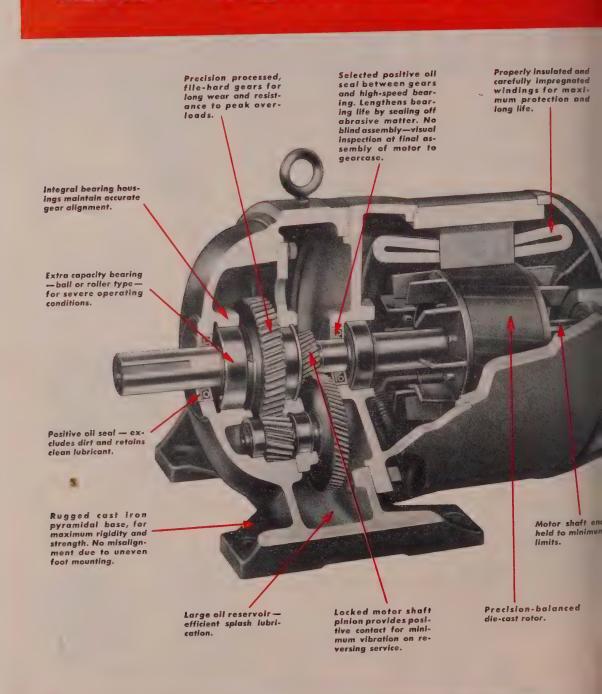
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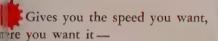
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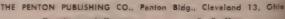
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LEADING THE INDUSTRY IN DESIGN.

IBE MILLS

FEATURE UNIVERSAL DRIVE

Etna Universal Drive

You'll notice a trend toward Etna's modern machine design. Etna has sold more Universal Drive Mills than all other manufacturers combined. The Universal Drive provides greater accuracy in the forming of the tube, and allows an easier change from the manufacture of one diameter tube to another.



PERMANENT OIL COOLED TRANSFORMER

For greater efficiency an Oil Cooled Transformer is incorporated into the machine. It is a permanent unit and never has to be replaced. Cooling with oil eliminates the necessity to dry out the transformer after each days work, which is necessary when water is used as a transformer coolant. Etna Mills . . . Built for continuous operation. Write for complete details.

Abbey

Company

3402 MAPLEWOOD AVE., TOLEDO 10, OHIO



The heaviest duty cranes made are those working in a steel mill—where three grueling shifts a day—365 days a year—with no time down for maintenance—call for truly rugged performance. This 50-ton, 75-foot-span crane, servicing an electric furnace in a large Western steel mill, was "job-engineered" for this extra heavy duty. It is just one of many cranes EDERER has designed and built for the exacting requirements of the steel industry.

EDERER—one of the largest crane manufacturers in the West—can "job-engineer" a crane to your specific materials handling requirements—no matter how rugged.

Write for Crane Bulletin CR-500

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R ENGINEERING COMPANY • 2935 First Avenue South • Seattle 4, Wash.

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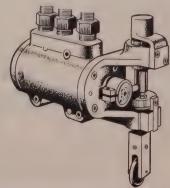
SO YEARS "JOB-ENGINEERING" CRANES FOR INDUSTRY





UNBRAKO SOCKET CAP SCREWS have knurled heads for sure grip and fast assembly; accurate hex sockets for positive, nonslip internal wrenching; fully formed threads, Class 3 fit. They are made of

heat treated alloy steel, with controlled fillet and continuous g flow, for strength; and are available in standard sizes from to 1" in a full range of lengths.



USE UNBRAKO SOCKET CAP SCREWS for compact designs to save space, weight and material on machine tools and metalworking equipment.



On textile machines, automotive equipment, electrical and electronic devices, and production machinery.



Do you really need a special Unbrako?

Before you specify a special socket screw, check Unbrako Standards. A standard Unbrako will do the same job much cheaper in most cases. You'll get better service and faster deliveries, because Unbrako socket screw products are stocked by your industrial distributor. Write for Unbrako Standards. SPS, Jenkintown 33, Pa.

UNBRAKO SOCKET SCREW DIVISION





On precision instruments, dies, jigs and fixtures, and many other applications too numerous to mention.



UNBRAKO Standards—as listed in the SPS Catalog—are stocked by leading industrial distributors everywhere.

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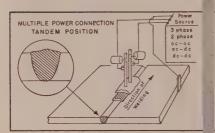
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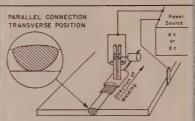
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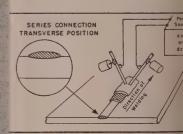
Multiple Electrode Welding

UNIONMELT Multiple Electrode welding with two or more electrodes in tandem, transverse, or other positions increases welding speeds up to three or four times faster than single electrode welding.

By using two or more electrodes in the same weld zone, magnetic reaction can be regulated to provide exceptional control over arc direction and weld shape.







Extra High-Speed Welds are made with multiple power connection and the electrodes in the tandem position. Speed is three to four times that of single electrode welding. This is particularly suited for welding long continuous seams, well-prepared and well-fitted, as in pipe, tanks, pressure vessels, and structural assemblies.

Extra Wide, High-Speed Welds are made with parallel power connection and the electrodes in the transverse position. Speed is twice as fast as for single electrode work. This is particularly useful for welding seams with gaps or other irregularities, as in center sills, ship plate, and heavy, hard-to-fit work.

Extra Shallow, Wide Welds made with the series power comtion and the electrodes in the traverse position. Speeds are mitimes faster than single electrodes work and the dilution of the depis far lower than can be produwith a single electrode. This production will open new possibilities for sfacing and cladding all kinds articles by automatic welding.

Complete Unionmelt machines are available for multiple electrode welding and all Unionmelt apparatus is designed for easy installation in any plant or factory. Linde's engineers will be glad to

determine how UNIONMELT Multiple Electrode Welding can best benefit you. Call your nearest LINDE office for more details on UNIONMELT Multiple Electrode Welding.

LINDE AIR PRODUCTS COMPANY

A Division of Union Carbide and Carbon Corporation
30 East 42nd Street New York 17, N. Y.
Offices in Other Principal Cities

In Canada: DOMINION OXYGEN COMPANY, LIMITED, Toronto



The terms "Linde" and "Unionmelt" are registered trade-marks of Union Carbide and Carbon Corporation.

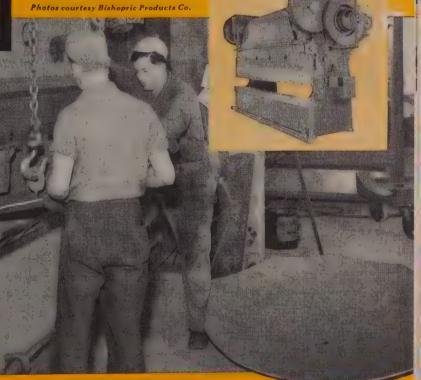
Profitable versatility for jobbing work!

Cincinnati Press Brakes are profitable for bending, punching, press work and a great variety of jobbing applications.

Cincinnati Press Brakes, with low-cost tooling, simplify difficult sheet metal and plate jobs and are versatile, profitable and busy tools in any fabricating shop.

Write for Press Brake Catalog B-4.

Dished heads, a common problem in the tank field are being formed in a range of sizes with a simple low cost die and without change in set-up.





THE CINCINNATI SHAPER CO.

CINCINNATI 25, OHIO, U.S.A.

SHAPERS . SHEARS . BRAKES



A switch to aluminum tubing for the housing of this electric drill permitted the manufacturer to capitalize on two important features of aluminum . . . its light weight and its naturally attractive finish.

The savings in weight is a direct selling point since lightness is of utmost importance in a hand tool of this kind. Furthermore, the manufacturer effected important savings in shipping costs.

Production and assembly costs were also cut since aluminum is easily fabricated and requires only simple buffing for finishing. The manufacturer, Portable Electric Tools, Inc., of Chi-

cago, Illinois, also found that permanently nonrusting aluminum will not corrode should it become nicked or worn.

In almost every industry a change to aluminum has provided manufacturing economies, improved designs and, at the same time, increased sales appeal. Ask Reynolds Aluminum Specialists to help you apply aluminum's advantages to your products and production.

Call the nearby Reynolds office listed under "Aluminum" in your classified telephone directory. Also write for complete index of design and fabrication literature. Write to Reynolds Metals Co., 2520 South Third Street, Louisville 1, Ky.

See "Mister Peepers" Sundays on NBC-TV. Consult local listing for time and station.

REYNOLDS



ALUMINUM

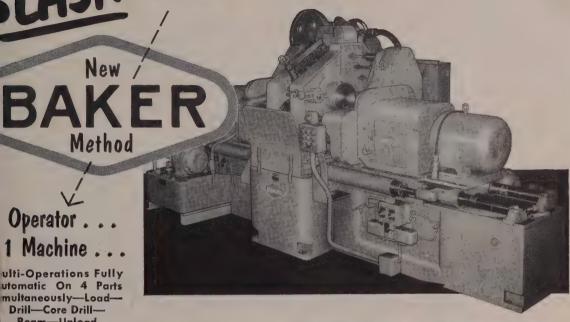
MODERN DESIGN HAS ALUMINUM IN MIND

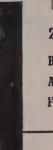
Modern Machine Tools . .

LASH PRODUCTION COSTS!

Operator. 1 Machine

ulti-Operations Fully utomatic On 4 Parts multaneously-Load-Drill-Core Drill-Ream-Unload





HE OLD METHO

2 OPERATORS . . 4 MACHINES . .

Hand Controls + Excessive Handling + Capstan And Hand Engagement Of Feed + Operator Fatigue = Low Production Rate At High Cost.

INCREASE PRODUCTIVITY .. with a NEW BAKER 'Special'

WRITE REGARDING YOUR SPECIFIC JOB PROBLEMS ...

BAKER BROTHERS, INC. Toledo, Ohio DENLING TAPPONE, VETSTATING and CONTROL GRINDING MACHINES Gives white hot steel the "kid glove" treatment



GIGANTIC MACHINES with thousands of moving parts are used to shape white hot ingots into plates and sheets. All of these hard-working machine parts are subject to intense heat . . . normal in steel manufacturing. Because of the intense heat, lubrication is a serious problem.

U. S. Steel has tried various types of greases in order to eliminate the problem of oil burn-out. Now they're using a product of Shell Research, Shell Alvania Grease. Result: better lubricating action at once. Months after the original installations, rollers were removed and an excellent film of grease was still present.

At the other extreme, zero weather caused grease in an automatic lubricating system to congeal and

become unpumpable. Shell Alvania was tried and clogging promptly stopped. This multi-purpose grease is now used extensively in low-temperature operations at U. S. Steel's Ohio Plant.

SHELL ALVANIA GREASE



- resists oxidation
- will not squeeze out
- extends periods between overhauls
- provides exceptional lubrication in high or low operating temperatures.

Shell Alvania Grease can cut down costly maintenance and save time and money in *your* plant. Write for technical information.

SHELL OIL COMPANY

50 WEST 50TH STREET NEW YORK 20, NEW YORK

100 BUSH STREET
SAN FRANCISCO 6, CALIFORNIA





Slitting Service



• If your monthly requirements of coiled strip exceed 100 tons, in many different widths and gauges, installing a Yoder slitter may not only result in worthwhile economies but in eliminating costly production bottlenecks.

Coiled strip in standard widths is obviously lower in first cost than slit-to-width strip; the sources of supply are more numerous and deliveries much quicker.

The savings effected by doing your own slit-

ting of moderate tonnages, soon pays for your investment in a Yoder slitter. Equally important, your inventory requirements and production planning are greatly simplified, as you can, from a relatively small stock of standard widths, in a few hours supply your own needs in slit strands.

The economies as well as the mechanics of slitter operation are fully discussed and illustrated in the Yoder Slitter Book, free on request.

THE YODER COMPANY • 5502 Walworth Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio

omplete Production Lines

- COLD-ROLL-FORMING and auxiliary machinery
- * GANG SLITTING LINES for Coils and Sheets
- PIPE and TUBE MILLS—cold forming and welding







Below: Block type ways are straddle keyed to the bed and ground in perfect alignment with the spindle. All working surfaces are hardened to 64-66 Rockwell "C".



ACCURACY THAT DOESN'T "WEAR OFF"

Here are two good reasons why you can count on the accuracy of Gisholt Turret Lathes—now and years from

One-piece bed and headstock, cast as a heavy, rigid unit, reduce distortion and vibration to a minimum. Headstock is jig-bored to insureand maintain-perfect alignment of spindle and drive shafts, with ample metal to provide the most solid

support possible.

Hardened steel ways are angmented by hardened steel strips secured to the ram saddle, as well as hardened steel gibs and clamps, making an assembly that is virtually wear-proof. Its accuracy is further preserved by force lubrication.

These advantages are yours for the long life of any Gisholt Turret Lathe. Ask for complete details.

THE GISHOLT ROUND TABLE represents the collective experience of specialists in the machining,

surface-finishing and balancing of round and partly round parts. Your problems are welcomed here.



Madison 10, Wisconsin

TURRET LATHES • AUTOMATIC LATHES • SUPERFINISHERS • BALANCERS • SPECIAL MACHINII

STEEL PROBLEMS?

One call gives you ALL the answers!



EIRTON STEEL COMPANY

WEIRTON, WEST VIRGINIA





What's the best block insulation for 1900F?

SUPEREX ...

with the proved record for long service!



The most widely used high temperature block insulation for over a quarter century...

SUPEREX® high temperature block insulation has long been industry's No. 1 choice for service temperatures up to 1900F. It provides major economies . . . reduces fuel costs, cuts heat losses, keeps maintenance expense down, costs less to install and has long service life.

These are the reasons why 90% of the nation's hot blast stoves are Superex insulated . . . and why the low cost open hearth steel producers use Superex in their regenerators.

Made of specially selected and calcined diatomaceous silica blended with other insulating materials and bonded with asbestos fiber, Superex will safely withstand temperatures up to 1900F with negligible shrinkage.

Superex has been used with outstanding success in all types of industrial and metallurgical furnaces and ovens, stationary and marine boilers, auxiliary power plant equipment, regenerators, kilns, roasters, high temperature mains, flues and stacks.

Superex has all these important advantages ...

Low thermal conductivity - Exceptionally high heat resistance (1900F) combined with excellent insulating value.

Light weight - Approximately 2 lb per sq ft per in thickness.

Great physical strength-Approximately 6 tons pressure per sq ft are required to compress Superex 1/8 in.

Long, efficient service life-Superex maintains high insulating value indefinitelywill not disintegrate in the service for which it is recommended.

Fast, easy application—Superex may be cut with an ordinary knife or saw for fitting around openings or to irregular surfaces. Because of its light weight and convenient sizes, Superex assures fast and economical

For complete information about Superco block insulation, write for Brochard IN-134A. Address Johns-Manville, Bon 60. New York 16, N. Y. In Canada write 199 Bay Street, Toronto 1, Ontar:



Waste is minimized with Superex b of thicknesses available. Special sh thicknesses between those shown



Johns-Manville first in



INSULATIONS



SQUARE D COMPANY

1903 . 50 YEARS OF DESIGN LEADERSHIP . 1953

NEW DRAVO LIGHT-WEIGHT MAN TROLLEY INSTALLATION BROUGHT THESE RESULTS AT PITTSBURGH COKE & CHEMICAL . . .

	NEW TROLLEY	OLD TROLLEY
Bucket Ore Load	8½ tons	5 tons
Operating Cycle	50 seconds	60 seconds
Free-digging Tonnage	600 tons/hr.	300 tons/hr.

Early in 1952, engineers at Pi burgh Coke & Chemical Compi foresaw a materials-handli problem which would arise wh a new blast furnace was added the plant's facilities. The exist materials-handling bridge wo be unable to keep up with expand operations when the new furnate began functioning. Dravo en neers were called in to discontinuous.

The result was a decision install a new Dravo light-weig man trolley which would persusing a larger bucket. This creased the bridge's capacity 1/8 the cost of a new bridge, stallation time was only 13 hou Here is how it was done.



Designed and constructed by Dravo Corporation, the new man trolley was blocked on cribbing below the bridge. Each axle was lifted 75 ft. to the trolley runway.



2 Both axles were left suspended above the runway until the trolley frame with its attached machinery house and operator's cab was hoisted, placed on runway rails and supported with the trolley jacking lugs.



The trolley frame was hoisted into place by steam-driven block-and-tackle. The trolley's all-welded construction with liberal amounts of aluminum used in the machinery house and operators' cab greatly reduced its weight.



It took only 13 hours to install the new trolley and remove the old one. With the short time the bridge was out of service, production of the two blast furnaces at the plant was not interrupted.

The installation of a Dravo light-weight man trolley on existing materials handling structures still in good structural condition is the practical way to increase the capacity of ore and coal bridges to meet growing production requirements.

The weight saving factors of the new trolley are utilized in a larger capacity bucket without increasing the over-all load on the bridge. Some of the weight-saving factors include: All-welded frame of corrosion-resistant alloy steel, an aluminum sheathed machinery house and operator's cab, heat treated axles and the use of high-strength alloy components elsewhere.

A new Dravo light-weight man trolley can step up your bridge performance.

If you have a materialshandling problem, we will be glad to discuss it with you and suggest a logical solution.



DRAVO

C O R P O R A T I O
NEVILLE ISLAND, PITTSBURGH 25, PENI

DESIGNERS and BUILDE

Bridges and Unloaders • Tower-type Union
Whirler Cranes • Floating Cranes
Dravo Rail Clamps • Barge Shifters
Modernized Trolleys for Existing Bridg



Cold Finished CARBON AND ALLOY STEEL BARS

Uniformly satisfactory in service because-Machinability is outstanding Tolerances are uniformly close Metallurgical characteristics are rigidly

OF PRODUCING STEEL

• Here's why the bars you get from Youngstown will meet your exact requirements. They're drawn from steel produced by an organization that's been making and rolling highest quality steel for 50 years.

Youngstown Cold Finished Carbon and Alloy Steel Bars are furnished in standard shapes and sizes, in both coils and straight lengths. For further information, phone or write our nearest District Sales Office.



controlled

OFFISSION COLD FINISHED CARBON AND ALLOY STEEL BARS

YOUNGSTOWN SHEET AND TUBE COMPANY Beneral Offices: Youngstown, Ohio - Export Office: 500 Fifth Avenue,

RIGHT IN THE HEAT OF THINGS

in Power Plants

... you'll find economy-minded B-L boiler enclosures in power plants all over the country. Size poses no problem: B-L engineers them all from small HRT settings to huge 10-story jobs like the one illustrated.

in Chemical Plants

... Bigelow dryer furnaces deliver a tremendous volume of hot gases—as much as 93,000,000 BTU's—at predetermined temperatures to rotary dryers. Furnaces process coal, sugar, salts, grain—any product from which moisture must be removed.

in Oil Refineries

... B-L offers a complete, one-source service of engineering, materials, and erection help for castable regenerators and pressure vessels of all kinds. Construction can be either castable, tile or a combination of the two.

(others, too!) B-L enclosures are right in the heat of things.

Write today for complete information.





BIGELOW-LIPTAK Corporation

and Bigelow-Liptak Export Corporation

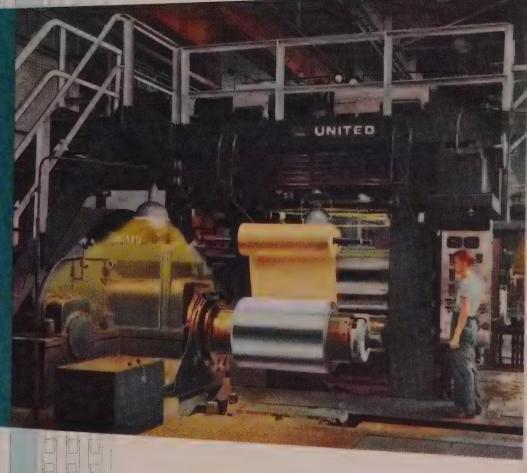
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In Canada: Bigelow-Liptak of Canada, Ltd., Toronto. Ontario

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2-HIGH TEMPER PASS MILL rolling stainless steel



Designed and Built by

STAINLESS STEEL BUILDING ENTRANCE

UNITED

ENGINEERING AND FOUNDRY COMPANY

PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA

Plants at: PITTSBURGH . VANDERGRIFT . NEW CASTLE . YOUNGSTOWN . CANTON Subsidiaries: ADAMSON UNITED COMPANY, AKRON, OHIO LOBDELL UNITED COMPANY, WILMINGTON, DELAWARE STEDMAN FOUNDRY AND MACHINE CO., INC., AURORA, INDIANA



UNITED can serve you no matter where in the world you are.

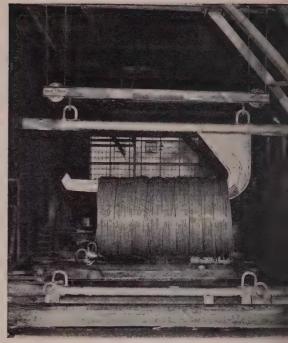
How

"Failed in 6 months"

was changed to

"Excellent condition after 5 years!"

...in one of the Nation's leading wire mills



This Weldco hook of Monel, emerging from a 12% sulphuric a solution, is carrying a 5,000 lb. load of wire. It is one of many Mohooks at the John A. Roebling's Sons Corp. The first hooks instal have already given over 5 years of service life. Other materials fai in as little as 6 months.

Back in 1948, some of the pickling hooks at John A Roebling's Sons Corp. of Trenton, N. J., were giving a service life of only six months.

This, the engineers decided, was entirely too short.

They had heard excellent reports about Weldco hooks of Monel, manufactured by the Youngstown Welding and Engineering Company—reports that told of Monel hooks still in service after ten years.

So they began replacing their hooks with corrosion-resisting Monel.

The conditions were severe. The hooks had to go through a 12% sulphuric acid solution at a temperature of 170° to 180° F. carrying a load of 4200 to 5000 lbs. of coiled wire. Each hook had to handle about 60 tons of wire a day.

Six months passed — a year — five years — the first hooks were still in service. What's more they showed practically no signs of corrosion. But the spreader beams to which the hooks were welded had started to corrode from the fumes. Since the hooks were still in excellent condition they were returned to Youngstown for new spreader beams — this time of Monel pipe. They are now back at work giving the same dependable service.

Here's why Youngstown Welding and Engineering Company use Monel for their Weldco hooks:

- Long life because of Monel's resistance to corrosion from sulphuric acid solutions and fumes.
- Light weight for easy handling because of Monel's strength.
- Ready maintenance because of the fabricated construction and Monel's weldability.
- No breakage because of Monel's ductility.
- Extra heavy loads because of Monel's strength.

Tough corrosion-resisting Monel equipment can help increase the efficiency of your own pickling room. Monel crates, racks, chains, hooks, and accessories are used by many of the nation's leading plants to give increased payloads and longer service life. For more information on how Monel can help you, write for "Where Monel Pays Its Way in Pickling."

It is advisable to place equipment orders with your supplier well in advance of scheduled use. Distributors of Inco Nickel Alloys can supply the latest information on availability from warehouse and mill.

THE INTERNATIONAL NICKEL COMPANY, INC. 67 Wall Street, New York 5, N. Y.

Inco Nickel Alloys

MONEL® • "R"® MONEL • "K"® MONEL
"KR"® MONEL • "S"® MONEL • INCONEL® • INCONEL "X"®
INCONEL "W"® • INCOLOY® • NIMONIC® ALLOYS • NICKEL
LOW CARBON NICKEL • DURANICKEL®



Mone ... for minimum maintenance



Metalworking

Outlook

The Tax Problems

Expect a government decision on taxes by December. Staff experts from the Treasury department and Congress are trying to reach agreements now on an omnibus tax measure that will go in the House hopper in January. The big decisions are what to do about: The \$5 billion a year in federal revenue that will be lost when the excess profits tax expires and a 10 per cent individual income tax cut goes into effect Jan. 1; our irrational excise system depreciation reform; and regular corporate taxes.

The Tax Solutions

As it looks now, no new excess profits tax will go into effect and nothing will be done to restore the 10 per cent cut in income levies. The excise system will probably be widely revamped. Watch for a general tax on all manufactured products except food and medicines at the manufacturers' level to replace the present hodgepodge of excises. An estimated 4.5 per cent levy would bring in enough revenue to match the income from the old excises. But that 4.5 per cent may be hiked a point or two to make up for part of the \$5-billion loss in income and excess profits taxes. Expect partial reform on depreciation procedures, but don't look for any drop in the regular 52 per cent corporate tax rate.

Earnings, Savings High

Political considerations rule out any personal income tax hikes, even though earnings and savings are still high. Individuals saved \$3.7 billion in liquid form in the second quarter of 1953, according to the latest figures of Securities & Exchange Commission. That compares with \$2.9 billion in the first quarter and \$1.4 billion in the second quarter of 1952. The April-June figure may well be the high for this year, although the national average income before taxes in 1953 is certain to exceed \$4460, the 1950 total which is the latest available.

They Guarantee Wages

Warehouse & Distribution Workers Local 688 of AFL's Teamsters Union have negotiated 20 contracts with St. Louis employers which provide a guarantee of 2000 hours of work per year for the five-year duration of the contracts. Edwin Shields Hewitt & Associates, Libertyville, Ill., point out that the contracts get around one of the problems with guaranteed wages (p. 46) by assuring work for the "normal" work force, not all employees. Eligibility for coverage is based on seniority.

Social Benefits in 1960

Social Security Administration actuaries conservatively anticipate that 18 million to 24 million persons will be drawing benefit checks 50 years from now. The total cost of the program will range from \$12 billion to \$16 billion annually. By 1960 they expect that the 1952 total of 3.8 million

Metalworking

Outlook

beneficiaries will have increased to 7.4 million. They also believe that if employment continues high and cost factors such as fertility, mortality, retirement and remarriage rates are favorable, the trust fund will reach some \$3.5 billion in 2050.

Sign of the Times

An aircraft company wants to diversify into the nonmilitary field. Bell Aircraft Corp., Buffalo, wants SEC approval to acquire control of American Wheelabrator & Equipment Corp., Mishawaka, Ind. The Indiana firm is a subsidiary of Equity Corp., a New York investment company which also controls Bell. The transaction, which Equity approves, would involve a shift in control of American Wheelabrator from Equity to Bell.

Negotiation and Antitrust Cases

Negotiated settlements will be reached wherever possible in an effort to clean up the big backlog of antitrust cases now docketed in the Justice department. Attorney General Herbert Brownell seeks to get current so as to clear the way for bringing new antitrust actions. Since he took office last January the department has filed eight new civil and 16 new criminal antitrust suits, a record, he says, that refutes "charges that the administration would favor big business."

More Splash in Shipbuilding?

Watch for a mild spurt in American shipbuilding. U.S. shipyards will find it easier to build merchant vessels for foreign operators under a new set of rules issued by the Maritime Administration. All restrictions on such construction are lifted except those aimed at preventing the ships from trading with Iron Curtain countries or ending up in Communist hands. Regulations were relaxed because of easier steel supplies and a drop in domestic demand for new vessels.

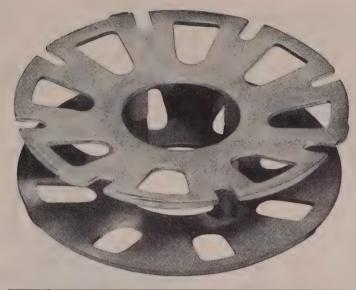
Straws in the Wind

The petroleum industry along the Texas Gulf Coast will spend \$190 million for expansion during the next two years, the Houston Chamber of Commerce believes . . . McLouth Steel Corp. purchased a six-stand, 60-inch hot strip mill from Mesta Machine Co. . . . Production of Henry J's will be resumed Oct. 26 following signing of a contract by Kaiser Motors Corp. and United Auto Workers—CIO; limited operations are expected until model changeover is completed late this year . . . Leaks cost the nation \$2 billion a year, estimates C. A. Benoit Jr., president of Permatex Co. Inc.

This Week in Metalworking

Leasing is no cure-all for all marketing problems, but it merits investigation (p. 45)... Despite anticipated further reductions in the steel ingot rate, steel executives see satisfactory business ahead (p. 47)... Republic Steel Corp.'s expanded steelmaking operations will be a basis for continued diversification (p. 48)... Power-driven saw makers see a cut in 1953 sales—\$10.5 million compared to \$12.3 million in 1952—but the volume still stacks up well with the \$10.7 million rate in 1951 (p. 49)... American industry spends \$9-\$10 million a year on packaging materials and services (p. 51).

tainless Steel ampings ave Money





pilot rings (at top) for an oil-fired circulating heater and disintegrated—sometimes after only a few is service. The rings wouldn't stand up at cherry-red and replacements were expensive.

increase service life of the pilot ring and reduce maintenance, the manufacturer replaced the castings he stamped assembly shown below. This unit is made (gage Armco 17, Type 430, stainless steel strip and high diameter Armco 17 spacer rods. The new parts about one-third as much as the castings.

didreds of stainless steel applications in high temit re jobs show that the manufacturer can expect to ar more in replacement expense than the additional cost of the stainless steel. Moreover, he will have a new quality sales point.

STAINLESS STEELS TO SUIT CONDITIONS

Armco 17 does well in most fiery jobs—withstands temperatures up to 1550 degrees F without destructive scaling. Yet there are numerous other stainless grades for more severe service than in this oil burner. Certain grades will resist temperatures up to 2000 degrees F. Others have especially high tensile and creep strengths at elevated temperatures. For information on how to select a stainless steel for high temperature service write for the booklet, "Armco Stainless Steels for Heat Resistance."

ARMCO STEEL CORPORATION

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Equally important is the fast release of the load at the point of discharge. EC&M Automatic-Discharge Magnet Controllers are adjustable to suit material handled and size of magnet; adjustment permits compensation for voltage variation. This exclusive EC&M feature cuts down the time between magnet-trips.

For topmost performance, specify EC&M Lifting Magnets. The high return quickly repays the low initial cost.

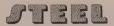
advantages of ALL-WELDED magnets

- 1. Sealed against entrance of moisture.
- 2. No pole-shoe tightening maintenance.
- 3. Better proportion of coil space.
- 4. High lifting capacity throughout magnet life.

write for bulletin 900



ELECTRIC CONTROLLER & MFG. CO. CLEVELAND 4, OHIO 98 EAST 79TH STREET



October 19, 1953



Essential for Peace

In the confusion concerning world affairs major emphasis seems to be placed upon the differences between the attitudes of rulers or governments rather than upon the feelings—cordial or hostile—of the great masses of people. In tremendous areas of the world, the official voice of government represents the view of a dictator, a minority leader or a usurper whose ideas have little or no connection with the interests of the people he should represent.

This situation deserves more attention than it has received because it is a fundamental obstacle to world peace. We cannot hope to enjoy international tranquillity as long as millions of persons in dozens of nations are in no position to speak for themselves.

Many American visitors to far-off places throughout the world probably have noted the plight of the forgotten millions, but it has remained for Trygve Lie, former secretary-general of the United Nations, to spell out the bitter truth in unforgettable words. In a recent meeting in connection with the United Jewish Appeal in Cleveland he made this sober, profound and provocative statement:

"Most human beings are hungry today most of the time; more than half of the people in the world are illiterate; half the world's population is constantly ill and expects to die before the age of 35; almost two-thirds of the people of the world have a per capita income of less than \$100 a year; most of the peoples cannot afford decent clothing, housing and recreation; hundreds of millions are kept in conditions of bondage and peonage not far from slavery."

Experienced world travelers, who penetrated beyond the show places of big cities, know that Mr. Lie's appraisal is painfully accurate. To hundreds of millions the next meal is infinitely more important than whether they live under communism or capitalism, or whether they are enslaved or free.

In the United States and some other countries the standard of living is increasing. In almost all others it is standing still or decreasing. We cannot enjoy world peace until the "have-nots" begin to see a chance of catching up with the "haves."

E. C. Charles
EDITOR-IN-CHIEF

COLOR METALLOGRAPHY:

Specialists in powder metals research at Firth Sterling Inc., Pittsburgh, were exploring the possibilities of color metallography in helping

them to learn more about sintered carbides. When ordinary methods did not yield the results they desired, they developed a heat tinting technique that opens up new avenues for studying

structure-property relationships. By means of this new technique, each constituent and phase present in multicarbide mixtures can be identified in color photomicrographs at 1500 diameters.

We believe metallographers and metallurgists will be interested not only in the details of the heat tinting procedure developed by Firth Sterling but also in the excellent colored photomicrographs of mixed carbides reproduced on pp. 93-96. Note that tungsten carbide grains are gray, tantalum carbide areas are yellow and the cobalt matrix is blue.

This unusual presentation is made possible by the co-operation of Firth Sterling Inc., Eastman Kodak Co., John P. Smith Printing Co., the art department and Penton Press Division of the Penton Publishing Co. and the editors of STEEL.

OHIO'S JUNIOR SENATOR:

Throughout the nation many persons are wondering what to expect from the new junior senator from Ohio who has just been named by Gov. Frank Lausche to serve the unexpired term of the late Sen. Robert A. Taft. The appointee, Thomas A. Burke, has been mayor of Cleveland for nine years, having held the office longer than any other person. Lausche and Burke nominally are Democrats, but they manage to win the support of many Republicans.

One reason for their popularity is that they thumb their noses at the Democratic party machine bosses. Another is that they are almost as independent of "new deal" and "fair deal" national organizations as they are of local political bosses. Still another reason why they win votes is that while they are fair to unions, they do not permit union leaders to throw their weight around.

Thomas Burke will be more inclined to support constructive Eisenhower programs than to hinder them.

OUR LEVIES MODERATE: In current discussions of foreign trade problems many persons take it for granted that duties on imports to the United States are high. American Tariff League Inc. has made a study of custom duties levied by scores of nations (p. 55) and its findings are that the United States has more moderate tariffs than most countries.

In 1952, United States imports totaled \$10,-745 million on which custom duties of \$575 mil-

lion were collected. This is a duty of 5.3 per cent per dollar of imports. In 1951, this ratio for the United States was 5.1, whereas for Chile it was 46.3, for United Kingdom 25.6, France 10.6, Italy 8.4, Belgium 2.9 and Japan 1.6. From 1937 to 1951 these ratios changed by the following percentages: Chile +21, United Kingdom +20, France -43, Italy -29, United States -68, Belgium -50 and Japan -65.

On the basis of these figures, we're not as black as some critics contend.

NEW LABOR SECRETARY: President Eisenhower's appointment of James P. Mitchell to succeed Martin P. Durkin as secretary of labor came as something of a surprise. Right up to the last minute there had been hints that the job would go to Harold Stassen.

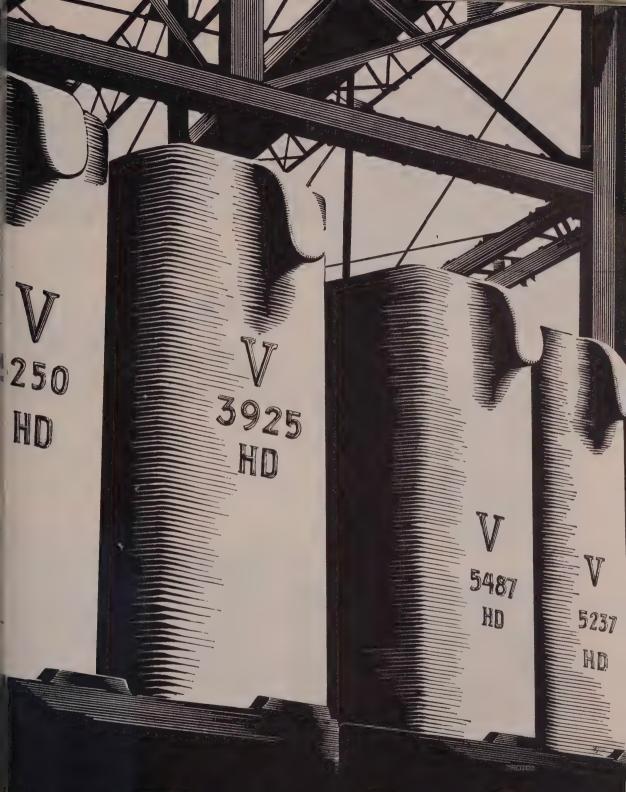
Mitchell takes up his new duties with two qualifications which should work in his favor. First, as an assistant secretary of the army and with a decade of experience in jobs in the federal government he should know his way around the intricacies of Washington officialdom. Secondly, as industrial relations director of two metropolitan department stores, he has had valuable and extensive experience in dealing with unions. It is rather significant that CIO President Walter Reuther says that Mitchell "has a good reputation among labor people who have dealt with him across the bargaining table."

Respect from both sides should help him in his difficult job.

ACCENT ON AUTOMATION:

Recently Ray H. Sullivan, vice president and group executive of Ford Motor Co., declared that when Ford's present plants in Brook Park and contemplated plants in Brook Park and Walton Hills are completed, these Cleveland suburban operations will constitute the second largest industrial concentration in the Ford empire. "Only the Rouge plant at our headquarters in Dearborn (Mich.) will be larger."

Mr. Sullivan indicated that automation will be developed vigorously in the Cleveland plants. "Automation," he said, "permits for better use and design of machine tools. Conveying and loading mechanisms now can be built to serve the full capacity of the tool. Thus, in addition to direct labor savings, this new technique gives us great improvements in mechanical efficiency."



ALLEY MOULD AND IRON CORP.

General Offices: HUBBARD, OHIO

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For Special Operations in Steel Mills...



Major Advantages in Leasing Capital Equipment

For the Equipment User:

- It postpones large capital outlay, but permits the use of modern equipment at low initial cost.
- Equipment can be tested under leasing plants, by-passing the risk of buying the wrong machine.
- 3. It minimizes problems of maintenance.
- 4. The cost of leasing can be deducted as a business expense.

For the Equipment Maker:

- 1. Rentals come in regularly, leveling off the income cycle.
- 2. Rentals may bring greater total income than outright sale.
- 3. Leasing can help expand the sale of supplies used with the leased items.
- 4. Markets can be expanded by leasing equipment to companies which cannot afford to buy it.

lasing: A Competitive Vitamin?

Many companies particularly those short of working capital, are investigating leasing's advantages. Pressure mounts for clarification of tax angle

CING for new methods to imre your position as the competilets rougher?

the angle to explore is equipolate leasing, either if you're an ment builder or user. "Leasman as definitely put more of our ment into the market," says if & Towne Mfg. Co. It leases ials handling trucks made at illadelphia and Chicago profin facilities. One metalworks may saved \$50,760 a year by ing from 45 salesman-owned to leasing.

k Before You Leap—Leasing any advantages for both the and lessee (see the accoming lists). But industrialists ave studied the the proposition dvise: Don't jump into the quickly.

rest headache has been the sue which revolves around estion of whether the transis a bona fide lease or a onal sale. Most leasing procarry an "option to pur-

chase" arrangement—and there's where the trouble arises. The Treasury department has stated: "If there is any considerable disparity in the remaining amount to be paid for equipment and the fair market value at the time the option to purchase is exercised, Treasury department policy would be to consider the transaction a sale."

Ambiguous—There's much room for haggling within those boundaries. Machinery & Allied Products Institute's Council for Technological Advancement cites the need to clarify the issues.

Another major difficulty with leasing arises as a result of one of its major advantages—that rental costs may be deducted from profits as a business expense. Leasing costs are usually much higher than the depreciation that may be charged against profits when a machine is purchased outright, so that situation has given a forced-draft life to leasing in this era of high taxes. If taxes go down, would

the use of leasing shrivel up like a spent balloon? Some companies think so—for example, Warner & Swasey Co., machine tool manufacturer, which comments: "We feel that in view of the end of excess profits tax and the predicted adoption of a more realistic depreciation program the hue and cry for leasing will decline." Other business executives believe that taxes will never go down far enough to eliminate all of leasing's tax exempt attraction.

The History—Leasing's not new; several companies have been leas-

MACHINE TOOL USERS

14.0% NOW RENT SOME

11.9% Interested in Renting

ing equipment for years. But the practice is the exception, not the rule, among both equipment makers and users and probably always will be. A STEEL survey of 2000 machine tool users shows the quantity of leased equipment is relatively small. Since the figures also include tools leased from the government, the total for commercially rented equipment is even smaller.

American Machine & Foundry Co. and International Business Machines Corp. are two veterans in the leasing field. The former leases cigar-making machines, pretzel equipment, bowling pin setters and other devices. IBM leases business machines. Several financing firms also have had long and wide experience purchasing equipment from manufacturers and then leasing it. Rentco Inc., Philadelphia, is one.

The Participants—Other companies are just getting into the program. Remington Rand Inc. just announced a leasing plan for its products. Kearney & Trecker Corp., Milwaukee, maker of milling machines, started leasing this year and expects to rent out more than \$1 million worth of equipment in 1954. Falk Corp., Milwaukee, leases from other manufacturers commercial and industrial trucks.

Leasing plans vary, but Rentco's is typical of most. It has a maximum period of nine and a half years and a minimum commitment of five years, after which a lessee may cancel his contract under certain options. The leasing rates, based upon the original cost of the equipment, are as follows: 39 per cent for the first year, 30 per cent for the second year, 21 per cent the third, 16 per cent the fourth, 12 per cent the fifth and after that the rates jump down a sliding scale to slightly more than 4 per cent.

Leasing is no cure-all, can even result in some expensive tax difficulties and may decline in popularity in direct ratio to a decline in taxes. But it is a way for small or other companies short of capital to equip themselves with modern tools of production at low initial outlay. In the leaner times ahead, businessmen agree, that factor may give a big boost to leasing—to the benefit of equipment builders, users and the nation's economy generally.

Guaranteed Wage: An Unattainable Ideal

U. S. Chamber of Commerce study suggests the nation dynamic economy prohibits such a plan. What's real wanted, it says, is a more stable prosperity

THE GUARANTEED annual wage—it's not the "cure-all" against depressions that its connotation carries to many. In reality, the guaranteed wage clamor is a demand for adequate job opportunities and high-level employment—both are areas in which much progress has been made and in which industry must maintain its aggressiveness.

Those are the conclusions reached in a comprehensive study of the guaranteed wage problem by the U. S. Chamber of Commerce. Although a few companies have had a guaranteed wage plan in effect for many years, the program has not gained wide acceptance.

What Is It?—Entitled the "Economics of the Guaranteed Wage," the study points out that part of the controversy and ambiguity of the guaranteed wage is that there is no single acceptable definition of it. Just what is to be guaranteed is not definitely known. Some plans guarantee a stated amount of



More Power per Pound

Billed as "the world's first completely inner-cooled" generator by Westinghouse Electric Corp., this 100,000-kilowatt giant is headed for Niagara Mohawk Power Corp., Buffalo. At 350,000 pounds, it's about 150,000 pounds lighter than the average unit of equal power. Coolant is hydrogen gas

wages for a specific period, other a certain amount of work without mention of paycheck sizes; other plans may mean certain immunifrom complete layoff. Practical all, however, provide definite eceptions, exemptions and suspessions in the guarantees.

One of the over-all problems is volved in the guaranteed was question is our constantly changing economy. One of the stated unipurposes of the plan is to redulate a mobility. The C of C post the question whether this is possible or desirable with the constantifts in location and developm in industry brought about by templogical innovations, new process, materials and machines white necessitate employment changes.

Theoretical, But — The curred CIO guaranteed wage theory to jobs make payrolls, payrolls makes and markets more jobs as a germ of truth, the study substitution of truth, the study substitution of the sequence of the property of the sequence of the sequen

Tying the guaranteed wage of gram to the unemployment inpensation program is also sugited by proponents. The C of C p its out that, in addition to the gal questions involved, such a plai as many pitfalls. For example, we is no scientific way of determing what the exact level of be its or guaranteed wage should be. Inder some union proposals the granteed wage would be as attrive or nearly as attractive as 1 ges paid for working which would estroy any incentive to work a li-

20 Out of 2600—A Bureau Labor report in 1952 showed thout of 2600 collective agreements udied, only 184 provided some kilof a guarantee. Of these only 2000 ering 12,000 workers, guar eed wages or employment for sub-

statial part of the year or tloughout the year.

usiness executives, the C of C see, who have adopted a private ranteed wage plan stress that guarantee is the result of natistability or prior regularization policies and programs. The rantee is incidental, especially the most companies reserve the six to terminate it.

asic Desire—"There is reason believe," the report concludes, tat if we maintain reasonably the prosperity in the years ad, this is what the American cole want and will settle for."

Halthy Slowdown Seen

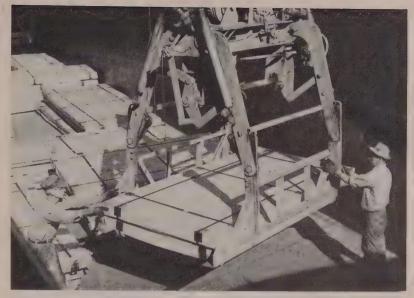
L. Ryerson predicts 85 to 90 or cent operating rate at Chiago AISI meeting

SINS of sharpening competition appearing in steel should be treemed by the industry, declared Edward L. Ryerson, chairs of the executive committee, In ad Steel Co., Chicago, at the oping session of the 1953 Chicago regional technical meeting of a American Iron and Steel Instite, Oct. 8.

r. Ryerson said veterans of the steel industry are amused to be less-experienced steelmen beauting the fact that operating that have dropped to 95 per cent capacity. In many prewar yets 80 per cent operations were coridered good.

halthier Though Slower—Anythis around 90 per cent of catalog is healthier than the 100 to 110 per cent levels that have maintained in recent years, in Ryerson said. The bite of concettion alerts the industry to house and to find ways and mens of eliminating waste and including efficiency.

Fealling his prediction earlier hisyear that operations probably old shrink to between 85 and 90 cent of capacity in fourth later, Mr. Ryerson said present actions are that won't happen. The expects to see this come in first quarter next year. It is this, he maintains, the interpretable to a hy condition.



First Barge Shipment from New Allenport Mill

First barge shipment of sheet steel from Pittsburgh Steel Co.'s new hot-rolled sheet mill at Allenport, Pa., gets ready to head down the Ohio river to the Mississippi and across the Intracoastal Canal on a 2257-mile trip to Houston. A total of 138 packages of sheet steel in various gages will make the journey

Honeycutt Predicts Good Steel Business in Future

WHILE over-all steel supply has finally overtaken demand, there are reasonable assurances of good business in steel for at least a few years to come. So said J. V. Honeycutt, Bethlehem Steel Co., Bethlehem, Pa., speaking before the National Association of Sheet Metal Distributors and National Wholesale Hardware Association joint meeting held in Atlantic City, N. J.

Good Signs — The basic demand factors Mr. Honeycutt referred to

An enormous demand for new highways which will require an estimated \$7 billion per year for the next few years for construction and maintenance; population increases which indicate \$20 billion will be needed to provide adequate school facilities in the 1950-1960 decade; post-defense expansion plans of industry, based on an analysis of nearly 100 of the country's largest corporations, forecast capital improvement spending in 1954 and 1955 at a rate of about 80 per cent of the 1952 level; the repair, replacement and improvement market in the residential home field will be the largest ever; and the replacement market for

automobiles and appliances will be greater than ever before.

More Per Person—Mr. Honeycutt also pointed to growing steel consumption which is increasing at a faster rate than the population. "In 1951, 1365 pounds of steel ingots were produced for every person in the country. This year it is estimated per capita consumption will amount to 1400 pounds." This trend can continue through the creation of new demand for new products and new applications for steel mill products, he said.

Lee J. Haines, E. E. Souther Iron Co., St. Louis, was elected president of the National Association of Sheet Metal Distributors.

Iron, Steel Wages Still High

Total employment and average hourly wage payments in the iron and steel industry in August continued close to the record highs in July, the American Iron & Steel Institute reports. August hourly wages averaged \$2.318 or 0.8 cent higher than July and employment was estimated at 695,600, down 400 from July.

The total industry payroll for the month was estimated at \$287 million.

REPUBLIC STEEL EXPANSION

. . . a base for growing diversification

	19	31 Jan. 1, 1953
By-product Coke Ovens	545	1228
Blast Furnaces	. 13	22
Open Hearths		78*
Bessemer Converters		2
Electric Furnaces		26
Steelmaking Capacity (tons) 5,5		10,262,000

^{*}Many existing open hearths increased in size.

REPUBLIC STEEL CORP. has paused to take a look at itself as the U. S. steel industry girds for its first buyers' market in four years.

In a booklet entitled "Enterprise in Steel," Republic details its 84 per cent growth in basic steel production outlined in the table above. Calling the "light" steels (as contrasted with "heavy" rails, plates, and structurals) and alloy steels the "steels of tomorrow," Republic boasts an advance from a 50 per cent share of such production in 1926 to a 64 per cent share in 1950 as the largest single producer.

Mine to Market—Equally important is Republic's diversification in eight manufacturing divisions which currently employ 11,000 of the company's 70,000 total workforce. These include facilities for manufacture of kitchen cabinets (now under Republic's own name), exterior building panels, residential steel doors, steel buildings and windows, office equipment, radio antennas, drums and lockers, metal lathing and others.

In addition to those primarily steel fabricating operations, Republic produces a large share of U. S. output of titanium shapes and forms made from titanium sponge. An iron powder plant at Toledo, O., will have a capacity of 25 tons a day when in full operation next year. Republic will thus supply a large share of that domestic market also. Acquisition of the Owings-Sharpe Inc. plant at Magnolia, Ark., makes Republic a plastic pipe producer, too.

Double Profits-C. M. White, Re-

public president, told the Cleveland Society of Security Analysts that Republic's steel fabricating plants have been getting 18 per cent of the company's output under the recent emergency operations and "netting us a double profit." As other demands on Republic decline, Mr. White said, "we can feed more steel, perhaps as much as 40 per cent of our capacity, to these plants. This obviously would affect our profits."

At that, the corporation has not done badly in sales and income thus far in 1953. Sales and revenues for the first nine months of 1953 are \$895 million, only \$30 million short of last year's total take and indicating a new record year for Republic in 1953. The company did better than \$1 billion worth of business in 1951. Net income for this year's third quarter was \$14,048,033 compared to \$5,158,092 in 1952 when income was affected by the big two-month steel strike.

Calm and Unafraid — Mr. White refused to "view with alarm" the easing off in steel production rates, which, he said, might well drop to 85 per cent or 80 per cent, or less. He pointed out: "At 90 per cent of today's capacity more steel would be produced than at 100 per cent operation in 1951 and 80 per cent of the steel industry's current capacity is well over the total capacity of 1946."

Republic's operating rate for the third quarter, 1953, was 93.4 per cent of capacity and for the first nine months of this year, 98.9 per cent of capacity.

Kaiser Steel's Net Shows Gain

Kaiser Steel Corp.'s unaudi earnings for the quarter end Sept. 30 were up 57 per cent of a year ago, Henry J. Kaiser, prodent, announces. Earnings total over \$2.6 million, equal to 64 ceper share of common stock af payment of preferred dividends.

The increased earnings reflictereased steel ingot product from the ninth open hearth furnat the Fontana, Calif., mill who started operations in Janua 1953, and from substantial shuments from the new tin plate which began operations a year a

Heavy Presses Find Home

Kaiser Aluminum & Chemi Corp., Halethorpe, Md., and Harv Machine Co., Torrance, Calif., v operate two heavy extrusion prees each, says the Air Force.

Harvey is to construct its of facilities to house two presses at the Air Force will complete of struction of the government owned facility already partial constructed at the Kaiser-operate plant at Halethorpe. Thus a to of six of the previously plans nine extrusion presses will be cerated by the following companies

Freight Cars: And Goal To Go

Government pressure to get nation's Class I railroads to m the 1,850,000 freight car goal for July 1, 1954, is mounting

James K. Knudson, defect transport administrator, has issue an "urgent request" that orders new freight cars be stepped up meet the goal. Current owner totals about 1,774,000 cars STEEL, Sept. 21, p.96) which make about 76,000 cars are still need.

Orders have not been kee g pace with the goal even though le government has been granting r id tax amortization. The next st if the program is not stepped up r.

dson related, will be to place matter in the hands of the Interestate Commerce Commission. I last resort would be to ask gress to appropriate money for additional car purchase.

e eral Research Funds Drop

ederal funds for scientific rech and development programs respected to decline in fiscal 9, National Science Foundation rts. Estimated obligations for 9 are \$2074 million compared \$2187 million in 1953; excitures are estimated at \$2187 on in 1954 compared with 205 million in 1953.

re two largest items in the ram are for the Defense dependent with obligations of \$1556 on and expenditures of \$1636 on and the Atomic Energy mission with obligations of million and expenditures of million estimated for fiscal

inlanes: More Zip and Zoom

current engines of 300,000 hp, to the combined power of diesel locomotives, are being eted by aircraft experts. This r and problems of flying tolocow's jet and rocket planes discussed by designers at the local Aeronautic Meeting in Sangeles.

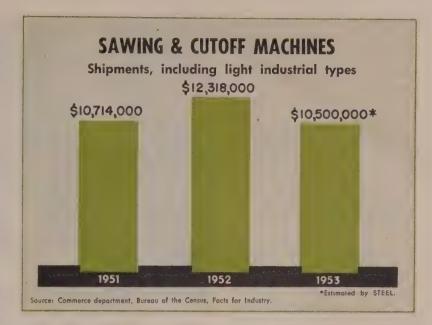
M'Growing Pains: Smog

Te smog issue has erupted in sangeles again with public ofice joining the man in the street emanding more action from lating agencies.

ordon P. Larson, director of Jounty Air Pollution Control stct, states that action in the rive years "has resulted in a reduction in air contamination."

But LA's growth of 190,ersons annually and \$1 billion
we industry in the past five
have increased the problem."

A. V. Haagen-Smit, Calin Institute of Technology, that automobile exhaust vaspour 800 tons of pollutants he LA skies daily. He urges rel revision of the city's transion system to cut down gasoumes.



Saw Makers Take a Cut

Sales for some segments of the saw machine industry will dip this year. Heavier types will be hardest hit. But the drop won't be critical unless foreign competition gets worse

POWER-DRIVEN SAW makers see a cut in sales coming but they're not discouraged.

Dollar shipments will drop about 15 per cent in 1953 from 1952 for sawing and cutoff machines, including light industrial types but excluding contour and band saws. That will leave sales of about \$10.5 million, a healthy volume indeed.

Follow the Trend — Like most machinery and equipment manufacturers, power-sawing machine producers have been enjoying wartime forced-draft sales. Now builders will have to settle for fewer sales and more competition. Heaviest chips will fall from dollar sales of heavy-duty machines, such as inserted or solid tooth rotary saws which have blades ranging up to six feet in diameter and a half-inch thick. Such machines are intended for use in steel mills or similar tough-duty applications.

Lighter sawing machines intended for woodworking or home workshop use won't feel the cut in sales much this year as these units have a wider variety of applications and are less expensive. Sales of contour sawing and band saw machines, for example, are expected to hold fairly even with

1952 when shipments amounted to \$8,933,000.

A Challenger-In fact, DoAll Co., Des Plaines, Ill., is optimistic about its sales outlook for a new line of band saws which it expects to introduce at the American Society for Metal's show in Cleveland this week. The unit is described as a heavy-duty, faster-cutting band saw capable of improving rate of cut on 1020 steel, for example, from 2 or 3 square inches per minute to 9 through 15 square inches per minute. The saw is designed as a production tool and will perform many milling cutter operations as well as the ordinary splitting, slitting, and slotting functions.

General metalworking companies form the largest market for metal cutting saws of all types, taking approximately 50 per cent of the output. Foundries and nonferrous fabricators are prime markets and farm implement and electric motor manufacturers are large users. The automotive industry, surprisingly, uses fewer separate saw machines for plain sawing than any other segment of metalworking. That's because their saws are integral parts of other equipment.

Efficiency and Life-Saw blades

represent a distinct segment of the power saw industry. There are 2 or 3 manufacturers of blades for every saw machine producer. These blade makers expect to do about \$35 million worth of business in 1953, about the same as last year.

New basic blade developments have been slow in coming, though there are constant refinements in tooth design and heat treatment to increase blade efficiency and blade life,

One factor which might well upset the saw machine makers' future is foreign competition. Since World War II foreign manufacturers haven't been cultivating the American market but there are signs that is to change. Modern circular sawing originated in Germany. Presently, two German, two British, one Italian and one French firm export to the U.S. market. One U. S. manufacturer of circular saw machines already reports "extreme" foreign competition based on lower prices made possible through lower European wage rates.

Hope It Stays—When asked for his company's business outlook, Fred L. Pfischner, secretary, E. T. Lippert Saw Co., Pittsburgh, said: "The outlook is pretty good because of all the different uses of saws. I hope it stays that way."

Mr. Pfischner knows, as do other saw makers, that the major problem now facing the industry will be one of getting customers rather than simply trying to satisfy delivery demands. That prospect, however, is no more somber for power saw machine makers than for builders of any other type of machinery.

PMI Highlights Labor Topics

Samuel P. Hull, vice president, Worcester Stamped Metal Co. of Worcester, Mass., was elected president of the Pressed Metal Institute at the organization's tenth anniversary meeting in Philadelphia.

Highlights of the four-day sessions included a panel discussion on wage incentives and talks on labor relations problems. The appointment of R. W. Breckenridge as technical director of PMI's new technical and engineering department was also announced.



H. J. Trenkamp, Cleveland, left, re-elected president of Gray Iron Found Society, presents society's gold medal to Frank G. Steinebach, editor of Found

Use More Research, Gray Iron Founders Urged

KNOW WHAT you are doing. Don't guess. Use research to eliminate the guesswork!

That's a suggestion given members of the Gray Iron Founders' Society Inc. by Francis L. Fletcher, a partner in the management consultant firm of Alderson & Sessions, Philadelphia, when he appeared before them at their 25th anniversary meeting in St. Louis.

Look Ahead—Don't be content with what you are doing today. Try to look ahead and see what the markets will be, what they will need. What's a good market today for castings may fade out ere long. And a market that you might not even dream of today may be uncovered for the future by good research, Mr. Fletcher pointed out.

An Ohio foundryman at the meeting knew what Mr. Fletcher meant by the emergence of new markets. The foundryman, who has been depending largely on the automotive and appliance industries for orders for castings, now finds the youthful air conditioning industry a rapidly swelling source of business. For a while, he was supplying a few hundred castings a month to producers of window air conditioners. In the last month or two the number has been stepped up to the tens of thousands. And what has surprised this Ohio foundryman is how far ahead of next summer the jump in castings demand has co from makers of window air co tioners.

Road to Success—"The commiss that have been successful the past and those that will be a cessful in the future are comparable which have made a concerted of to gather facts in terms of with the developments will mean then have guided their managem judgment on the basis of the facts," Mr. Fletcher asserted.

Citing the growing importa of research, Mr. Fletcher poin out that expenditures in this co try for research now total \$2.9 lion annually, compared with \$ million in 1941.

Know the Cost—Along with search, a foundry needs a g cost system, C. R. Culling, pr dent, Carondelet Foundry Co., Louis, said.

"I don't want to imply that a constraint of your system is a cure-all for all of you lills, but it will make you feel see in the knowledge that you have least assembled the informathat tells you, within reason limitations, where you are goinand how fast," Mr. Culling gested.

A Look at Shell Molding—porting on some of the techn progress in the foundry indu. T. W. Curry, director of manturing research, Lynchburg Fo

to., Lynchburg, Va., said, "Some ings seem to be 'naturals' for l molding, while others presunforeseen problems, and the er group may not prove to uitable for the process.

We see great possibilities for foundry industry in shell moldand we are taking a step in this ction by proceeding to build a landling foundry with a carty of approximately 100 tons fastings a day," Mr. Curry reced.

ceinebach Honored — Highest and of the Gray Iron Founders' cety this year went to Frank G. the fact, editor of Foundry, a con publication.

eading the society for the next will be: President, H. J. Trenap, Ohio Foundry Co., Clevel; vice president, C. R. Ker, on Foundries Inc., Warsaw, it: secretary, E. G. Huffschmidt, vicern Foundry Co., Portland, it; and treasurer, W. O. Larson, V.O. Larson Foundry Co., Grafor O.

aioloy Opens Magnet Plant

rboloy Department, General cric Co., opened its magnet is at Edmore, Mich., on Oct. 15. button controlled operations spread over nearly two acres or space which uses about 1½ of conveying systems. Some types of permanent magnets aluminum-nickel-cobalt alloy is be made, both cast and single for uses ranging from miliar radar and radio to magnetic ware for kitchen cabinets.

ticipated capacity of the plant million pounds per year. Repting a capital expenditure of illion, the plant at Edmore is cing GE magnet facilities at rectady, N. Y.

icmobile Wins O.K. on Jet Part

Air Force has accepted the daobile-built turbine and come or units for use in the Buick-ii J-65-B-3 jet aircraft engine, al Motors Corp. announces. The urbine and compressor parts roduced in Oldsmobile's Lans-Mich., plant and shipped to a plant at Willow Springs, Ill., icorporation into the 13,000-gine.

Economy Gets Top Billing

Packaging Institute forum stresses lower unit costs, improved packaging materials

"PUT it in a box, tie it with a ribbon" may suffice for a song line, but it isn't as simple as all that to American industry which spends \$9-\$10 million yearly for packaging materials and services.

"Without the packaging industry, goods could not be moved from production lines into the channels of distribution," is the way Walter Williams, undersecretary of commerce, summed up the importance of the containers and packaging industry before the 15th Annual Forum of the Packaging Institute in New York last week.

Big Stakes—American industry often spends more for the package than for the products contained in them. Metalworking's stake in packaging is substantial, too. Metal containers—cans, steel drums and pails, metal strapping—consume nearly 9 per cent of all finished steel produced in the U.S.

Sharpening competition was a major concern of the over-1000 packaging experts gathered in New

York last week. Lowered unit costs and improved containers and packaging materials keynoted seminars and panel discussions.

W. M. Barnell, National Cash Register Co., told how his company switched from wood boxes to cartons for shipping registers and accounting machines at a saving of \$1.45 per unit in labor and material, plus an average of \$0.66 per unit in transportation costs.

A definte need exists in the packaging field for application of engineering principles in compiling complete and adequate specifications, said Clemens Koehler, of Koehler, Odell & Worden. "Facts reveal that less than half of all specifications submitted to suppliers are complete enough in essential detail to allow for correct bids on a uniform basis."

Deserving Place — Carl A. Claus, J. L. Ferguson Co., said, "A packaging engineer . . . must know materials and machines, be a creative artist and have good sales sense. Packaging can be and in many industries is of such major consideration to the profit picture that it should form a distinct and individual division of top mangement."

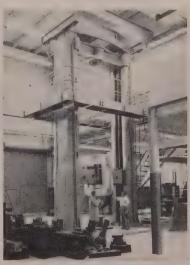
National Malleable Gets New Lab on 85th Birthday

NATIONAL Malleable & Steel Castings Co. unwrapped an attractive package at its 85th birthday celebration this week when it officially opened the doors of its new Technical Center in Cleveland.

Located on a 5.7-acre tract, the concrete, brick and stainless steel structure contains 36,850 sq ft of floor space. Four co-ordinated sections will occupy it. They include:

Physical testing laboratories with a wide range of testing equipment; engineering department, which develops products, engineers' production methods and provides technical service for customers; railway proving ground with test tracks, car pits and National's specially equipped railroad and mine cars; and administrative quarters and meeting rooms.

Research and development work on castings of steel, malleable iron and alloys of the two will be the first concern of the new Technical Center.



BIG TESTER
. . . can apply 1-million-pound load

Clarence B. Randall's Commission on Foreign Policy is due to make its final report on Mar. 6, 1954. Until then new foreign aid programs are stalled

HOW will we go about substituting foreign trade for foreign aid? That question, one of the major ones with which the present administration must wrestle, has been handed to the Commission on Foreign Policy headed by Clarence B. Randall, Inland Steel Co. chairman. Mr. Randall's group is due to come up with a final report by March 6, 1954. After that both the administration and Congress will go to work on its findings and recommendations

Saw Off the End-In the meantime launching of new long-range economic assistance programs is hobbled by several factors. First, there is a tendency to wait and see what the Randall commission will recommend. Second, the countries of the free world have made impressive comebacks from the devastation and dislocations of World War II and are less in need of assistance than in the earlier postwar years. Third, much less economic aid is permitted under the appropriations voted by Congress for fiscal 1954. Leading congressmen are talking about sawing off substantially all foreign economic aid as of June 30, 1954.

The dollars to be spent on foreign nonmilitary economic aid in the present fiscal year are less than half of the \$1.4 billion spent in fiscal 1953. A peak of \$5 billion was spent in fiscal 1950, the first year of the economic aid program.

Biggest share of foreign economic aid appropriations for 1954 goes to Europe, \$220 million, mostly for U.S. farm products; Latin America gets \$22 million, the Near East and Africa, \$34 million, and Asia and the Pacific countries, \$62 million, mostly for technical assistance; Arab states, Israel, Iran and overseas territories of Africa get \$147 million and India and Pakistan, \$75 million, mostly for goods and services; and Palestine gets \$44 million mostly for refugee pro-

grams, making a total of \$604 million in appropriations.

Dollar Improvement — The \$604 million does not represent this year's total aid to foreign nations. Of \$5.1 billion appropriated for foreign military assistance, well over \$2 billion-in offshore procurement, cash expenditures by our troops, and maintenance of our foreign military bases - will strengthen the dollar position of the countries involved, mostly Europe, Allowing for disbursements by our tourists, by our importers and by our investors, Europe's ability to spend dollars in the United States is greatly improved.

Glenn H. Craig, Foreign Operations Administration executive, told STEEL that the big reduction in this year's foreign aid appropriation will not prevent FOA from helping to relieve any emergency situations that may arise. Assistance in many forms—as helping Berlin to solve its unemployment problem, helping the Turks to formulate a program that will attract American investors, supplying grain to famine-ridden Pakistan—will continue to

be given whenever the need ari

The Setup—The Randall commsion has set up quarters at 330 street S. W., Washington 25. I preparing to canvass natio organizations in the United States as a first move in determining nature of the real foreign trainterests of this country.

FEPC Warms Up Again ...

Prediction by Sen. Everett Di sen (Rep., Ill.) that the Republic would carry out their campa pledges by seeking congression approval of a federal fair empl ment practices bill in 1954 to ap to private employment represe the thinking of an increasing nu ber of congressmen. The pres plan calls for hearings early in next session by the Senate La Committee on the Ives FEPC Whether such legislation will pa however, is by no means assur Southerners continue violently posed to the bill and will doubtedly resort again to the f buster if it comes up for Sen

President Eisenhower, by the signment he gave his new Government Contract Compliance Commutee, proved that he wants to the present widespread nonce pliance among government contractors.

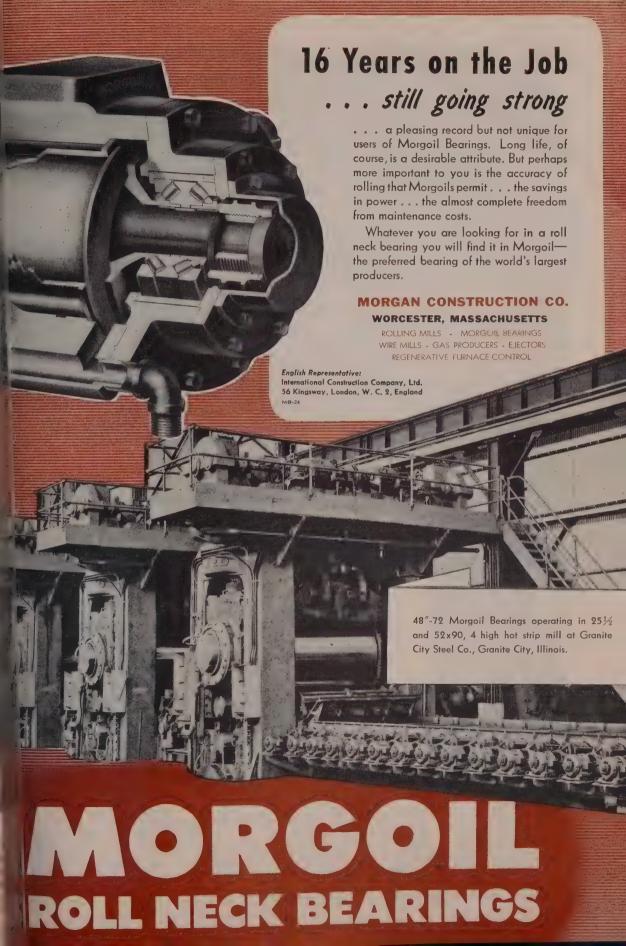






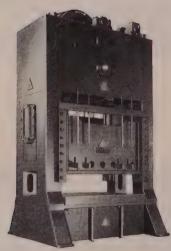
New Line Up for BDSA

Charles F. Honeywell, (left), has been named administrator of the Busine Defense Services Administration by Commerce Secretary Sinclair Weeks. Honeywell had been Secretary Weeks' senior special assistant since Jan. 20, 1 In another replacement, Perrin G. March, (center), president of Cincinnati Shr. Co., Cincinnati, is one of three assistant administrators in place of Sa. N. Comly, (right), Russell, Burdsall & Ward Bolt & Nut Co., Port Chester, 1





Do Caterpillars Know?



The coat coloring of the "woolly bear" predicts the mildness or severity of the coming winter, folklore experts believe. But this furry caterpillar wisely spends his winter in a snug cocoon, cozily unconcerned about folks who believe his prediction.

Time-worn ideas like this one often cling in spite of the cold analysis of modern science. Adherence to traditional methods continues to hamper Industry. Failure to use modern press

equipment in product manufacture because certain parts have always been cast or cut from solid is a case in point.

Why not take a closer look at your manufacturing methods now? In addition to greater production economy, modern press methods often bring attendant benefits like faster assembly and improved product appearance. We'd like to show you how this can be done. Call on Clearing Machine Corporation.

CLEARING MACHINE CORPORATION

6488 WEST 65TH STREET . CHICAGO 38, ILLINOIS

HAMILTON DIVISION, HAMILTON, OHIO

CLEARING PRESSES

THE WAY TO EFFICIENT MASS PRODUCTIO



S. Tariff: Lower than Most ...

American Tariff League's study of the free world's tariffs shows the U. S. among the low half-dozen. The study cites need for more complete and uniform foreign trade reporting

RICAN TARIFFS are relativew when compared with those her countries of the world. er, the U. S. has reduced its s more percentagewise from to 1951 than most other coun-

se are the conclusions of a study made by the Amer-Cariff League Inc.

in the Pie—Unfortunately, udy points out, many adjust-might be needed in the preanking of the various nations ign trade statistics were pubmore completely and unithan they are today. But meral conclusions would still ATL maintains. The U. S. is om high man on the tariff totole.

to find the actual average level of several countries. as done by taking total immediated and ed on all goods and dividing into imports to get a ratio, sed as a percentage. Thus, 2 U. S. imports totaled \$10.7 customs receipts were \$575. That equals a ratio of 5.3 at of duty collected on each of imports.

hat basis for the year 1951, results of the survey shown t resulted. The remaining es studied ranked: Pakistan, (aiti, 35.2; Egypt, 29.6; Cey-7; El Salvador, 25.0; Guate-1 2.3; Mexico, 20.6; Iran, 19.9; 8.4; Thailand, 18.2; Vene-17.8; New Zealand, 17.5; 16.3; Costa Rica, 15.2; Co-13.8; Ireland, 13.2; Pan-13.2; Turkey, 12.3; Portugal, stralia, 9.6; Peru, 8.5; Swit-8.1; Brazil, 7.5; Canada, k aduras, 6.3; West Germany, ion of South Africa, 5.6; i.1; Netherlands, 4.6; Nor-2; Sweden, 3.9; Argentina, ımark, 1.7.

ion Down—The American league also compared the

rate of change in the average tariff level between 1937 and 1951. The average for the 36 countries which decreased was 49 per cent. The U. S. tariff declined from 15.8 per cent to 5.1 per cent for a decrease of 68 per cent. (Other rates of change are shown in chart at right.)

Several reservations were pointed out by ATL which might change the standings of some of the countries listed, but which would not alter the American position significantly. First, imports for each country were taken from publications of the International Monetary Fund which are listed in c.i.f. values (including costs, insurance, and freight; excluding duty paid). Thus U. S. totals differ slightly from U. S. official figures. This was done to put imports of the various countries on a uniform basis.

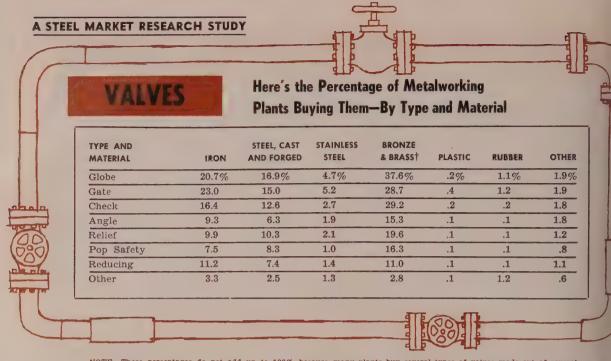
Unknowns-Then, too, free as well as dutiable items are included in import totals since the U.S. is the only country known to divide its reports into those categories. No exceptions were made for special items which may carry unusually large import duties (Britain's import duty on tobacco may run as high as two-thirds of total duties imposed on all imports in any one year). Preferential rates were not taken into consideration (if Britain's over-all average is 25.6 per cent, the preferred rate given to dominion countries would make the world rate that much higher). Finally, special taxes, not reported as duty on imports, were not included in the study. But these and other forms of restrictions, such as quotas, embargoes and bilateral agreements, exist in many countries of the world.

The ATL study is not infallible, but it points up one important point: Any U. S. action on tariffs should be based not only on consideration of domestic industry but on the tariff rates of other countries in order to open a two-way street in foreign trade.



How Tariffs Compare

Ratio of duties collected to total value of imports for 1951. Percentage change indicates increase or decrease in that ratio between 1937 and 1951



NOTE—These percentages do not add up to 100% because many plants buy several types of valves made out of several materials.

†Brass and bronze are combined because it became apparent in the tabulations that respondents thought of the terms "bronze" and "brass" as being the same.

Flow in the valve industry continues at a speed only slightly lower than in '52. Supply in some lines still lags demand and prospects for next year are good

BIGGEST FIELD in the valve industry is in the manufacture and sale of globe, gate and check valves made of brass, bronze, iron and steel, STEEL'S latest market research study shows.

Doing a dollar-volume business estimated at better than \$525 million in 1953, the industry is operating on a high plateau only slightly below that of 1952, industry officials report. With the order books still well filled and the government listing valves among the key components still in short supply, the prospects for the industry in 1954 are good.

The Aim—STEEL's survey was designed to determine which valves are most widely used in the metalworking industry. The accompanying table was compiled from answers to questionnaires sent out to 3000 metalworking plants.

Main use of valves, according to the respondents, is for the control of flow and pressure of water, air, steam and oil. Nearly 45 per cent of the plants purchase valves for use in their plants to control flow, 38 per cent to control pressures, 20 per cent temperature and over 10.5 per cent to control level. Approximately 44.5 per cent of the plants buy valves to control water, 43.4 per cent to control air, 30.6 per cent steam, 30.2 per cent oil, 15.2 per cent other gases and 8.4 per cent other liquids.

Wide Market — Nearly 23 per cent of the plants responding to the survey reported that they purchased valves for installation on equipment they manufacture for sale. Very few industries in the nation do not have use for some type of valve; large-volume users are the petroleum, gas, chemical and electric utility industries.

Expenditures by individual plants were broken down into six rough categories. In plants purchasing valves to install on items they manufacture: 15.1 per cent in 1952 spent less than \$1000; 43.7 per cent spent between \$1000 and \$10,000, 5.9 per cent \$10,000 to \$20,000, 12.6 per cent \$20,000 to

\$50,000, 9.2 per cent \$50,000 \$100,000 and 13.5 per cent sp over \$100,000.

Plant Use—In plants purchas valves for their own plant to 54.9 per cent spent less than \$1 in 1952, 35.6 per cent spent \$1 to \$10,000, 5.5 per cent spent \$000 to \$20,000, 2.9 per cent s \$20,000 to \$50,000 and 1.1 per spent over \$50,000.

As valve producers sharpen to competitive weapons for the ling year, they should direct promotional efforts to all key sonnel, particularly the purchased departments. Steel's sure shows that 66 per cent of a plants purchasing valves for a use and 72 per cent of the painstalling valves on manufactive products have two or more per linguistic purchases.

Small Firms Fared Well

Small businesses fared lewith regard to Navy prime on tracts during the three yes of the Korean conflict than the did during the last three yes of World War II. During the f nei period they were awarded \$4 billion in such orders compare with only \$3 billion during 1942-4

the Single Standard

AIEE meeting, Blackall hits vility of dual electrical standds for machine tools

ERE IS no more excuse in this try for two general electrical lards, which are intended to all conditions, than there is conventional geared transmissional geared gear

us, in his address to the Amer-Institute of Electrical Engiconference on machine tools leveland last week, Frederick ackall Jr. called for elimination the dual-standard problem in the ine tool electrification.

Blackall, president and treas-Taft-Peirce Mfg. Co., Woont, R. I., and president, Amer-Society of Mechanical Engi-, cites the need for agreement een machine tool users and ine tool builders on the use of oint Industry Conference and mal Machine Tool Builders' ciation codes for the machine industry.

Fom for Exception—Mr. Blackels, "There is no reason why nal standards could not be set pari passu with general standd to take care of special cases articular industries, but it is inequitable and uneconomic to the nature and content of ards to the needs of any single ent of business . . ."

Blackall also points out that today's drive for more autom, with its inherent complexifier also should be a drive implification of the standard ine tool for performance of rdinary production of induscespecially small lot produc-

Conference, sponsored by the subcommittee on machine of drew more than 500 electrical dimechanical engineers of the cine tool builders, electrical diffacturers and large users of the tools. Eleven papers on the color tool electrification were sted.

steral chairman of the machine subcommittee is R. H. Clark, custrative engineer, Warner & co., Cleveland.

Autobody of Tomorrow?



The Fiberglas-bodied Chevrolet Corvette



Adhesives bond some parts; others require riveting also

REVOLUTION or flash-in-the-pan? To find out if tomorrow's autos will really have plastic bodies as some prophets proclaim, a lot of eyes are turning to the Chevrolet Corvette assembly line at Flint, Mich.

There Chevrolet engineers are suffering the growing pains of mass production in Fiberglas from which 250 Corvette bodies will be laminated this year. From what they've learned they expect production of 1000 plastic bodies a

month from a new line soon to be set up in St. Louis.

Great resistance to shock, lighter weight than steel for equal strength, low noise level and no rust—these are qualities of plastic bodies which appeal to enough people with padded checkbooks to make Chevrolet take the Corvette gamble.

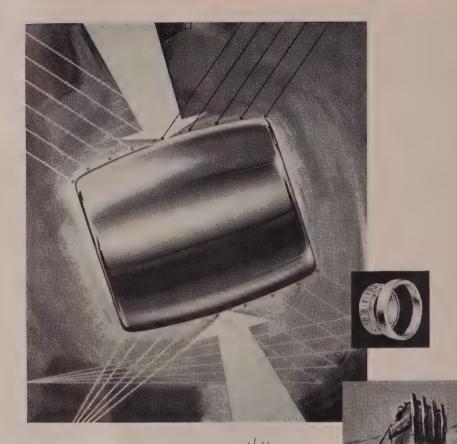
But can plastic bodies compete in cost with steel? The answer may come from this experiment and eyes are watching.



Jig being lowered over plastic underbody guides drilling of rivet holes



Front top section is fitted to the underbody, key Corvette body member



A new era in bearings is taking shape...

NEW HVATT BARREL BEARING

now available in volume!

Industrial designers and engineers seldom make changes in bearing specifications. But when they discover something really new-like Hyatt's BARREL BEARING-out come the blueprints! And this time they know they've got something! Hyatt's new Barrel Bearing combines dualpurpose design with self-aligning action. It takes load from any direction and operates at full efficiency under conditions of misalignment! And, because barrel-shaped rollers provide high load capacity with low friction, this unique bearing is ideal for a wide range of applications. Best of all, the cost is far lower than you would expect! Let us show you how the Barrel Bearing can improve your product!





HYATT BEARINGS DIVISION . GENERAL MOTORS CORPORATION, HARRISON, N. J.

Mirrors of Motordom

By complex teamwork, automakers are improving the interrelationship between product planning and production and thereby cutting costs

DETROIT

YOU KNOW that the shape of r car's chassis was determined part by how well it would nest a freight car?

Thile the cornering crew sobs ly, it must be pointed out that sing in a freight car is rarely primary consideration in chasdesign. On the other hand, assembly plants scattered all the country being supplied millions of chassis annually, saving in a few more chassis freight car can be substantial. If a design which nests better is all in other respects to alternat-designs it will get the nod.

terrelation — This little exle of how the automakers nest r feathers is an introduction a subject of growing impore in cutting costs as competisharpens—the interrelationof product planning and proion. Perhaps more than any r industry, the automakers rethat their complex and modish luct to be an economic success t be competitive in production as well as sales appeal.

oduct-planning an automobile ts with research to indicate t the buying public will want in ir three to five years hence. ed on this research, objectives he car design are set up in is of weight, performance, ht, width, length, etc. But oled with these physical obves of the car is another obve which ties the engineers up er than the yarn in a chorus sweater-how much the car ing to cost. Inevitably the car oing to be finer and cheaper h are mighty nice objectives indicate that research is dots job.

fferent—Now at this point in y organizations the engineers ngly take the objectives from research men, design the product and tell the production men to build it within the budget. Not so, it is said, with the automakers. These enlightened individuals set out to design a unit that can be built within the budget right from the word "go."

To accomplish this objective product designers work as a team with the production men creating first what is known as a basic proposal. This model incorporates the features outlined in the objectives and, with management approval, serves as a starting point for development work that will lead to the ultimate design. Needless to say, there is plenty of development work to be done. An automobile contains about 15,000 parts. If only a tenth of a cent can be saved on each part that will amount to \$15 per car and \$15 million if a million cars are produced.

Teamwork Required—The amazing thing about this job of engineering 15,000 parts lies in the fact that though the parts are developed somewhat independently they must function as a unit. Thus if an engineer concludes that he can save two cents per car by elimination of a fender bolt, reposition-

ing of the remaining bolts may be required. In the repositioning, perhaps one of the bolts will fall in a spot where it cannot be tightened due to interference of a brace which someone else moved to save money.

To eliminate such a possibility, models are continually being built as changes are suggested. Hypothetical body sections are carefully scribed on clay models to be sure body lines can be executed in metal. A particularly tough-looking point on the body like the juncture of the front corner post and roof will frequently be made in plastic of the appropriate thickness and contour. Can it be clamped? Can it be reached with a welding gun? These are other questions the models answer.

Questions—Or perhaps a different material or fabrication technique is to be used. Perhaps a crankshaft of a certain slightly different design would lend itself ideally to a shell molding process. Can the new crankshaft be worked into the engine without undue compromise? Or even going one step farther, suppose the company builds both cars and trucks. Will this same crankshaft prove suitable for installation in both types of engines with little or no modification?

A good example is the Lincoln engine which is also used in some Ford trucks. Basic differences in



Plymouth Joins New Model Parade

Although reminiscent of 1953 models, Plymouth's line for 1954, introduced Oct. 15, shows some interesting changes. Models are longer by three and five-eighths inches and feature the woman's touch in interior color and fabric styling. The dash has a no-glare, leather-like finish. Power steering, Hy-drive transmission (a no-shift, torque converter type) and overdrive are available

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Road Tests Without a Road

Electronically controlled dynamometers and their associated equipment which simulate many road conditions, such as inertia, wind resistance and road grades, make it possible to move some of Ford Motor Co.'s road tests into its Research & Development Center, Dearborn, Mich. Lincoln above is undergoing chassis test

the engine include modification of the carburetor flange and choke pad in the manifold and the addition of valve seat inserts in the truck engine cylinder head. These differences were anticipated long before the engine went into production on the indication that savings could be effected with no sacrifice in desired performance.

Compromise—If a unit is to be built on existing facilities, compromises in design and/or in the facilities will be necessary. The extent of such changes will be a big factor in how much the part will ultimately cost. Many a fine-sounding idea has been dropped because implementing it would have required the addition of a seventh spindle to a six-spindle machine.

But the production men are also suggesting as well as vetoing. Analysis may reveal that the limiting operation on a multistation machine is machining a certain surface on a casting while the other stations have finished cutting. Modification of the casting to lessen the amount of machining required or performing the operation in two passes on successive machines may be indicated.

Ingenuity—Or perhaps the same result may be obtained by a different process. An example is the

lubrication groove in the Lincoln ball and socket front suspension. Machining the three spiral grooves produced 35 parts an hour, while rolling the grooves hiked output to 85 parts an hour.

It all adds up to a tremendous job of anticipating production problems while the basic design is still in the formative stages. The automakers have found that the amount of intercommunication and co-operation required pays off. And perhaps the fact that your car's chassis nests in a freight car may only mean a cent or two in the cost of your car, but multiplying millions of cars by millions of such ideas is the secret of the automakers' success.

Plymouth: Off Color Story

The 1954 Plymouths are going to be an interesting line of cars to watch. Though minor exterior trim changes for identification have been made in the line, the real Plymouth pitch in 1954 is going to be color—matched, keyed and dazzling.

This raises the question of just how effective color can be in selling automobiles. If it's true that women are color conscious and are the key factor in clinching most new car sales, Plymouth could rival Kinsey in notoriety among the fair sex. The plethora of other variables makes this an almost scitific setup to observe the imporof color on the buying public.

Willys in Holland

A contract providing for the assembly at Rotterdam of the entiline of Willys passenger and commercial vehicles is announced Hickman Price Jr., president Willys-Overland Export Corp. Noterlandsche Kaiser-Frazer Fabrie en N. V. will do the building at the firm's facilities are being epanded to accommodate the neproduction.

Exhaust Notes

Ford passenger car sales in third quarter were the highesince 1929 and September salwere the highest for that monsince 1924. Oldsmobile reports is sales are up 75 per cent over 199 efforts.

Ignoring the fact that auto sal are seasonal, the CIO is shaking if finger at Chrysler Corp. Citing the June "I told you so" of Walt Reuther, the autoworker unit indicates that Chrysler would better to underproduce during the first half of the year to sustafull production during the secondal. Although it's so illogical laughable, you're hearing the figuns in the battle for the guarteed annual wage.

Auto, Truck Output

Auto, Ir	uck Ou	Tpui
U. S.	and Canada	
	1953	1952
January	612,815	424,55
February	623,793	464,57
March	752,474	525,02
April	782,453	570,46
May	685,390	542,55
June	713,206	542,47
July	757,595	226,13
August	641,242	322,75
September	605,343	595,71
October		656,76
November		548,78
December		569,71
Total		,989,50
Week Ended	1953	1952
Sept. 12		137,2
Sept. 19		147,7
Sept. 26		141,2
Oct. 3		143,2
Oct. 10		138,0
Oct. 17	440.000#	138,0

Source: Ward's Automotive Repo *Estimated by STEEL

OW UPKEEP FOR MUNICIPALITY



How to get maximum tube life per dollar: Ask the experts!

This month's report is on:

SICROMO 7

Suggested as a substitute for steels of the 5.0 per cent chromium type for applications which require increased resistance to corrosion by hot petroleum products.

ONE OF 24 TIMKEN HIGH TEMPERATURE STEELS

Carbon	Sicromo 2	Sicromo 58 18-8 Ti
Carbon-Mo.	Sicromo 21/2	Sicromo 5MS 16-13-3
DM-2	21/2% Cr1% Mo.	Sicromo 7 25-20*
Silmo	Sicromo 3	Sicromo 9M 25-12*
DM	4-6% CrMo.	18-8 Stainless 35-15**
2% CrMo.	4-6% CrMoTi.	18-8 Ch 16-25-6**

* Available as seamless tubing on an experimental basis only.

** Not available as seamless tubing.

YOUR temperature, pressure, corrosion and oxidate problems may be solved by serveral analyses of hemperature steels. But from the standpoint of maxime tube life per dollar—the best life/cost ratio—there's one analysis that's best for you.

To get that one analysis, go to metallurgists of Timken Roller Bearing Company. They're recogni authorities on high temperature steels—with more to 20 years of steel research and experience behind the They'll help you choose the one tube steel analysis the best for your application from the 24 different analyse their disposal. And no matter which one you choose, can be assured of uniform quality because the Timi Company rigidly controls quality from melt shop throughnal tube inspection.

Let our "RSQ"—Research, Supply, Quality—solve y tube problems. Ask the experts! The Timken Roller Being Company, Steel and Tube Division, Canton 6, Of Cable address: "TIMROSCO".

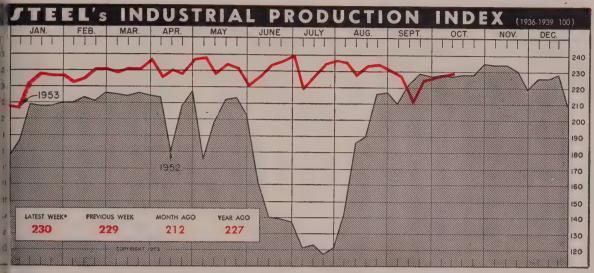


Flattened test of 101/2" O.D. by 1.580" wall of 18-8 Cb showing the excellent ductility of large, heavy-wall Timken seamless tubin



SPECIALISTS IN FINE ALLOY STEELS, GRAPHITIC TOOL STEELS AND SEAMLESS TUILG

The Business Trend



t ended Oct. 10

ased upon and weighted as follows: Steelworks Operations 35 %; Electric Power Output 23%; Freight Car Loadings 22 %; and Automotive Assemblies (Wards' Reports) 20%.

Sales continue at same high level as earlier in the year. Inventory is being watched closely. Falling commodity prices necessitate increased sales effort

USTRIAL PRODUCTION conis at a relatively high level. ing the week ended Oct. 10, L's industrial production index tered a preliminary 230 per of the 1936-1939 average.

Lis outturn was one point above rereceding week and a continuation of the slow but steady rise that istaken place since Labor Day. But, though off 4 per cent from elear's high, is running about to the first quarter average. The present production dip supply represents a return of busisto more normal peacetime continus. It has been anticipated nost businessmen for many this; some looked for it several ago.

Pramount question is whether it the reduction in production a imited adjustment to a temery change in the world political ate or something deeper. Bearmind that in a free economy as ours, supply and demand ten out of balance, let's look are other economic indicators.

numer Purchases Are High...

*ail sales in August continued same high rate as earlier in

the year. Consumer purchases during the month were 6 per cent above August, 1952. Cumulative sales for the first eight months of the year were also 6 per cent more than in the same period a year ago. From January through August, \$111.4 billion changed hands, the Bureau of the Census says.

Wholesalers Optimistic . . .

Sales by wholesalers during August look even more promising. Estimated at \$8.8 billion by the Office of Business Economics, these sales even after adjustment for seasonal variation were 2 per cent above the preceding month. Sales of both durable and nondurable goods were up slightly on a seasonally adjusted basis from July. Among the durable goods, seasonally adjusted, machinery and metals were up 4 per cent; hardware, 3 per cent and automobiles and building materials, 2 per cent.

Inventory Rise Slowed . . .

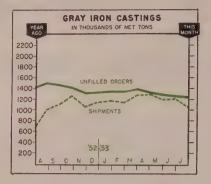
Inventories continued their rise during August but at a rate considerably less than in the earlier part of the year. Total inventories at the end of August were estimated at \$77.8 billion by the Offof Business Economics. After adjustment for seasonal variation the book value of inventories increased \$450 million from July to August, compared with an average gain during the second quarter of about \$750 million per month. The physical volume of gain was even less, since higher replacement costs accounted for one-third of the increased book value.

Inventory X-rayed . . .

A breakdown of business inventories reveals that retail stocks amounted to \$21.8 billion. Wholesale stocks were \$10.3 billion and manufacturers', \$45.8 billion. More than 80 per cent of the total adjusted inventory gain was in stocks of manufacturers. Retail inventories were up slightly from July and wholesalers' stocks were unchanged. Almost two-thirds of the gain at the manufacturing level was in stocks of durable goods. It would appear then, that durable goods manufacturers are both hopeful of better than usual year end sales and that they are postponing production adjustments.

Future Problem . . .

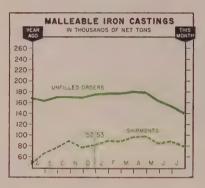
The effect of the decline in prices of raw commodities—these prices



Gray Iron Castings

Thousands of Net Tons Shipments Unfilled Orders* 1953 1952 1,801 1,766 1,711 1,614 1,199 1,332 1,376 1,306 1.136 Apr. May 1 188 1 101 835 636 1,233 Aug. Sept. 1 002 1,451 1,392 1 061 Total 13.660

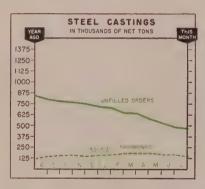
*For sale. U. S. Bureau of the Census.



Malleable Iron Castings

Thousands of Net Tons Shipments Unfilled Orders* 1953 1952 1953 1952 87.0 86.5 193.1 94.5 95.9 82.1 Apr. May 180.4 173.4 166.6 160.4 74.4 45.3 63.7 75.9 86.5 77.1 151.0 137.3 July Aug. Sept. 162.8 Total 926.1

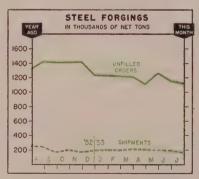
*For sale. U. S. Bureau of the Census.



Steel Castings Thousands of Net Tons

Shipments Unfilled Orders* 1953 1952 1953 1952 167.2 174.6 856.9 Mar 857.1 843.0 804.7 165.6 164.7 173.6 525.0 475.8 846.5 855.0 809.4 781.9 772.9 Aug 150.2 Nov. 161.7 Total .. 1.925.1

*For sale. U. S. Bureau of the Census.



Steel Forgings* Thousands of Net Tons

	Shipments		Unfilled Orders		
	1953	1952	1953 `	1952	
Jan,	 184	271	1,207	1,472	
Feb.	 184	277	1,199	1,464	
Mar.	 200	266	1,197	1.360	
Apr.	 196	277	1,082	1,349	
May	 191	263	1,239	1,319	
June	 185	224	1,135	1,248	
July	 159	132	1.101	1,290	
Aug.	 	121		1,399	
Sept.	 	150		1,392	
Oct.	 	178		1,393	
Nov.	 	156		1,399	
Dec.	 	181		1,377	

U. S. Bureau of the Census. *Data based on reports from commercial and captive forge plants with monthly shipments of 50 tons or more.

Charts Copyright 1953 STEEL

issue Dates on other FACTS and FIGURES Published by STEEL

ConstructionOct. 5	. Gears	Ranges, ElecOct. 5
Durable GoodsOct. 12	Indus. Production. Sept. 14	Ranges, GasOct. 12
Employ., Metalwk. Sept. 28	IronersSept. 21	RefrigeratorsOct. 5
Employ., Steel Aug. 31	Machine ToolsOct. 5	Steel Shipments Oct. 12
Fab. Struc. Steel. Sept. 21	Prices, Consumer. Sept. 28	Vacuum Cleaners Oct. 12
Foundry Equip Sept. 14	Prices, Wholesale Sept. 28	Wages, MetalwkSept. 28
Freight CarsAug. 24	PumpsAug. 24	Washers Sept. 21
Furnaces, IndusSept. 14	Radio, TVAug. 31	Water Heaters Sept. 14

have returned to the pre-K level of early 1950-may be It depends manufacturers. whether or not their price re tions reach the consumer qu and on a resultant expansion consumer purchases. If these cumstances occur, then gross come will not be reduced. And income will be increased due to anticipated expiration of the ex profits tax. This result is hi probable, since it does not inc an increase in consumer spend but rather more people bu more goods at reduced prices. that is why selling will be so portant in the near future.

Future Preparations...

Corporations, during the sec quarter of 1953, continued to ready for a hard-to-predict fut Their hefty second-quarter sale creased total working capital \$88.2 billion. The \$1.5 billion; over the first quarter was lar due to a reduction in current bilities, according to the Securi & Exchange Commission. The c position of current assets changed considerably. Most st ing change was in holdings cash, which rose \$1.5 billion, most entirely due to a reduction holdings of government securiti

Please Remit . . .

While corporations are incre ing their working capital, they other business organizations not discounting or paying t trade invoices as promptly as fore. Increased competition is of the major reasons; expanded ventories, another. Most not declines have occurred in the reand manufacturing groups. though the general decline is sli 83.3 per cent paid or discou promptly in the retail field in gust, 1952. In August of this only 80.8 per cent could do same thing. In the manufactu area, it was 88.2 per cent in gust, 1952; in the same month year 87.4 per cent of man turers were as prompt, the C Research Foundation says.

Factory Hiring Off ...

Another falling indicator, implications not as immediate

BAROMETERS OF BUSINESS	LATEST	PRIOR	YEAR
	PERIOD	WEEK	AGO
teel Ingot Output (per cent of capacity) ² lectric Power Distributed (million kwhr) itum. Coal Output (daily av.—1000 tons) etroleum Production (daily av.—1000 bbl) onstruction Volume (ENR—millions) utomobile, Truck Output (Ward's—units)	95.0	95.0	104.5
	8,307	8,414	7,698
	1,538	1,603	1,518
	6,4301	6,443	6,517
	\$170.0	\$382.6	\$341.6
	146,479	142,824	138,035
reight Car Loadings (unit—1000 cars) usiness Failures (Dun & Bradstreet, no.) urrency in Circulation (millions) ³ ept. Store Sales (changes from year ago) ³	8081	813	843
	1851	189	147
	\$30,374	\$30,271	\$29,545
	-3%	+3%	+7%
ank Clearings (Dun & Bradstreet, millions) ederal Gross Debt (billions) ond Volume, NYSE (millions) ocks Sales, NYSE (thousands of shares) pans and Investments (billions) S. Gov't. Obligations Held (billions)	\$18,168	\$18,087	\$17,316
	\$272.9	\$273.0	\$264.8
	\$13.1	\$13.3	\$15.4
	4,906	5,106	5,438
	\$78.9	\$78.9	\$75.8
	\$31.7	\$31.4	\$31.6
PRICES PEEL'S Finished Steel Price Index ⁵ PEEL'S Nonferrous Metal Price Index ⁶ 1 Commodities ⁷ mmodities Other Than Farm & Foods ⁷	189.38	189.38	181.31
	203.5	204.8	219.0
	110.2	110.7	111.1
	114.4	114.6	113.0

ates on request. ¹Preliminary. ²Weekly capacities, net tons: 1953, 2,254,459; 1952, 477,040. ²Federal Reserve Board. ⁴Member banks, Federal Reserve System. ²1935-1939— 3. ³1936-1939—100. ⁷Bureau of Labor Statistics Index, 1947-1949—100.

cous as the decline in trade paydis, is the rate at which factory ters are being hired. Hiring in the nation's factories remed virtually unchanged ben July and August, the Bureau f abor Statistics says. This is First year since 1946 that fachiring has not been stepped appreciably between July and ust. Among the industries smaller than usual employas gains were furniture, fabri-I metals and machinery. The stries suffering declines from 11 customary hiring rates were ary metals, transportation ment, lumber, paper and toar) products.

ig ng It Away . . .

e present high personal savrate and the inclination of
mers to dip into it will have
able bearing on future busiconditions. During the first
of 1953, personal savings were
at an annual rate of over
billion. Although less than
20 billion annual rate of late
the first half rate was al50 per cent higher than the
orea norm, the National Inial Conference Board points
n its Business Record dis-

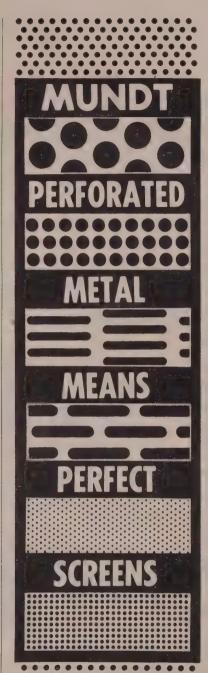
cussion of "Savings and the Consumer Market."

Aid and Comfort ...

Concerning savings and future retail markets, the board says that the proportionate share of total liquid assets held by upper income groups has evidently grown smaller in the last few years—the years of the Korean war. And since consumer spending varies, it is assumed, with the degree of concentration of liquid reserves among higher income groups, this situation will have a bolstering effect on future consumer markets.

Trends Fore and Aft . . .

Prime factor in the contraseasonal decline in railroad loadings of revenue freight during the week ended Oct. 3 was the drop in ore loadings, which decreased 5952 carloads below the previous week, the Association of American Railroads says... The General Electric Co. expects employment at its Schenectady, N. Y., plant to drop by several thousand in the next three years due to the return of more normal employment levels—such as existed between the years 1946 and 1950.

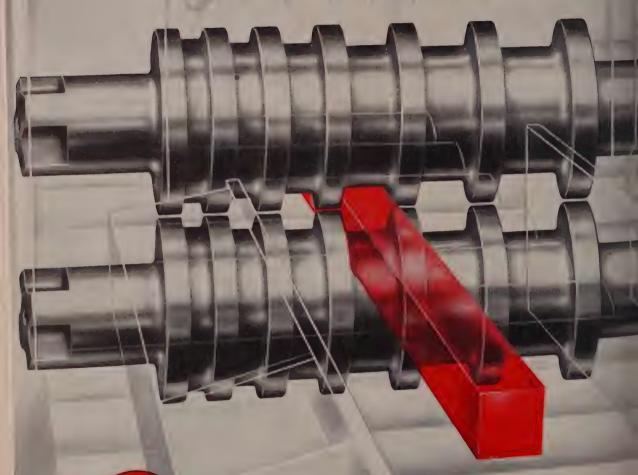


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Ohio Double-Pour Ro



THE OHIO STEEL FOUNDRY CO

LIMA, OHIO . PLANTS AT LIMA AND SPRINGFIELD, OHI

Men of Industry



CLARENCE E. KILLEBREW
. . Clark Equipment marketing post

ence E. Killebrew was named ager for marketing and sales, princition machinery division, Equipment Co., Buchanan, He joined the Clark organin the latter part of 1952 a 12-year association with k G. Hough Co., where he d as general sales manager.

Lancaster, O., appointed Fred ayne chief engineer and William A. Morris Jr. product developengineer. Mr. Bayne joined in 1951 as assistant chief enter. He had formerly been with annati Milling Machine Co. Mr. is formerly served as consultangineer at Parkersburg Rig lel Co.

oth Swain joined the staff of the ock Steel Co. Inc., Detroit, as an anterest sales manager. For the staff months he has been mand of flat rolled sales for Cenditeel & Wire Co., and prior to was with Armco Steel Corp.

tion Co., Lebanon, Ind.

ord R. Cassidy succeeds Harry nobel, retired, as Cleveland traffic manager, American Wire Division, U. S. Steel



WILLIAM N. MULLANE
... supt. of Republic's Ideal Foundry

William N. Mullane was appointed superintendent of Republic Steel Corp.'s Ideal Foundry Division in Newton Falls, O. Assistant superintendent since 1946, Mr. Mullane succeeds the late J. C. Miller.

E. S. Chapman, for the last nine years vice president and general manager, Clayton Mfg. Co., El Monte, Calif., was promoted to executive vice president in charge of all operations. J. A. Cortright, general sales manager since 1947, was named vice president-sales, with responsibilities extending to all three of Clayton's major product divisions. Perry Arant, at the head of product engineering for the last ten years, was appointed vice president in charge of engineering.

Robert E. Drury assumes a newly created position of director of manufacturing of Redmond Co. Inc., Owosso, Mich. He has been director of industrial relations since 1952. Harry E. Flint has joined the firm to serve as general works manager.

Sheffield Steel Corp. appointed E. L. Argo assistant to manager of sales, bolt products division, with offices at Kansas City, Mo. He is succeeded by Robert White as Chicago district manager. Mr. White also continues in charge of the Washington office.



W. ALEXANDER McCUNE JR.
... gen. sales manager of Norton (Ltd.)

W. Alexander McCune Jr. was appointed general sales manager of Norton Co. of Canada Ltd., Worcester, Mass. He assumes his duties Nov. 1 and succeeds C. W. Fell who will serve as an abrasive engineer in the Toronto area. Ill health forces Mr. Fell to assume a less strenuous part in the company's sales program. Winton A. Vagedes replaces Mr. McCune as abrasive engineer in the northern New Jersey area.

Dr. Raymond W. McNamee was made manager of research administration of Union Carbide & Carbon Corp., New York. Since 1950 he has been superintendent, research and development department, of Carbide & Carbon Chemicals Co., a division. Dr. Bruce J. Miller becomes assistant manager of research administration.

V. L. Nicoli was named superintendent of the wire mill at the Buffalo plant of Colorado Fuel & Iron Corp.'s Wickwire Spencer Steel Division. L. P. McNamara becomes assistant superintendent.

R. E. Christin, chief metallurgist, Columbus Bolt & Forging Co., Columbus, O., for the last 29 years, has resigned to devote full time to his own business of metallurgical consultant on metal problems in conjunction with his company, Elec-







BEN F. BREGI

. . . elected vice presidents of National Broach & Machine Co.

trict Heat Treating Co., which he has operated since September, 1951, with F. P. Smith as superintendent.

New officers elected by National Broach & Machine Co., Detroit, include Max B. Mentley as vice president-manufacturing and Ben F. Bregi as vice president-engineering: George R. Smith treasurer; D. Pierson Smith assistant secretary and assistant treasurer; and Martin Linder assistant treas-

Brace-Mueller-Huntley Inc. appointed William B. Huntley Jr. director of purchase and Karl M. Heisler general purchasing agent of its newly formed centralized purchasing department located in Syracuse. N. Y.

Crucible Steel Co. of America appointed Wilson E. Gardner manager of its New York branch, Henry A. Sturm manager, Boston branch, and Alfred A. Companion assistant manager at Boston. Harold Barlow, formerly New York branch manager, becomes special sales consultant to the New York branch.

J. Curran Freeman was appointed controller of Dresser Industries Inc., Dallas.

F. E. Leib was made manager of sales of Copperweld Steel Co.'s wire and cable division at Glassport, Pa. R. C. Ridley was made assistant manager of sales. C. C. Soin Chicago.

John L. Ham assumes the position of director of the metallurgical research department at National Research Corp., Cambridge, Mass. He succeeds James H. Moore, now general manager of the company's subsidiary, Vacuum Metals Corp.

Charles D. Thomas was promoted to chief engineer of General Riveters Inc., Buffalo. He formerly was a special project engineer.

Michigan Chrome & Chemical Co., Detroit, appointed Dr. R. M. Lacy

wards was made eastern sales manager with headquarters in New York, and E. G. Elg is western sales manager with headquarters

J. C. LINSENMEYER

technical director. For the ten years he has been with Gen Electric Co., Bridgeport, Conn. laboratory manager, major a ance division.

Walter B. Claus was named rector of manufacturing, tr ducer division, Consolidated E neering Corp., Pasadena, Calif. also serves as assistant head of division. Gerald S. Perkins ceeds Mr. Claus as chief mech ical engineer of the company.

Robert T. Greiner was appoin district sales representative of manufacturing division of Alt num Industries Inc., Cincinnati. will cover Ohio, Kentucky southern Indiana. Mr. Greiner ceeds Richard Glandorf, resigne

Ransburg Electro-Coating Co appointed Reno Offringa sales gineer for Michigan and north Indiana. His temporary headqu ters will be at his home in Spr Lake, Mich.

American Blower Corp., Detroit division of American Radiator Standard Sanitary Corp., elec J. C. Linsenmeyer president to s ceed the late Clark T. Morse, John W. Brennan vice presid of engineering. Mr. Linsenme joined American Blower as an conditioning engineer in 1931. was made manager of its Columb O., plant in 1940 and works n ager in 1946. He was elected



JOHN W. BRENNAN

. . . elected to executive positions at American Blower Corp.



Any time you fly in a Martin 4-0-4, Superior tubing is probably working for your safety.

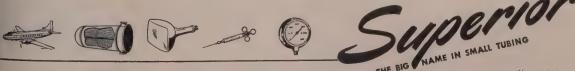
Once you're airborne, watch the 840-pound main landing gear assemblies flip forward and up with amazing speed, even though they may be working against a 180 m.p.h. drag. Fast landing gear retraction gives you an extra margin of take-off safety because "clean" aircraft have better flight characteristics.

Chances are your Martin 4-0-4 contains many feet of Superior ½" stainless steel tubing. In the hydraulic system, this tubing operates at a pressure of 3000 p.s.i., normally. On Martin's torture racks, it has demonstrated

remarkable endurance under violent pressure surges at 1000 cycles per second, even around minimum bends.

Performance like this may well have a bearing on your production problems as well as on your personal safety. Superior's long experience in fine tubing, backed by highly-developed production equipment and extensive research and testing facilities assures you of top-quality small tubing for doing tough jobs well. Outline your own production problems in a letter to us, right now—we'll send you complete information and the appropriate Data Memo by return mail. Address: Superior Tube Company, 2005 Germantown Ave., Norristown, Pennsylvania.

Round and Shaped Tubing available in Carbon, Alloy, and Stainless Steels, Nickel Alloys and Beryllium Copper.



West Coast: Pacific Tube Company, 5710 Smithway St., Los Angeles 22, Calif. UNderhill 0-1331 All analyses .010" to %" O.D. Certain analyses (.02" Max. wall) up to 1%" O.D.



E. L. CASEY
. . . Scaife v. p.-operations

president-manufacturing in 1951. Mr. Brennan was formerly chief engineer.

E. L. Casey, formerly with Mullins Mfg. Corp., was appointed vice president-operations of Scaife Co., Oakmont, Pa.

Bernard A. Chapman was appointed manager of manufacturing, Nash-Kelvinator Corp., Detroit. For the last two and one-half years he has been production manager of the company, which he joined in 1937 as plant engineer at Kenosha, Wis.

James L. Woodley was promoted to general service manager of Hyster Co., Portland, Oreg. He was production manager at the Danville, Ill., factory.

Conrad Bouchard and Leo Grost were made purchasing agents for Fresh'nd-Aire Co., division of Cory Corp. In their new positions they are members of the staff at Fresh'nd-Aire's new Grayslake, Ill., plant, which manufactures air treatment appliances.

W. R. McLachlan was appointed general manager, gas turbine division, A. V. Roe Canada Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

At the Aluminum Forge Division of Willys Motors Inc. at Erie, Pa., W. E. Streeter was promoted to factory manager, and J. N. Johnston becomes director of administrative services.



THOMAS K. WELLS
. . . Flexonics general sales manager

Thomas K. Wells was made general sales manager, Flexonics Corp., Maywood, Ill. With the company 12 years, he was most recently sales manager for its bellows and aircraft divisions. Howard W. Griesbach becomes assistant sales manager, bellows division, and Richard H. Sabel was made sales development manager. Mr. Griesbach returns to Flexonics after eight years with Brown Instrument Division of Minneapolis-Honeywell Regulator Co. Mr. Sabel was general manager, Midwest Roof Deck Co.

John K. Deasy was named traffic manager to succeed A. S. Earp, retired, at Weirton Steel Co., division of National Steel Corp., Weirton, W. Va. F. J. Walliser and H. E. Freas were made assistant traffic managers.

Robert P. Allison was appointed manufacturing consultant to General Electric Co.'s Weathertron department, Bloomfield, N. J. He will co-ordinate manufacturing facilities with product development. Mr. Allison formerly was manager of manufacturing of conduit products for GE's construction materials department in Bridgeport, Conn.

Ross A. McCallum is general purchasing agent of Plate & Structural Steel Ltd., Canada.

Raymond E. Hale was made resident manager of Jones & Laughlin Steel Corp.'s new Louisville warehouse.



RAYMOND A. THON
. . . GM's quality control dir. at Rochest

Rochester Products Division, Rechester, N. Y., appointed Raymon A. Thon director of quality control for all items manufactured by the division of General Motors Corp. His association with GM began in 1915. He has been serving as a sistant director of quality control.

Robert J. Bodeman was transferred to the Chicago sales office of Harbison-Walker Refractories C. He was in the basic sales depaidment in Pittsburgh. Ernest Ullom, a salesman in the Buffs office, was transferred to the New York sales office.

Allied Research Sales Corp., Stisidiary, Allied Research Production., appointed Tom Richards as representative in Cincinnati.

Clifford S. Stephens, formerly charge of the Washington of of Trion Inc., McKees Rocks, J was appointed assistant to the prident.

R. M. Ellis, former factory resentative in the United States 1 Canada for Lister-Blackstone 1 was appointed a special representative in Canada for the englishment of National Supply 1. Ltd., with headquarters in Torc 3. Ont.

James E. Butler was appoid manager of product sales of Franklin Balmar Corp., Baltin e. He will have offices in New Years

E. P. Additon will be locate in Pittsburgh as sales engineer or



Wickwire oil tempered wire . . .

STEEL RIBS FOR HEAVY UMBRELLAS, TOO

Not all oil tempered wire is used for springs. A typical example of its diversified applications is the familiar beach umbrella, also used on lawns and terraces, and in modified form on tractors, bulldozers and similar equipment.

For the steel ribs of these heavy umbrellas many manufacturers find Wickwire oil tempered wire ideal. This wire is stiff so as to retain its shape; uniform so that all wires bend the same; flexible so that the wires follow the contour of the umbrella; and ductile so that they may be easily swaged.

Wickwire oil tempered wire is available in a size range from .007" to .5625". Round wire can be supplied in coils or cut lengths. Wickwire also manufactures flat tempered wire.

High or low carbon steel...in all tempers, grades and finishes—For the Wire You Require; Check First With Wickwire.

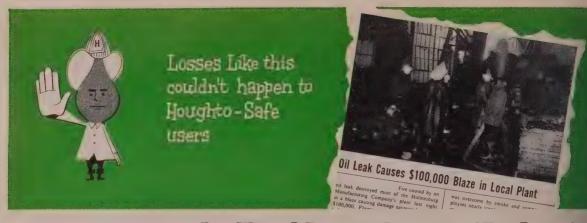
THE COLORADO FUEL AND IRON CORPORATION - Denver and Oakland
WICKWIRE SPENCER STEEL DIVISION - Atlanta - Boston - Buffalo
Chicago - Detroit - New Orleans - New York - Philadelphia

WICKWIRE WIRE



PRODUCT OF WICKWIRE SPENCER STEEL DIVISION

Pr 19, 1953



New Hydraulic Fluid Won't Burn or Explode! Houghton HOUGHTO-SAFE IS SAFE 7 WAYS!



CONVENTIONAL OIL BURNS INSTANTLY...

An atomized jet of regular hydraulic oil pressure-sprayed into flame from a blow torch ignited immediately into an 8-foot blaze!



HOUGHTO-SAFE WOULDN'T IGNITE!
This non-flammable fluid, similarly
sprayed under pressure into the same
flame, would not ignite—no flash, no
flame!



Ask the Houghton Man for our new bulletin, containing research data, case histories and pictured proof of Houghto-Safe's efficiency. Or write to E. F. Houghton & Co., Philadelphia 33, Pa. for answers to any questions you may have about this new safe hydraulic fluid.

Perfected after more than five years of research and field testing, Houghto-Safe of protection to both men and machines. This new hydraulic fluid . . . rated "accepte from the fire hazard standpoint" by Factory Mutual . . . now proves that fire-resist qualities can be obtained without loss in operating efficiency! In steel metal working, die casting, welding and forging plants—in fact, any hydraulic option near open flames or extreme heat—Houghto-Safe is the long-awaited answer. He are 7 good reasons why it's really safe . . .

- 1t's Non-Flammable—This newly-developed hydraulic fluid won't burn flash—even when sprayed into an open flame.
 - Prevents Corrosion—The new formula contains inhibitors developed Houghton to prevent corrosion and rust in any hydraulic system.
- 3. It is Non-Toxic—Safe for workers to handle—and it bears no unpleasant of
- 4. Fortified Lubricity Saves Equipment—Reinforced for high film strength a chemical additive that gives metal parts greater protection for longer period
- 5. Oxidation Stability Adds Extra Life—Its exceptional resistance to oxidate assures longer service life—proved by over 5500 hours of testing in equipment in actual use.
- **6.** High Viscosity Index Reduces Wear—New Houghto-Safe has a viscosity in of 150, showing its stability through widely fluctuating temperatures, and proing safe operation at all normal temperatures. It won't freeze—pumps ea at zero without preheating.
- **7.** Safe for Packings—Has no ill effect on synthetic rubber packings—neit attacks them nor impairs their high efficiency throughout their effective





WILLIAM RODGERS
... Blaw-Knox v. p.-gen, sales mgr.

w-Knox's chemical plants divi-

Viliam Rodgers was elected vice psident and general sales manear of Blaw-Knox Co., Pittsrigh. He has served in the latter partition since joining the company (April, 1953.

nes P. Raugh joins Cunneen Co., ladelphia, to head its industrial rations. He has resigned as vice sident of General Refractories where he has been associated the last 25 years.

Hichiner Mfg. Co., Milford, N. H., pointed Donald W. B. Kelley assiant to A. F. Hitchiner in its mional sales of precision investart castings.

E.F. Drew & Co. Inc., New York, used M. E. Reiner division maner in charge of its power chemes division.



LEO L. GILL
. . . Harbison-Walker appointment

Leo L. Gill, since 1923 in the engineering and technical sales departments of Harbison-Walker Refractories Co., Pittsburgh, was appointed manager, technical sales department.

Gordon W. Rowand was made assistant sales manager, Link-Belt Speeder Corp., with headquarters at Cedar Rapids, Iowa. He was district representative in Illinois, Michigan and Indiana.

Howard Alperin joined Zeigler Steel Service Corp., Los Angeles, as sales representative for the southeast Los Angeles industrial area and Orange county, Calif.

Rolled Steel Products Corp. named Robert W. Otter Milwaukee sales representative.

Robert Carr was made sales engineer in the Chicago branch sales office of Reed-Prentice Corp.



ROSS B. HOPKINS
. . . plant metallurgist at Rodney Metals

Rodney Metals Inc., New Bedford, Mass., appointed Ross B. Hopkins plant metallurgist. For the last 13 years Mr. Hopkins has been associated with American Steel & Wire Division, U. S. Steel Corp.

Raymond H. Rice, engineering vice president, and James S. Smithson, manufacturing vice president, were elected to the board of North American Aviation Inc., Los Angeles.

Sterling Electric Motors Inc., Los Angeles, appointed John F. Curd district manager at Cincinnati, location of which office has been moved to 2904 Woodburn Ave. Leonard A. Johnson was made comptroller of the company.

Livingstone Engineering Co., Worcester, Mass., appointed L. E. Petzinger field engineer for northern Ohio with headquarters in Cleveland.

DITUARIES...

the board of Mueller Co., Decatur, died Oct. 7.

**ry G. Metz, secretary and purling agent of Diefendorf Gear Syracuse, N. Y., died Oct. 1.

iam P. Stein, 80, president and dunder of William P. Stein Co. Rochester, N. Y., died Oct. 5.

" ard W. Parsons, until recently

technical director of Ohio Brass Co.'s main plant in Mansfield, O., died Oct. 5 after a long illness.

Chester B. Hamilton, 69, president and founder of Hamilton Gear & Machine Co., Toronto, Ont., died Oct. 5.

George F. Applegate, secretary and sales manager, Ajax Electrothermic Corp., Trenton, N. J., died Sept. 27.

Charles A. Kelly, 73, a mechanical

engineer with Bucyrus-Erie Co., Milwaukee, died Oct. 3.

Erik G. Grundstrom, 68, chairman of the board and factory manager, Advance Aluminum Castings Corp., Chicago, died Oct. 4.

H. N. Nelson, 43, assistant sales manager, Findlay, O., Division, Gar Wood Industries, died Sept. 29.

E. J. Skinner, board chairman, Skinner Chuck Co., New Britain, Conn., died Oct. 7.

Aids Mexican Industry

Knapp Mills organizes firm to improve efficiency in lead products plants in Mexico

FORMATION of Knapp Mills de Mexico, S.A., with headquarters in Mexico City, is announced by Knapp Mills Inc., New York, producer of lead-clad steel and lead-clad copper.

Mexico produces about 15 per cent of the world's lead. Nevertheless, in order to meet the high standards of the growing chemical and process industries, it is necessary for Mexico to export its lead to be fabricated into such products as sheet lead and lead pipe because standards of manufacture in that country are not adequate. The finished products then have to be shipped back into Mexico for end use there.

High Quality—In recent years, the American chemical industry has built many plants in Mexico. Both the American firms and the Mexican chemical producers insist on finished equipment capable of resisting the corrosion produced by acids and chemicals.

Knapp Mills has been making a survey of the facilities of Mexican lead products plants with a view toward improving methods of manufacture to bring them up to American standards. The newly-created firm has entered into a contract with the principal Mexican lead products producer, A. Valezzi Sucs., S. A., under which it will acquaint Valezzi with all of the knowledge, skills and methods required to produce the highest quality lead products.

In return, Knapp Mills de Mexico received an exclusive contract for the distribution and sale of such products in Mexico and the United States. This arrangement will eliminate the wasteful practice of shipping Mexican lead to America only to be fabricated and shipped back to Mexico in finished form.

Installation of lead equipment for the chemical industry is frequently highly complicated. This skill is practically unknown in Mexico with the result that the chemical industry has found it necessary to import skilled workmen to install the equipment. To help solve this phase of the problem, Knapp Mills de Mexico is instructing groups of Mexican metalworkers in all skills pertaining to lead installation.

Vega Brick Output To Rise

Harbison - Walker Refractories Co., Pittsburgh, will produce Vega superduty silica brick at its Warm Springs, Calif., Works. Until recently the Warm Springs operation was devoted exclusively to the manufacture of basic refractories.

Scovill Opens Shipping Center

Scovill Mfg. Co., Waterbury, Conn., opened its \$500,000 warehousing and shipping center, located near the middle of its main plant in that city. All merchandise will be stored on wooden pallets and moved by motorized lift trucks.

Universal-Cyclops Expands

Universal-Cyclops Steel Corp., Bridgeville, Pa., purchased Vanadium Corp. of America's land and buildings in that city. Vanadium Corp. recently moved its operations to a new plant location near Cambridge, O., and had terminated production at Bridgeville.

Universal-Cyclops says the ad-



All-Cable Bridge

Just completed, this is the first "all-cable" highway suspension bridge ever built, says the builder, John A. Roebling's Sons Corp., Trenton, N. J. Located in El Salvador, the \$2.5-million San Marcos bridge uses only stressed diagonal cables with no steel girders to support bridge deck

ditional facilities were acquired provide for its research and deopment program. The compasays that it has no present plfor utilization of the property buildings for steel manufacture other production use.

V & O Press Names Agent

V & O Press Co., division of E hart Mfg. Co., Hudson, N. manufacturer of power press automatic feeds and special equipment, appointed James Engineer & Machinery Co., Detroit, as representative in that area.

Yale & Towne Forms Division

Yale & Towne Mfg. Co., N York, established a Powdered M al Products Division, consolidati the company's expanding oper tions in the field of powder met lurgy. The new division unifies u der one management the recent acquired Powdered Metal Produc Corp. of America, Franklin Par Ill., and the American Sinter Alloys Division, Bethel, Conn., a quired by Yale & Towne in 195 George L. Bachner, formerly predent of PMPCA, was appoint general manager of the new vision with headquarters in Fran lin Park.

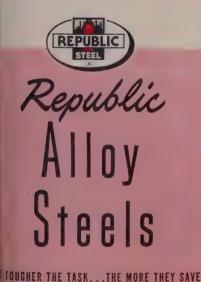
Equipment Firm Changes Name

Consolidated Car-Heating C Inc., Albany, N. Y., changed is corporate name to Consolidate Metal Products Corp. The conpany produces bus, rapid transand railway equipment. Officeare: Harold H. Shincel, president G. E. Oakley, vice president; M. Roos, secretary; and E. E. Lelum, treasurer.

Rheem Plans West Coast Plan

Seattle officials of Rheem McCo., New York, confirm to STI the purchase of a 15½-acre trat Tacoma, Wash., where it planned to construct a plant n year. Before plans are fully veloped, surveys will be made determine the type of prod that, is most in demand in tarea and designs will be work out accordingly. Rheem magactures steel containers, tare





Just fill in and mail this coupon

other for spheroidal structures.

It was prepared for you by Republic Metallurgists—to help you obtain positive results when annealing alloy steels. This handy slide calculator provides data on standard AISI analyses ranging from 1035 to 9850—for both conventional and isothermal anneal. One side gives information for producing lamellar structures, the

Get your annealing calculator now ... IT'S FREE ...

REPUBLIC STEEL CORPORATION, ADVERTISING DIVISION

Street_____



Electric Plant Tests by the Acre

In a block-long bay which D. W. Onan & Sons Inc., Minneapolis, describes as the "world's largest electric plant test room," Onan electric plants get their initial trial runs. The test room has a capacity of 640 electric plants of all sizes per day. At any given moment during an average day's testing, the roomful of power units puts out about 1 million watts, enough to light a small town

heating equipment and many other products.

Pipe Fabricator Expanding

Structural Steel & Forge Co., Salt Lake City, Utah, now is operating a pipe seam welding machine for use on large diameter pipe, purchased from Penn Tool & Machine Co., Danville, O., at a cost of \$50,000. Other new equipment on order will enable the company to turn out 20 to 36 in. pipe in lengths of up to 30 ft.

Stanley Seeks Loan for Plant

Stanley Aviation Corp., Buffalo, is negotiating for a government loan to build a plant at Aurora, Colo.

Pekay Consolidates Offices

Because of increasing orders for foundry equipment installations and expanding sales of materials handling equipment nationally, Pekay Machine & Engineering Co., Chicago, has consolidated all engineering, design and sales service functions in its main offices at Chicago. The firm closed its Detroit office under this program. Specializing in sand handling sys-

tems and equipment, the company also does a substantial business in custom tube-bending and other metal processing and in the sale of patented elevator conveyor buckets, depth control devices for metalworking machines and other items.

Advertising Department Moved

Advertising department of Crucible Steel Co. of America, Trent Tube Co. and Rem-Cru Titanium Inc., under the direction of Michael Stumm, is now located in the Oliver building, Pittsburgh. This unit formerly was housed in the New York offices of Crucible Steel.

Norge Appoints Distributors

Norge Division, Borg-Warner Corp., Chicago, appointed as its representatives: Weiss & Besserman Co. Inc., Newark, N. J., and Appliance Distributors Inc., Des Moines, Iowa.

Julius Blum Opens Warehouse

Julius Blum & Co., producers and suppliers of stock elements for ornamental metal work; steel and nonferrous bars, shapes and tubing; plastics; metalworking machinery, opened general of and warehouse at Carlstadt, I The firm will maintain for a months its former warehouse 532 W. 22nd St., New York.

Hagan Names West Coast Ag

George J. Hagan Co., P burgh, appointed W. P. W dridge Co., San Francisco, branch offices in Los Angeles Salt Lake City, Utah, as its w ern sales representative. Part lar emphasis will be given to gan automatic rotary-hearth naces.

Monroe Tube Enlarges Plant

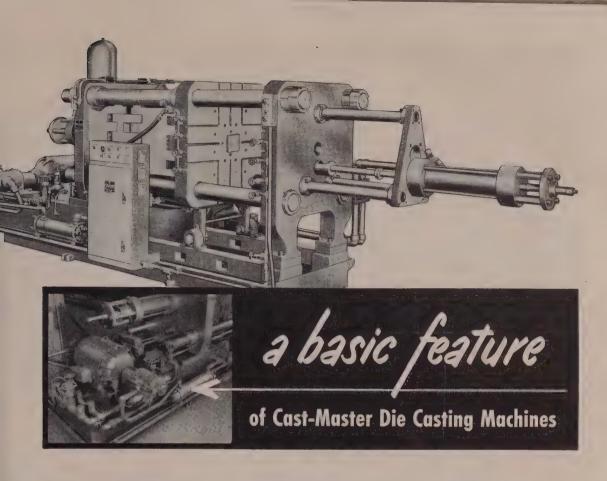
Monroe Tube Co. Inc., Mor N. Y., completed construction 10,000-sq-ft addition to its plane The company makes cold-dr steel, mechanical seamless, conder, heat exchanger and president tubing.

Porter-Cable Sells Division

Industrial Abrasive-belt Grid Division, Porter-Cable Machine Syracuse, N. Y., became the perty of Engelberg Huller Co. I that city, on Oct. 1. For Por Cable, the grinder transact marks another phase of its prog to concentrate its activities in portable electric tool indus Since World War II the comphas been acquiring the rights other power tool interests we dropping unrelated lines.

AISE Elects Officers

Eric L. Anderson, superinte ent of the electrical departm Bethlehem Steel Co., Johnsto Pa., was elected president Association of Iron & Steel gineers, Pittsburgh. Other offic are: John H. Vohr, general sul intendent, U. S. Steel Corp., G Ind., first vice president; W. Collison, assistant general suj intendent, Blast Furnace Divis Great Lakes Steel Corp., Eco Mich., second vice president; D. O'Roark, assistant to manage service and maintenance, Weir Steel Co., Weirton, W. Va., tre urer: and Leonard Larson, cl engineer, Republic Steel Co Cleveland, secretary.



Ross Exchangers for oil cooling





Designed to apply a locking pressure of 500 tons in producing aluminum castings up to 10½ lbs. per shot, this Model B 20-A Cast-Master incorporates many outstanding basic features. Among them: a Ross Type BCF Exchanger.

Hydraulic oil supplied by the 130-gal. reservoir is thereby kept from overheating and thinning. Capacity-robbing pump slippage is prevented!

"Ross Exchangers are doing their job so well that we accept them as one of the family", states Cast-Master, Inc.

Vouching for the rugged dependability of Ross Type BCF Exchangers are numerous other leading manufacturers of varied types of hydraulic machinery. They, too, have adopted these pre-engineered, fully standardized, all copper and copper alloy units.

For more facts, request Bulletin 1.1K5.

KEWANEE-ROSS CORPORATION

DIVISION OF AMERICAN RADIATOR & STANDARD SANITARY CORPORATION
1431 WEST AVENUE - BUFFALO 13, N. Y.
In Canada: Kewanee-Ross of Canada Limited, Toronto 5, Ont.

& home and industry: AMERICAN-STANDARD . AMERICAN BLOWER . CHURCH SEATS & WALL TILE . BETROIT CONTROLS . KEWAMEE BOILERS . ROSS EXCHANGERS . SUMBEAM AIR CONDITIONERS

er 19, 1953

Packard Electric Expands

General Motors' division is enlarging its facilities to fabricate copper wire

PACKARD ELECTRIC Division, General Motors Corp., Warren, O., plans the largest single expansion program in its history. The project involves new building construction and the rearrangement of existing facilities. When completed, it will expand and extend the division's facilities to fabricate copper wire.

Plans call for a new plant of about 200,000 sq ft which will house a copper rod mill for conversion of wire bar to rod, as well as expanded wire drawing and magnet wire facilities.

Unification—B. N. MacGregor, general manager of the division, says that the "project will make possible a modern, integrated, highly efficient operation converting basic copper in wire bar form as received from the refineries to finished magnet wire or automobile wire all in one location."

Packard recently completed its 12th expansion program which was started in 1951 and involved the erection of an administration and employee facilities building, as well as construction of an addition to Packard's plant No. 8 on Paige avenue and Griswold street, Warren. Initial production in this plant was announced recently.

In addition to being a major supplier of wiring assemblies for the automotive, aircraft and appliance industries, the division also supplies fractional horsepower motors for the home appliance field.

Trailmobile Opens Branch

Trailmobile Inc., Cincinnati, opened a factory branch in New Haven, Conn. Kenneth A. Jefferies is manager of this branch which is part of the company's Eastern Division of which John J. Peterson is division manager.

Pipe Firm Expanding

As part of its program of expansion in the extrusion of pipe and the fabrication of plastic structures, Atlas Mineral Products Co., Mertztown, Pa., organized a Thermoplastic Structures

Division. The division has established fabrication shops and sales outlets in Boston; Cincinnati; Cleveland; Detroit; Houston; Los Angeles; Milwaukee; Philadelphia; St. Louis; Johnson City, Tenn.; Passaic, N. J.; Peoria, Ill.; and Waterbury, Conn.

Work Saving Week

NATIONAL drive to make work easier in America's factories is being organized by John R. Immer, director, Work Saving International, Silver Spring, Md. Factories are urged to plan now for a local Work Saving Week campaign to coincide with the national drive during the week of Nov. 16-20.

Idea of the campaign is to stimulate interest in improved methods. Suggestion systems, training programs and worker-supervisor committees are well-known techniques in American industry. The proposed campaign will bring these and other techniques together into a unified program which increases the effectiveness of each technique and produces a receptive attitude to new ideas in the shop. Similar campaigns are being held in many other countries.

Iron Furniture Firm Expands

A 50 per cent increase in production is expected to result from a newly completed expansion at California Wrought Iron Co.'s plant in Pasadena, Calif. The firm's space is now about 20,000 sq ft for production of wrought iron furniture.

R-S Furnace Incorporated

Furnace Division of R-S Products Corp. was incorporated and will be known as R-S Furnace Corp., a subsidiary of Hardinge Co. Inc., York, Pa. The new corporation will maintain its sales and engineering offices at the same address as formerly, 4555 Germantown Ave., Philadelphia 44.

R-S Furnace Corp. produces naces for billet-heating, for and heat-treating of steel nonferrous materials.

Expansion Program Progress

Electro Metallurgical Co., I York, has completed the first nace in a \$29-million expanprogram at Ashtabula, O. The is housed in a newly built st ture of precast concrete panels of steel supporting members. We on six other electric furnaces the plant is continuing.

Plating Firm Organized

Harper-Leader Inc. was orgized by Perry J. Sloane and Isic Cross in Waterbury, Conn. firm specializes in plating of picious metals. Engineering and corative applications of the plum family of metals are a scialty. Laboratory facilities are available for experimental adevelopment work.

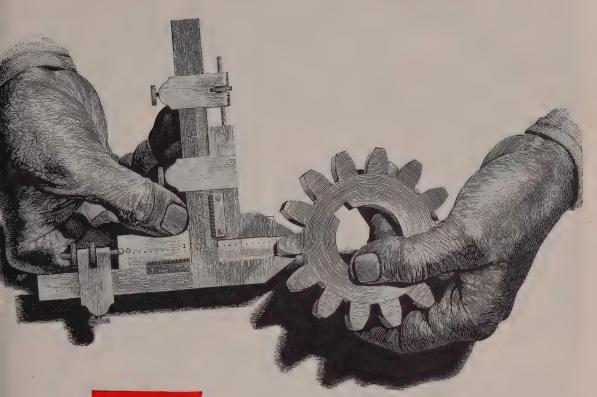
Wolff Heads Association

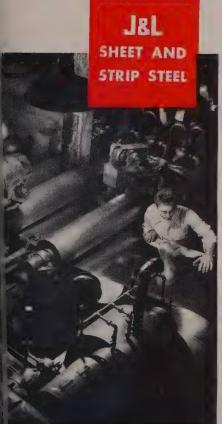
Burton L. Wolff, president Benjamin Wolff & Co., Melr Park, Ill., was elected president National Association of Alumin Distributors. Other officers a Vice president, Wayne Rising, I commun Metals & Supply Co., I Angeles; vice president, John Hill III, Hill-Chase & Co. Inc., Pladelphia; treasurer, Marvin Marsh, Marsh Steel Corp., Not Kansas City, Mo.

United Stove Changes Name

United Stove Co. changed corporate name to United Met Craft Co., Ypsilanti, Mich., a si sidiary of Gar Wood Industr Inc., Wayne, Mich. E. R. Leed executive vice president of C Wood and president of Unit says that the subsidiary is p ducing custom stampings, com nents and assemblies for the asmotive and appliance industr and automotive hydraulic frequipment marketed by Natic Lift Co., another Gar Wood sidiary.

United also is commencing rication of a line of metal holh hold products, including ut





Like a precision gear...

STEELMAKING, TOO, REQUIRES EXACT MEASUREMENTS

Whatever your requirements for formability, uniformity, or drawing qualities, you'll find J&L Sheet & Strip... accurately and faithfully produced to meet your specifications. Complete understanding of the end-use of the sheet or strip you order is a rigid requirement of J&L production. You can depend upon J&L products to fit your production line.

JONES & LAUGHLIN STEEL CORPORATION
PITTSBURGH





You know you can count on his help

When the need was grim and the time was short, this man somehow always got there to see things through. You called him, *knowing* he would come.

And this "old-fashioned" idea of responsibility and service still lives today, in those individuals and enterprises that have been fortunate enough to inherit it. It governs *this* enterprise, for one, in its relationships with all those who depend on it for knowledge, integrity, and willing ac-

ceptance of full responsibility in time of need. We honor these *men with missions*, because we understand them well.

The Bristol Brass Corporation, makers of Brass since 1850 in Bristol, Conn. Offices of warehouses in Boston, Chicago, Cleveland, Dayton, Detroit, Los Angeles, Milwaukee, New York Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Providence, Rochester

"Bristol-Fashion" means Brass at its Best

oles, serving carts, and lawn furure. Under an agreement wich
exi-Fend Inc., Washington,
ited has the exclusive manufacring rights pertaining to a comaction metal and rubber mudard for use on highway trucks
d trailers. Several other prodits are being considered, the potial of which will increase
ited's activities to its produce capacity, says Mr. Leeder.

Simplified Pricing

MANY of the complexities of grinding wheel pricing, a long-standing problem for that industry, have been eliminated by a new system developed by United States Rubber Co., New York.

The simplified net pricing schedule will allow direct computation of net prices for most items, including straight side, cup and cone wheels. Only for unusual specifications is it necessary to apply an extra step.

The new pricing procedure eliminates complicated schedules, list price additions and variety of multipliers which have been the accepted tools in determining the price of a grinding wheel.

ers Fabricating Field

ed Nelson Co., Portland, Oreg., is to engage in metal fabring and erection, using the n Island plant which was aerly headquarters of Thomp-Metal Fabricating Co.

on Opens Georgia Plant

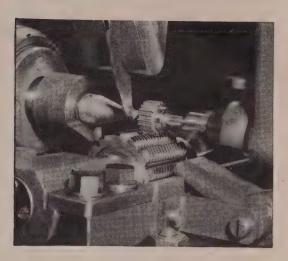
alon Inc., Meadville, Pa., dedid its newest southern plant, ted in Cleveland, Ga. Managet of the plant is under the suision of Lewis R. Cooper.

n Metal Appoints Agent

uibert Steel Co., Pittsburgh, appointed by Penn Metal Co. New York and Parkersburg, Va., as distributor for the r company's Lightsteel structure.

FINE PITCH HOBS

FOR PRODUCTION HOBBING



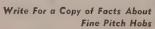
OF PRECISION FINE PITCH GEARS UP TO 270 DIAMETRAL PITCH

Barber-Colman Hob Engineers have developed special techniques for manufacturing hobs as fine as 270 pitch. These fine pitch hobs can be supplied to meet your specific accuracy requirements, ranging from Class AA to Class C tolerances, depending upon pitch.

Continuous development by Barber-Colman engineers with both Hobs and Hobbing Machines has resulted in standard production techniques for gears in this pitch range. Most of these gears are cut on Barber-Colman No. 1½ and 6-10 Hobbing Machines, or for maximum accuracy on No. 6-10 Precision Machines. Gear tolerances of .0003" total composite error, and .0002" tooth-to-tooth composite error, are now possible in these finer pitches. When you require small, fine pitch gears in high production with close limits of accuracy, call your Barber-Colman representative for assistance. With the precision and engineering built into the hobs and machines, he can help you reduce these requirements to ordinary gear cutting procedure.









81



Barber-Colman Company

GENERAL OFFICES AND PLANT, 7710 ROCK STREET, ROCKFORD, ILLINOIS

er 19, 1953

ALUMINUM IS WHY

IT'S EIGHT MINUTES FROM

"WET WASH" TO "DAMP DRY"

The Zephyr Hydraxtor takes moisture out of clothes the same way a careful laundress would—by gentle squeezing that never pops a button or rips the sheerest fabric. In eight minutes, a sopping wet 220-pound load turns damp dry, ready for fluffing or ironing.

Cover, breech ring and clamp ring of the Hydraxtor all posed tough problems, for they had to combine light weight and low cost with easy machinability and elimination of red rust. On one or more counts, the manufacturer disqualified fabricated steel, galvanized cast steel and cast stainless steel.

Then he found the answer—aluminum sand castings. Combined weight of the three parts fell from 1,000 pounds to 400. Savings on material ranged up to 98 cents per pound. And still greater economies were realized from the easy machinability traditional with aluminum, and from lower freight charges.

ALCOA IS HOW Alcoa experience in sand casting and o foundries to furnish the specific al

Alcoa drew on 42 years' experience in sand casting and operation of five sand foundries to furnish the specific alloy and the qualified counsel to make these Hydraxtor parts practical. And because no local foundry offered equivalent service, Alcoa undertook the actual production, as well. Whatever your problem in light-metal castings—sand, die, permanent mold or plaster—you can draw on Alcoa's widespread facilities for the answer. Start by calling your Alcoa sales office, or write: Aluminum Company of America, 877-K Alcoa Building, Pittsburgh 19, Pa.

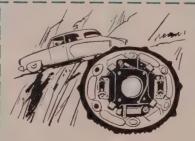


Aluminum

ALUMINUM COMPANY OF AMERICA



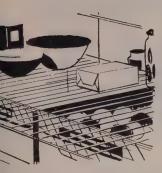
FOOD SLICERS, using permanentmold aluminum castings for the entire surface—excepting knife and gauge plate—benefit by a bright, clean, attractive appearance and enduring resistance to staining and rust streaks.



IN AUTOMOTIVE DISC BRAKES, pressure plates of cast aluminum dissipate heat with great rapidity, thus minimizing thermal expansion and resultant "fade," or decreased braking action. They're lighter, too, and that helps reduce the unsprung weight.



spoke wheels for trucks and trailers, when made of cast steel or malleable iron, tip the scales at 80 pounds. Made as aluminum permanent-mold castings, they are 36 pounds lighter—a notable reduction in unsprung weight that permits a higher payload.



COA® ALUMINUM takes all ishes that other metals will take plus gleaming, rust-resistant odic coatings which are best aluminum.



*TOOL AND JIG PLATE - Forming and bending dies for aluminum shapes are economical when made of Alcoa Tool and Jig Plate. It is a cast product. Stress relieved, with close tolerances of flatness and surface smoothness.



BRICATING this double-wall e cap formerly involved an exasive welding operation. Now it impact extruded by a single ss stroke at Alcoa's Edgewater . J.) plant.



*FASTENERS of aluminum are made by Alcoa in every commercial size and shape. A must with aluminum assemblies, they also dress up wood and plastic products.



USTRIAL BUILDING SHEET of hoa Aluminum is light and easy prastall. It never requires paintis or maintenance—costs far less ti you'd think.



ALCOA COVERED WIRE is widely used for secondary distribution and service drop cable. It is light, easy to install-costs far less than copper conductor.

Products marked* are available from your local Alcoa Distributor listed here



ALARAMA

Birmingham Hinkle Supply Co.

CALIFORNIA

Los Angeles Ducommun Metals & Supply Co. Pacific Metals Co., Ltd. San Francisco Pacific Metals Co., Ltd.

COLORADO

Denver Metal Goods Corp.

CONNECTICUT Milford Edgcomb Steel of New England, Inc.

Hialeah Florida Metals, Inc. Jacksonville Florida Metals, Inc.

GEORGIA

Atlanta J. M. Tuli Metal & Supply Co., Inc.

ILLINOIS

Chicago Central Steel & Wire Co. Steel Sales Corp. LOUISIANA

New Orleans Metal Goods Corp.

MARYLAND

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Products Co., Inc.

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OHIO

Tampa Florida Metals, Inc. . Cincinnati Williams & Co., Inc. Cleveland Williams & Co., Inc. Columbus Williams & Co., Inc. Toledo Williams & Co., Inc.

OKLAHOMA

Tulsa Metal Goods Corp.

DREGON

Portland Pacific Metal Co.

PENNSYLVANIA

Philadelphia Edgcomb Steel Co. Whitehead Metal Products Co., Inc. Pittsburgh Williams & Co., Inc.

TEXAS

Dallas Metal Goods Corp. Houston Metal Goods Corp.

UTAH

Salt Lake City Pacific Metals Co., Ltd.

WASHINGTON

Seattle Pacific Metal Co.

WISCONSIN

Milwaukee Central Steel and Wire Co. Steel Sales Corp.



REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

PHENOLIC OIL FREE COATINGS:

Baking Type—Self-Curing Type



Pictured above is a battery of steel tanks which have been HERESITE TREATED on the job site.

HERESITE INDUSTRIAL COATINGS have excellent Chemical Resistance and ability to withstand continuous operating temperatures of 450° Fah. They offer smooth, non-porous, odorless, tasteless and non-toxic surfaces which are readily cleaned, repairable if accidentally damaged and also resistant to thermo-shock.

Installations of HERESITE linings to steel tanks varying in size up to 3 million gallons have been made

in the Chemical Industry located in Louisiana, Arka sas, Alabama, Tennessee, Georgia, New Jersey, A zona, Illinois, Texas, Maryland, New York, Wiscons in Europe, Germany and Switzerland.

Field Crews under the leadership of trained p sonnel backed by fifteen years of experience in HEF SITE applications on the job site, are available.

HERESITE & CHEMICAL COMPANY

MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN

BRANCH OFFICE: 327 South La Salle Street, Chicago, Illinois

STEEL

October 19, 1953

Technical

Outlook

the shell molding process may eventually result in as much as 50 per cent reduction in mount of phenolic resin required for each mold, as the prediction of a Monsanto Chemical oficial. Currently shell molds contain about six er cent resin by weight. Another prediction: y 1957, process will consume 50 million pounds it resin as compared to 8 to 10 million in 1953.

dortcut—Cast and forged steels of idential composition in low and medium alloy range are comparable hardenability when variations and grain sizes are considered. This type of information, generally out of reach of shops not position to support organized research, is conined in PB 109459, a publication of the Naval esearch Laboratory. Called "The Hardenability of Cast Steel," it's available from Library Congress.

JBRICATED HI-SPEED STEELS—Latrobe eel Co. announces production of high speed ol steels of regular analyses, to which have en added uniformly-distributed sulphide lubrints in a new form. Addition of the lubricant made practicable by the desegatized process veloped by the company several years ago. lled the X.L. series, steels are available in 1, M-2 and M-10 types and all sizes and shapes which these types are normally furnished.

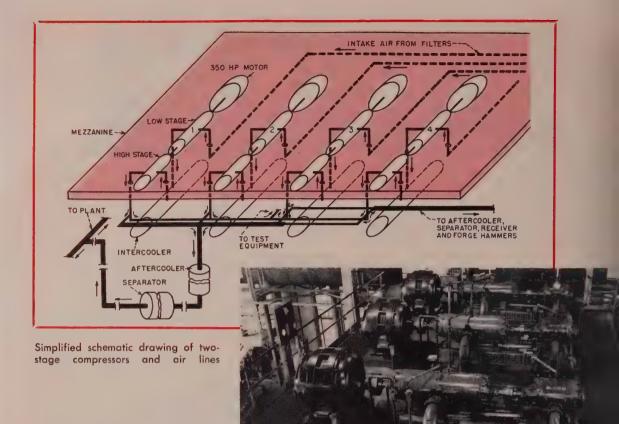
or PEENING TIPS—Findings of a General tors research project report some interesting relusions: 1) There's a minimum shot velocity ond which any additional air pressure is sted. 2) Exposure time also follows this minum rule, hence added time is wasted. 3) Shot influence on fatigue life is slight over full lige of pressures and exposure times. 4) Peenincreased fatigue life 20 times over nonned specimens. 5) Specimens peened while

under tensile strain showed 200 times the fatigue life of non-peened, 10 times that of strain-free peened specimens. Test pieces were typical automotive leaf springs.

RED RESEARCH—Russia has announced it hopes to produce steels free of phosphorus and sulphur. To study dephosphorization and desulphurization, it's using radioactive isotopes of the two elements.

HIGH STRESS PLASTIC—Fluorocarbon plastic material of M. W. Kellogg Co., Jersey City subsidiary of Pullman Inc., is reported to remain transparent indefinitely and survive severe corrosion, extreme temperatures, shock and vibration. Called Kel-F, the plastic's high compressive strength and resiliency permit mounting bolts to be pulled up to leak tightness without immediate or eventual shattering. Current use: Sight glasses on transmission housings for helicopters.

WHAT'S ON THE INSIDE -Color metallography itself isn't new, but in their efforts to solve some of the unknowns, Firth Sterling discovered a new heat tinting technique that opens up the applications. Story and four-color examples are on p. 93 . . . In big plants, air systems can gobble up a lot of working area. American Bridge put their compressors on a mezzanine, with satisfactory results, p. 86 . . . Alcoa is out of the experimental woods with their big Schloeman press in Cleveland. What they've learned is on p. 88 . . . Gas plating of metals has taken some significant strides of late. Story on p. 120 will bring you up to date . . . Burroughs uses small rotary straighteners to speed up production of high-tolerance shafts on p. 97 . . . And big reason for smooth-running Cadillac engine is shrink-fit in the piston assembly. Story on p. 103.



Closeup of the four 1660-cfm, 105psi compressors. The 350-hp driving motors are seen at left. Handwheels, right, control valves under balcony

Compressed Air System Is Spacesaver

By E. P. MEIXSELL, Manager
Compressor Department
Fuller Co.
Catasauqua, Pa.

COMPRESSED air system of the American Bridge Division, U. S. Steel Corp., Ambridge, Pa., is a vital utility in the fabrication of structural steel into sections for bridges, office buildings, factories, barges, transmission towers and other large structures. It services a plant having an area of over 6 million sq ft.

The system supplies power for operating riveting, chipping and

Four units at American Bridge have a total capacity of 6640 cfm at 105 psi. Compact two-stage rotary compressors, mounted on a mezzanine, serve 6 million sq ft of plant area

grinding equipment, forging hammers and such general equipment as air clutches and air-operated clamping devices. Without compressed air, the plant would shut down in short order.

Mezzanine Mounted—To provide this necessary utility, the company operates four two-stage rotary compressors. Novel feature of the installation is that it is mounted on a 16-foot high mezzanine for spacesaving reasons as well as insu ance against possible floods.

Each of the four compressors driven by a 350-hp 80-per-cer power-factor synchronous mot and has a capacity of 1660-c free air delivery when compressito 105-pound gage discharge presure. Total capacity, therefore, 6640 cfm.

Filters — Each compressor ceives air through individual





are located in an enclosure along power house draw clean air from outdoors through louvers at Filters are cleaned weekly when plant is down

This 4500-pound air hammer was formerly operated by high pressure steam. A 428-cu-ft receiver tank services it and other smaller hammers throughout plant

air filters which are enclosed small room constructed along outside wall of the power e. Wall is fitted with louvers ermit outside air, rather than air, to be drawn into the s. Outside air, being in concirculation, generally carries lust particles than does the in-Even in this location must be cleaned weekly day) to be sure that no dust through to the compressors. is compressed to about 30 ds in the first stage and flows gh an intercooler to the d stage where it is further ressed to 105 pounds. Interr lowers the air temperature approximately 250°F to apmately 90°F (depending on ig water temperatures). Inplers are suspended below the ressor floor at each unit.

ey are equipped with drains emoval of any water which condense out of the air and t in the intercoolers. Inters and compressor water jackch receive cooling water dirom the supply line. That ter does not flow in series one unit to the next but flows ach unit and out to drain-

rcoolers — All compressors rge into a common drain carries the air through a on aftercooler and oil-andseparator prior to distribution throughout the plant. The aftercooler brings the air temperature down from approximately 300°F to approximately 70°F. The separator removes any oil and condensate which may carry over from the compressors and aftercooler.

Two of the compressors also are arranged to supply air to an independent auxiliary line which services four forge hammers. This line has its own aftercooler and oil/water separator.

Into the Mains—From the main aftercooler, air passes to a 12-inch main which distributes it to the north and south ends of the plant. General air applications require nominal quantities of air for a given operation, and the piping system alone provides sufficient receiver capacity.

However, air demand of forging hammers is such as to make it advisable to provide a storage "cushion," and a 428-cu-ft receiver is supplied for that purpose. One 4500-pound hammer alone has an 18-inch diameter cylinder x 48-inch stroke. This hammer, incidentally, formerly was operated with high-pressure steam and was changed over to air when the company discontinued generation of high pressure steam.

Working Load—Over a 24-hour three-shift period the plant requires approximately $3\frac{1}{2}$ million cu ft of air. Since the hammer

load has been added all four compressors are necessary to supply plant needs. Three are set for continuous operation. Output of the fourth is regulated automatically with the compressor unloader set to cut out once 105-pound pressure has been reached in the system. For two years during the war all four units were operated 24 hours a day, seven days a week.

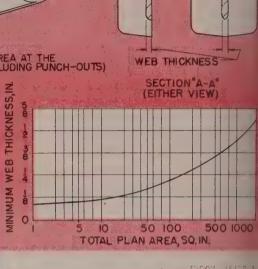
Present compressor installation dates back to 1940 at which time worn out reciprocating units were replaced. Since that time, except for periodic cleaning and lubrication, the only maintenance has been occasional replacement of bearings and replacement of worn blades about every four years.

Advantages — Having no reciprocating motion, the rotary type of compressor operates without vibration and hence does not require heavy foundations. This factor enabled American Bridge to install these compressors on a mezzanine rather than using main floor space. Also, the installed cost was about 25 per cent less than that of other compressor types.

While initial over-all efficiency is a little lower than that which can be obtained with other machines, the inherent ability of this type of unit to maintain its rated capacity, coupled with lower installed cost and lower maintenance costs, more than compensates for this factor.

Drawings show minimum web thickness of aluminum die forging based on parting line areas. Proportions are for hammer fabrication of large airframe forging. However, for general purposes, proportions are reduced about 25 per cent for hydraulic press work





PARTING LINE

Draft angles have been reduced from 7 degree to 5 to 3 degrees in use of Schloemann pres Most important reason: Knockouts in the di

Heavy Press Operation Takes Shape

Progress is being made in forging large aluminum parts on the 15,000-ton Schloemann press. Products have surface quality, dimensional uniformity, thinner webs and ribs By A. V. FAVRE Chief Production Engineer Aluminum Co. of America Cleveland

TECHNIQUES for forging large aluminum parts on the 15,000-ton Schloemann press have progressed from the experimental to the operational stage during the past year.

More than 30 different parts, involving some 5 million pounds of metal, have been forged on the heavy press at Aluminum Co. of America's Cleveland works.

Their conclusions: In general, results obtained have been encouraging from the standpoints of surface quality, dimensional uniformity, reduction of required draft angles, ability to produce thinner webs and ribs and increased die life. No improvement over hammer forgings has been noted in mechanical properties and metallurgical quality.

Surfaces—Surface quality has been characterized by greater smoothness, freedom from laps, folds and other defects that must be chipped out between hammer operations or ground out and polished in final inspection.

Reason is that forging is blocked or finished in a single stroke of the press. Small abrasions and slivers, developed by repeated hammer blows which never hit twice at the same place, are avoided.

Dimensions—Uniformity from forging to forging exceeded expectations. Dies are designed to come together, although they may not do so in hydraulic press operations. But a high degree of uniformity in total and unit pressure exists. If temperatures, dwell and

lubrication are accurately controlled, dimensional uniformit should be good. Control, of cours is not always easy.

Draft Angles—In hammer for ing practice, draft angles of degrees are standard, while the can be reduced easily to 5 to degrees in press forging. Mo important reason is ability to it corporate knockouts in dies. This / not practical in hammer die

Thinner webs and ribs seem be in the cards for forgings ma on presses. Reduced draft anglare partially responsible for su improvement. Other contributifactors include superior lubration, higher die temperatures (practical with hammer dies) adwell under pressure.

Webs, Ribs-Reduction and co

of required unit forging presare mandatory to produce any of relatively large area a have thin web sections and any ribs to fairly precise ditions. It is misleading to asextremely high pressures produce a complex forging in size.

amount of pressure will e metal to flow if conditions tot right; and no press, howpowerful, will produce a thin panel if forging and dies are operly designed.

pret lies in proper forging deproper die design and proper action practices. Over-all obre is reduction of necessary pressures to absolute mini-

required.
sign—Piece about 35 in. sq,
ring 40 tons per sq in. to
, can be produced on a press
a capacity of 50,000 tons. But
etion of pressure to 15 tons
sq in. by skillful design and
cating practices, press can
a panel about 30 x 100 inches.
erms of capacity, 50,000-ton
is equivalent to 150,000 tons
as instance.

signers can help in several For example, thin ribs, ularly boxed-in sections, to freeze between die surfaces and create enormous resistance to flow and, consequently, build up excessive die stresses. If relief can be given by providing punch outs, excess metal is given some place to flow. This makes a thinner web possible and greatly reduces required pressure. If a punch out isn't possible, designer can arrange rib disposition to avoid completely boxed-in sections and trapped metal.

Other responsibilities of the designer include determination of number of blocking dies and design impression in each, decide upon type of original stock or preformed shape and provide for gutter and flash design and flash removal.

Character of die surface has a large effect in reducing or increasing resistance to metal flow. Properly polished dies are helpful. In fact, plating may be warranted where practical.

Production—Again, over-all objectives are to promote smooth flew of metal and keep unit pressures to a minimum. Temperature of stock, temperature of dies and lubrication of dies are major considerations.

Generally speaking, the hotter the die, the lower the flow resistance; but two other problems crop up. One is die lubrication; the other is maintenance of dimensional tolerances. In the end it comes down to a proper balance of many factors that can be determined only by experience.

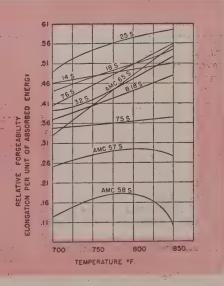
To date, thin sections, such as those contemplated for integrally stiffened wing panels, are not considered possible as forged. Thin sections of this type from 0.060 to 0.120 inch can be made only by subsequent machining. When speaking of thin web sections as forged, Alcoa means sections from about 0.140 to 0.225 inch. Former has not been achieved, but some webs have been produced without punchouts at 0.080 inch in rather heavily restricted sections up to about 100 sq in. in area.

Die Life—Experience with die life at Alcoa during the past year on the 15,000-ton press has been outstanding. But this may not be representative of what to expect in the future. There have been no major die failures, although a large, hard-plate holder was broken because of an operating error. But since few jobs have been produced in substantial volume, die mortality record cannot be taken as an index of future experience.

Adapted from a paper presented before the recent semi-annual meeting of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers at Cleveland.

STANDARD DIE CLOSURE TOLERANCES

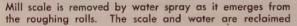
MAGNESIUM NET WEIGHT OF FORGING, IN LBS.		ALUMINUM NET WEIGHT OF FORGING, IN LBS,		DIE CLOSURE TOLERANCE, IN INCHES	
FROM .	ТО	FROM	TO	·	
0	1/4	0 .	1/4	+ 0.032	- 0.010
1/2		1/2		+ 0.032	- 0.015
i i	3		4	+ 0.045	- 0.032
3	11	4	17	+ 0.062	- 0.032
11	16	17	24	+ 0.078	- 0.032
16	33	24	50	+ 0.093	-0.032
33	67	50	100	+ 0.125	- 0.045
67	170	100	250	+ 0.187	-0.062
170		250	1	+ 0.250	-0.062



are for airframes produced on hammers, but and hydraulic press methods have factors in Length and width tolerances require control volume, temperature, die temperature, lubriand surface condition of dies and closures Relative formability of aluminum alloys: Curves were obtained through measurement of deformation of specimens with known energy absorption or through testing impact specimens at modified temperatures. The normal forging temperature is generally about 800° F

PROGRESS IN STEELMAKING







Collectors in oxide concentration tank remove so from 13,000 gpm of cooling water in about 8 minu

Making Mill Effluent Pay Off

Five-point saving includes recovery of high-iron-content scale, re-use of water, prevention of stream pollution and reduction of maintenance and scale removal costs

> By R. W. SIMPSON and WIL Chief Sanitary Engineer So Gilbert Associates, Inc.

WILLIAM GARLOW
Sanitary Engineer
es, Inc.

SEDIMENTATION basins are being used to advantage in the recovery of mill scale and cooling water.

Economies realized by reclamation of high-iron-content scale and re-use of clarified water are joined by three other desirable controls:

1. Prevention of stream pollution.

2. Reduction of maintenance costs, especially clogging sewers and 3. Decrease of labor cost in removal of mill scale.

Typical systems include a rectangular basin whose effluent passes through a circular settling unit and two or three tank parallel units.

Type One—Steel mill in the east recently installed sedimentation basins to recover scale produced in strip mill operations. Cooling water contained iron oxide and oils.

System was designed to handle

13,000 gpm. It consists of a rectangular basin (74 feet by 20 feet, with water depth of 12 feet) and a circular settling unit (125 feet in diameter with water depth of 13 feet). Oil removed by both is disposed of in a lagoon.

Reading, Pa.

Detention time in the rectangular basin is 8 minutes, and only large pieces of heavy scale are removed here for reprocessing and re-use in the mill. Effluent from this basin passes through the circular settling unit, which has a detention period of 1 hour at design flow. Its effluent is recirculated back into the mill by pumps for re-use as cooling water. Makeup water is added as needed.

Conveyors—Rectangular unit is equipped with flight-type conveyors, which drag settled scale along the horizontal bottom, then up the inclined end of the tank. Mechanical flight wiper is provided on e of incline to assure discharge scale into boxes for its easy moval by truck.

Circular unit is cleaned (wh strip mill is down for regular maitenance) by use of portable pum that move fine scale to lagoor No attempt is made to recover the scale due to particle compaction.

Two Tanks—Two-tank parall unit is used by another plant handle scale found in cooling water. Flow in system varies from 0 to 850 gpm, with maximum 850 gpm being maintained whall units in the mill are in operation. System was designed to had the maximum flow with a 2-hod detention period.

Each tank will accommodate 4 gpm with 2 hours detention. I mensions of each are 55 feet by 1

HAT DOES FIRTH STERLING OFFER YOU?

(ANSWER NUMBER 1)

IEW METALS FOR N ATOMIC AGE

"PIONEERS OF THE UNCOMMON" IN METALLURGY

r 64 years we have been pioneering in the research, velopment and production of special purpose steels and, ore recently, powdered metals.

for content to become just another tonnage producer established grades, Firth Sterling has successfully paced a field in *anticipating* the requirements of science and dustry, so that the exactly *right* metal is *ready* when a worked arises.

Now, in an era of jet engines and atomic power, Firth reling has the necessary high temperature alloys and mets, Firth heavy metal, chromium carbides, zirnium alloys, and stainless specialties . . . as well as the new and conventional grades of high speed steels, and die steels, and sintered tungsten carbides.

To accomplish this metallurgical preparedness, research Firth Sterling had to be expanded several fold. The best new American and European processes and equipment re blended into integrated production facilities. The tallurgical brains of the world are "picked" regularly consultation with Firth Sterling's international panel renowned scientists and engineers.

The job is done, for today, yet *even* today we are already king on the metallurgical needs of tomorrow.

Your inquiries are invited.

erling Stands for Metallurgical Achievement—Past, Present, Future

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A mule is a hybrid



So is a CERMET

A CERMET is what scientists the world over want—a hybrid material, like the mule, but possessing in combination all the best characteristics of several materials which by themselves cannot fill the demands of twentieth century technology.

In the forefront of the race for the jet-era hybrid is a CERMET. A mule of materials, CERMET results from mating a ceramic material with a metal. Thus, the name CERMET. Its physical characteristics are such that research men everywhere are striving for its perfection.

You see, man has reached a point where advancement in some directions is limited by the "survival" characteristics of existing materials. Jet propulsion, for example, may soon be stymied by the disintegration of available materials under high stress. Involved in this modern-day trial-by-fire are such technicalities as catastrophic oxidation, thermal shock failure, non-resistance to impact and "creep"—which is elongation under high temperature and stress.

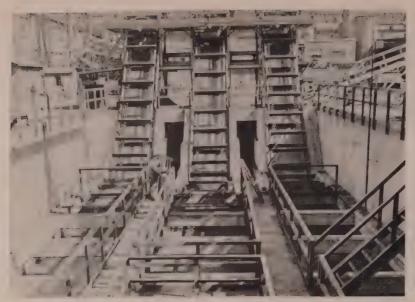
Firth Sterling is now producing CERMETS for many applications!

But, mule-like, CERMETS have some stubborn little characteristics which must be "bred out" before the ultimate "wonder" hybrid emerges. We are sure it will emerge from blueribbon breeding . . . because Firth Sterling stands for metallurgical achievement . . . past, present and future.

PRODUCTS OF FIRTH STERLING METALLURGY

High Speed Steels
Tool & Die Steels
Stainless Specialties
High Temperature Alloys

Sintered Tungsten Carbides
Firth Heavy Metal
Chromium Carbides
High Temperature Cermets



Looking toward the influent trenches and inclined sections of collectors.

feet with water depth of 10 feet. Each is equipped with flight-type conveyors to drag scale along the bottom, up a 30-degree, inclined plane, then discharge it into buckets at the end of the inclined plane.

Scum skimmers are installed at the effluent end of both tanks to remove oil. Oil is disposed of on a sand bed which is ignited periodically for burn-off.

Water — Clarified water is pumped back into the mill for reuse in the cooling system from a sump and storage tank, with makeup water added as needed. Scale recovered is sold for re-use.

Using Stokes law, calculated particle size settled out in this unit is 0.005 mm. In operation it is not expected to reach this small particle size, but it is anticipated that clarified water will be of better

quality than water used originally.

Three Tanks—At another plant, three concrete tanks are used in parallel. Each is 10 feet wide at top, 5 feet wide at bottom, with water depth of 9 feet, 6 inches. Each is 69 feet long, with an inclined discharge end.

Flakes of steel knocked off by high-pressure water sprays as strip emerges from mill range in size from about a nickel to finely ground coffee. Scale is 72 per cent pure iron, with each ton being the equivalent of $1\frac{1}{2}$ tons of ore.

Units are 87 per cent efficient. Flight conveyors are installed to drag scale along bottom, up an inclined plane, then discharge it into a conveyor belt, which carries scale to railroad cars.

Adapted from a paper presented at the recent industrial Treatment Conference at Purdue University, Lafayette, Ind.





Two Link-Belt collectors are used in oxide concentration tank in foreground



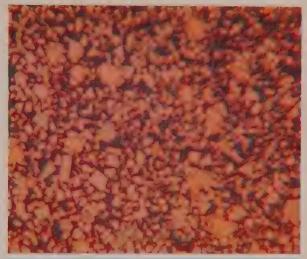
Color Shows Up the Unknown in Metallography

tinting is key to color examination of carmixtures. Each constituent and phase be identified. Opens up new avenues studying structure-property relationship

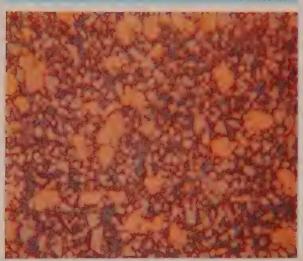
By J. H. POWERS and W. J. LOACH
Chief Metallographer Manager
Powder Metals Research, Firth Sterling Inc., Pittsburgh

LLURGISTS who explore structure will tell hat the most rewarding distance between a old m and its solution generally isn't the proverbial at line. Often as not, new frontiers are opened y getting side-tracked along the line.

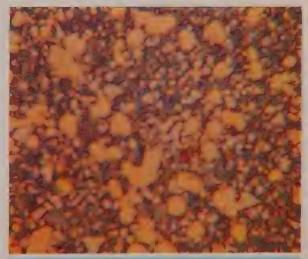
When ordinary color metallography didn't when all they wanted it to about sintered cartic, they stuck to the job and came up with a heat technique. Now each constituent and phase it in multicarbide mixtures can be identified in botomicrographs at 1500 diameters.



85% TUNGSTEN CARBIDE-5% TANTALUM CARBIDE-10% COBALT

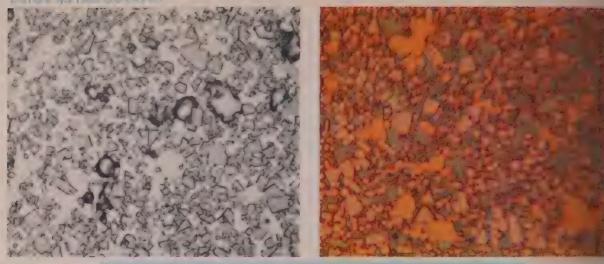


80% TUNGSTEN CARBIDE—10% TANTALUM CARBIDE—10% COBALT



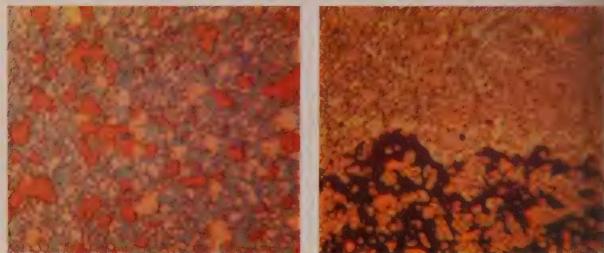
70% TUNGSTEN CARBIDE-20% TANTALUM CARBIDE-10% COBALT

Heat-tinted samples of mixed carbides permit identification of constituents. Tungsten carbide grains are grey; tantalum carbide areas yellow; cobalt matrix blue.



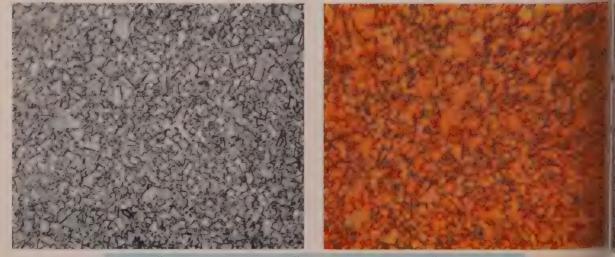
70% TUNGSTEN CARBIDE-5% TANTALUM CARBIDE-25% COBALT

Mixed carbides before and after heat tinting. Tungsten grains are grey; tantalum areas yellow; cobalt matrix blue.



70% TUNGSTEN CARBIDE—5% TANTALUM CARBIDE—25% COBALT

Sintered carbides showing brown eta phase (left) and deep purple eta phase (right) formed by carbon deficiency.



86% TUNGSTEN CARBIDE-4% TITANIUM CARBIDE-10% COBALT

Mixed carbides after heat tinting. Solution areas (tungsten carbide plus titanium carbide) are tan.





76% TUNGSTEN-16% TITANIUM CARBIDE-8% COBALT

Mixed carbides before and after heat tinting.

buble Score-Pay off has been wo counts: Straight quality rol of carbide cutting tools and irch on development of new lide compositions. There's promthat the technique will clear some of the reasons for unicted failures of cermet type jet ne blades. Objective here is to delate physical properties with tinted structure in much the way as is being done for ng tools. Heat tint color photo oach also may shed new light ligh temperature tests by reng changes in crystal orientaof metals during creep.

olor metallography with and

without polarized light, while not new, is just now coming into its own. One big reason: Availability of color film which can be processed in the average laboratory. It remains for the metallographer to develop methods for surface preparation to take advantage of color examination. Here's how it's done at Firth Sterling.

Polish First—Specimen is first ground flat on a surface grinder using 120 grit diamond wheel. Next it is polished on lapping wheels impregnated with diamond powders of various sizes. The first polishing wheel is impregnated with diamond powder 20 to 40 microns in

size to remove grinding marks made by 120 grit diamond wheel.

Specimen is then lapped on a series of wheels impregnated with diamond powder 5 to 10 microns, 1 to 5 microns, and 0 to 2 microns. Between each lapping operation the specimen is rotated 90° to remove last traces of polishing scratches.

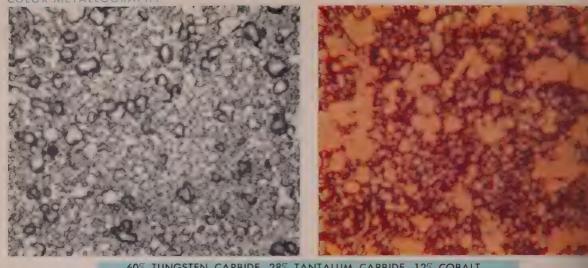
Etch And Heat—Polished sample is electrolytically etched with a 5 per cent solution of sodium carbonate and rinsed. Next the specimen is heat tinted by putting it in a muffle furnace at 900° F for about 5 minutes. This causes the various phases to take on characteristic colors which can be photo-





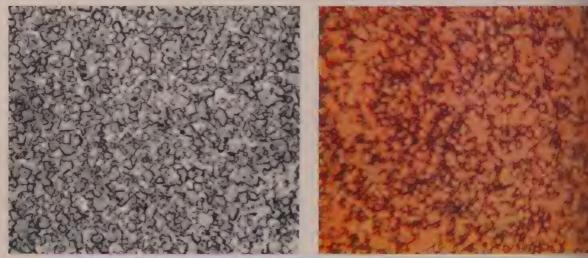
90% TUNGSTEN CARBIDE-3% TANTALUM CARBIDE-6.5% COBALT

Mixed carbides before and after heat tinting. Tungsten grains are grey; tantalum areas yellow; cobalt matrix blue.



60% TUNGSTEN CARBIDE-28% TANTALUM CARBIDE-12% COBALT

Mixed carbides before and after heat tinting. Tungsten grains are grey; tantalum areas yellow; cobalt matrix blue.



72.5% TUNGSTEN CARBIDE-10% TITANIUM CARBIDE-8% TANTALUM CARBIDE-9.5% COBALT

Multicarbide before and after heat tinting. Solution areas (tungsten carbide-titanium carbide-tantalum carbide) are tan.

graphed in color. Exact time is governed by composition and size of sample.

Kodak Ektachrome Film, Daylight Type, is used to photograph the microstructure. Illumination used is a 220 volt, dc motor driven, 10 amp carbon arc lamp. C. S. Eastman's Foster, photomicrographic expert, worked closely with Firth Sterling's metallographers in developing proper picture taking methods.

Check These-Complete control of the carbon arc is absolutely necessary to maintain the color temperature of illumination. This is done using primary and secondary voltmeters with an ammeter in the secondary circuit. Color

film is balanced to utilize the near ultraviolet radiation in the spectrum of the illuminant.

Different glasses in lens components act differently as ultra violet filters. The fluorite apochromatic objectives of high power are a large variable. Often, absorption extends into the visible blue region of the spectrum and produces a marked yellow cast in the picture. Illuminant is corrected by filters to overcome this.

A 2 per cent solution of sodium nitrite is added to the water cell to filter out excess ultraviolet radiation. A photometric filter 78C and a Kodak color compensating filter .30B are added to saturate the blue areas in the transparency. A .10M color compensating file is added to correct the green c in the blue areas caused by the troduction of the blue filters. I posure time is about 2 seconds.

Real Evidence - Metallogral in black and white compared w color, shown in these pages, ill trate advantages of the heat t color photo method. In a ba mixture of tantalum carbide, tur sten carbide, and cobalt, tantal carbide areas are yellow, tungs carbide grains are grey and the balt matrix is blue.

In carbide structures contain titanium carbide, the tungsten bide plus titanium carbide solut areas are tan. Undesirable phase can be readily detected





method involved hammering on linoleum blocks with netal mallets. It was a tap-and-check operation each shaft would roll under the measuring bridge

NEW rotary straightener handles 1200 shafts per hour instead of 93 by the hand method. This leaves more time for straightening shafts too small for automatic cycle

olls Straighten Out Shaft Shortage

Production was lagging at Burroughs and bottleneck turned out to be shaft straightening. Hand hammering method gave way to rotary machines, and output soared

'CHING from manual to mastraightening of small diamsoft and case hardened steel s resulted in a twelve-fold inin production of these parts rroughs Corp., Detroit.

shafts, varying from 1/16 l6 inch in diameter, and from 18 inches long, serve various ses in the operating mechanof Burroughs adding machines other computing devices.
-foot raw steel stock, which is ithin tolerances for machinlso is processed for straight-

ft straightness is a critical, because any binding or outment of gears and connecthese intricate mechanisms not allow them to function

Way—Shafts used at Burmust meet specifications imit deviations from perfect straightness to within 0.003 to 0.005 inch per shaft. Maintaining this tolerance by manual bench straightening was a tedious and time-consuming operation, which consisted of hammering each shaft on a linoleum block until it was straight enough to roll under a measuring bridge. Output with this method averaged about 93 shafts an hour.

Slightly more than a year ago production began to lag behind rising sales. Management decided it was time to mechanize this straightening operation. A Model AYZ rotary straightener, made by Mackintosh-Hemphill Co., Pittsburgh, was installed in the shaft department.

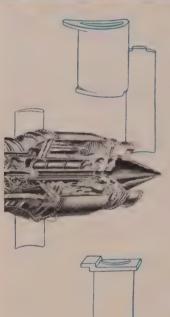
Speed Up—After a short indoctrination, women operators of grinders, buffers and plate straighteners in this department were capable of operating the new

machine as needed to speed-up production. With the rotary straightener taking over the major job of straightening, production in this department has jumped from 93 to 1200 shafts an hour—an increase of about 1200 per cent.

Straightening and checking each piece is automatic. A girl feeds the shafts into the six driven straightening rolls of the Model AYZ. Steel shafts then drop onto an inclined surface plate and roll under a measuring bridge. Rejects are returned to the straightening benches for inspection and removal of any stubborn curvature and bends.

This increase in output is all the more important when consideration is given to the fact that the equipment maintains straightness tolerance on case-hardened shafts within the specified 0.003 to 0.005 inch maximum deviation per length.





Oddly enough, the metal fabricating process first used to produce cobalt-chrome dentures helped put the "bite" into World War II bombers. The tiny power blades in the turbo-superchargers of high-flying B-17's and B-29's that provided extra speed and longer range were precision cast from high-temperature alloys by the unique Microcast Process.

Originated in 1929 by Austenal Laboratories, Inc., to cast non-machineable alloys, the Microcast Process today is used to produce parts and components from a wide range of ferrous and non-ferrous metals.

The Microcast Process offers exceptional opportunities in the mass production of parts and components. Product improvement through the use of better alloys, economies through the elimination of expensive machining operations, and greater freedom of part design are only a few of its advantages. Investigate Microcast today . . . it may well be the means of a better product at lower cost for you.

Write for literature—new Microcast color movie also available

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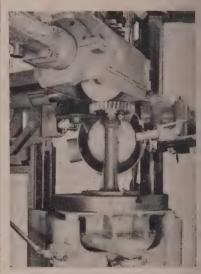
Brush Deburrer Is Speedy

Two new machines are turning out up to 10 times the work of previous hand methods

NEW POWER brushing methods for removing burrs and blending surface junctures and other finishing jobs of large or heavy work pieces have been developed by the Osborn Mfg. Co., Cleveland.

Using these new Osborn methods for deburring and blending surface junctures, one jet engine manufacturer realized 10 times the work output. Finishing a 37½-inch diameter speed reducer gear by hand required 32 minutes. On the No. 5 brushing machine the job was completed in 3 minutes.

Hand Work Out — These new methods take the time consuming



Two treated tampico brushes finish top and bottom; wire brush hits profile

hand work out of burring and finishing large parts. The operation of the brushing machines are easily learned, and an unskilled operator can attain high-quality, rapid production quickly.

On the No. 5 brushing machine, entire job of the operator is placing the work piece on the turntable. His job is complete until the work is brushed and ready to be removed. As the brushed gear is removed, an unfinished gear is placed on the turntable, and so on. A pre-set timer retracts the brushing heads and motion is stopped until again actuated by the operator

The amount, direction and quali-





IF YOU NEED MAXIMUM EXHAUST CAPACITY

THE BURT F. E. F. POWER VENTILATOR CAN SUPPLY IT!

The advanced design of the Burt F.E.F. (Free Exhaust Fan) Ventilator provides new higher capacities for rapid localized removal of air contaminated by smoke, fumes, dust and heat. Its features include:

UNOBSTRUCTED EXHAUST—Absolute free opening channels an unrestricted column of air vertically upward at high velocity.

BURT AXIAL FLOW FAN—Burt airfoil design developed specifically for the rapid removal of air—not "just another propeller". Provides a high volume of air delivery with efficiency and economy.

COMPLETELY WEATHERPROOF—Two dampers open wide in operation—close automatically to thoroughly weatherproof unit when fan is shut off.

CAPACITIES TO 75,500 C.F.M.—Seven sizes and seventeen motor choices provide capacities from 5,000 C.F.M. to 75,500 C.F.M. See Sweet's for complete data or write for Bulletin SPV-18.

FAN & GRAVITY VENTILATORS . LOUVERS . SHEET METAL SPECIALTIES

The Burt Manufacturing Company
905 S. High St., Akron 11, Ohio

ty of brushing each gear receives depends on the type of gear, metal, surface desired and type and methods of application of the brushes. Operator simply loads and unloads, All other operations can be predetermined and pre-set.

Speed and Quality—Production increases resulting from these new developments are of major importance. Yet, they may be considered secondary, when the quality of the finished work is discussed.

It is believed that the primary cause of many of the troubles of well designed machine parts, such as used in jet engines are stress



Osborn No. 5 brushing machine, with guards removed, burrs and blends surface junctures of the 37½-inch speed reducer gear in only three minutes

concentrations and resulting progressive fractures. Some investigators have presented data to show that a sharp corner or edge may reduce the endurance limit of a part as much as 50 per cent. This strength reduction is traceable to the concentration of stresses at tool marks, scratches, sharp edges or burrs. Small microscopic cracks start at these points; with continued repetition of stress, the whole member may rupture.

Brushing blends tool and grinding marks and helps reduce the number of potential starting points for small cracks. These small cracks may not cause complete fracture, but will result in small burrs and metal breaking off that will foul the lubrication system and cause unnecessary wear in the gears.



He works around fast-moving gears, He cannot risk a slip . . . So, for sure footing through the years He walks on Multigrip.

Multigrip adds structural strength,
Makes a permanent installation . . .
And it's made in extra width and length
For easier application!



REDUCE ACCIDENTS. U·S·S Multigrip Floor Plate helps cut down accidents—and resultant lost manhours—caused by slips and falls. The scientifically designed risers of Multigrip are spaced so that many of them grip the foot at all times, regardless of how the plate is approached.

The symmetrical pattern of Multigrip allows neat, continuous installations and keeps cutting waste to a minimum. For permanent, safe installations, use Multigrip on steps and platforms of machinery, for runways, ramps, entire factory floors . . . wherever sure footing is essential.

UNITED STATES STEEL CORPORATION, PITTSBURGH

COLUMBIA-GENEVA STEEL DIVISION, SAN FRANCISCO
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UNITED STATES STEEL SUPPLY DIVISION, CHICAGO
UNITED STATES STEEL EXPORT COMPANY. NEW YORK

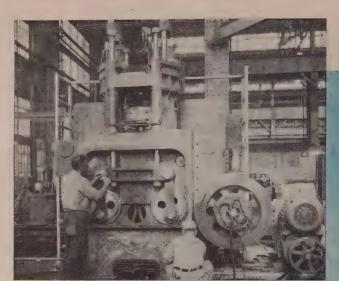
multigrip

FLOOR PLATE

Sold by leading distributors from coast to coast

UNITED STAIRS STEEL

ctober 19, 1953



Baldwin 100-ton compacting press is shown being readied for testing and showing at Metal Show First one goes to Precision Grinding Wheel Ca

Biggest Press For Powder Metals

That's Baldwin-Lima-Hamilton's claim for their 100-ton mechanical compacting unit. Crank-type machine is capable of producing close tolerances even in flanged parts

A 100-TON mechanical compacting press for metal powders, said to be the largest of its type ever attempted, was built by Eddystone Division, Baldwin - Lima - Hamilton Corp., Philadelphia.

Scheduled for unveiling at the National Metal Exposition in Cleveland this week, the four-column, crank-type, mechanical press lends itself to producing parts, including flange types, to the closest of tolerances.

Press operates mechanically, but pressure applied to the material is hydraulic and can be adjusted to any capacity up to 100 tons. Dies with outside dimensions of up to 10-inch round or 5 x 10-inch rectangular can be accommodated.

Sensitive—Feature that distinguishes it from cam-type presses is provision for making accurate adjustments while press is in operation, to allow for changes in density or weight.

Another improvement, says Byron Belden, application engineer in
charge of building the unit, is
incorporation of built-in press motions that fabricators have been
building into their dies. Thus
cheaper and more simple dies can
be utilized and setup time reduced.

Description — Baldwin press model C is powered through variable speed drive by 20-hp motor and is equipped with fly wheel and pneumatic clutch-brake. Cycling can be adjusted from inching through the cycle to continuous run with adjustable dwell point and dwell time. Ejection stroke and depth of fill can both be regulated from 0 to 6 inches.

Rigid tool mounting and die alignment (because of four-column construction) allows use of carbide dies or split dies. Ejection mechanism capacity is 30 tons. Die holder and core rod float independently of each other against pneumatic cushions, and positive adjustable stops control the distance of movement.

Die holder floats with maximum of 5 tons air resistance holding die in "up" position. This float capacity can be increased to up to 50 tons by addition of oil pressure system. Hydraulic head, which applies compacting pressure, can be accurately controlled to prolong tool life.

One advantage of hydraulic head is that accurate control of pressure alleviates tool breakage problem even in event of a double charge.

First Three—First press built will go to Precision Grinding Wheel Co., Philadelphia. It will be used to produce grinding wheels

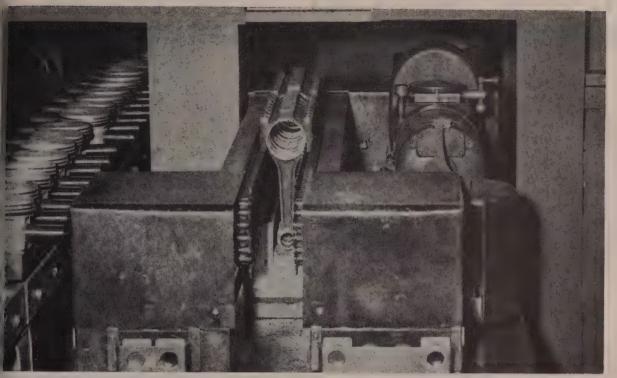
8 inches in diameter which will be pressed to size with counterbored holes. Second and third units are scheduled for shipment to Chrysler's Amplex Division.

A 50-ton model is on the drawing board now; it is being built for Pow-Met Industries, Dayton, O. Company plans to build a complete line of compacting presses, but doubts if it will go below 50-ton size as cam-type units are efficent at lower pressures.

History—Baldwin bought out a line of presses from Defiance Machine Works, Defiance, O., in Oct., 1949. It has had a big press in mind since 1950, when it started surveying users for ideas.

Basic design and preliminary drawings for the model C were worked out by K. W. Hall, associate professor of machine design at University of Michigan. Original drawings were taken to potential customers to ascertain what additional features they wanted and design revised. Three presses were sold from these drawings, says Mr. Belden.

Decision on building a mechanical rather than hydraulic press stemmed from size limitations primarily. Hydraulic units use a much bigger pump and motor, and shock in hydraulic lines would be a problem.



Closeup of the induction heater shows the upper end being heated. Line of pistons with properly-sized wrist pins hand-inserted is shown at the left

Shrink Fit PERFECTS PISTON ASSEMBLY

Cadillac gains six advantages in use of shrink-fit technique instead of floating pin design. They expand upper end of connecting rod, let it contract on inserted wrist pin

QUIETER ENGINE operation, durability, longer piston life, economy, worry-free wrist pin performance, simplicity—these are six of the advantages Cadillac Motor Car Division has achieved with its unique method of assembling pistons and connecting rods.

Cadillac is the only automotive manufacturer to use this so-called "shrink fit" method. The process calls for expansion of the upper end of the connecting rod by heat and its subsequent contraction around the wrist pin, after the latter has been inserted, to hold the piston and rod together.

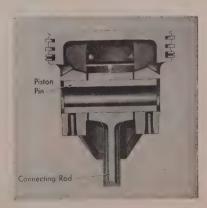
Method has attracted considerable attention among automobile engineers. Indications now point to the possible adoption of the method by other companies.

Quick Success — Cadillac engineers began working on the technique in 1949. In 1950, after three pieces of special equipment were ready, production operations began. During 1950, only 0.0000084 per cent unsatisfactory pieces were reported in actual service performance records during the year's total production. Since that time some 2,250,000 pistons have been fitted and the need for classifying unsatisfactory wrist pins has been eliminated entirely.

Work began with the knowledge, gained from tests on the Cadillac engine, that wrist pins shrink-fitted to the connecting rods give engine performance superior to that of full floating pin design. Thus, the problem was how to assemble the pin into the rod without weak-

ening the unit by slitting the rod or using bosses or lock screws.

Old Way—Cadillac was using a snapring on each end of the wrist pin which floated in the piston and



Typical section showing piston and rod

OPEN HEARTH OPERATORS:

Have you asked yourself

DOOR DRIVES

Fluid Clutches to reduce cable wear?

PORT ENDS

Suspended basic or double downtake silica?

FURNACE PRESSURE CONTROL

Hydraulic, pneumatic or electronic?

> FURNACE TEMPERATURE CONTROL

Roof or backwall block?

LOFTUS CAN HELP YOU!

The answers to these questions rest in the cumulative experience of Loftus engineers. This knowhow covers open hearths of every size and typetailored for specific needs in many countries



Loftus Designs and Builds Open Hearth Furnaces, Soaking Pits, Continuous Heating Furnaces, All Types of Heat Treating Furnaces, and 60-Cycle Induction Heating Furnaces.

hese questions?

STACK

Conventional self-supporting brick lined or ejector type?

FUEL AIR RATIO

Pneumatic or hydraulic?

REVERSING VALVE DRIVE

Drum or crank type?

REGENERATOR

Single or double pass?

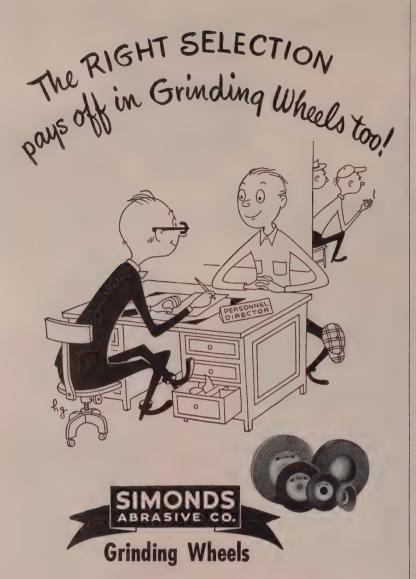
hroughout the world. Each furnace, though indiidually designed and built to precise specificaions, provides a flexibility in operation which nsures the type of performance every steelnaker demands. SEND TODAY for this new, instructive brochure "Open Hearths by Loftus"; an illustrated description of modern open hearth design and construction.

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Division of Simonds Saw and Steel Co., Fitchburg, Mass. Other Simonds Companies: Simonds Steel Mills, Lock-port, N.Y. Simonds Canada Saw Co., Ltd., Montreal, Que. and Simonds Canada Abrasive Co., Ltd., Arvida, Que



Operator uses a Precisionaire gage to select a wrist pin for the piston. Pins are in eight different sizes between limits of 0.9993 and 0.9997

rod. Other conventional methods call for the slitting of the rod and the use of lock screws to hold the pin in the rod or for the use of lock screws to hold the pin in the piston.

The problem has been met by using an induction heater to heat the upper end of the rod (SAE 1041 steel) to 300 degrees. This expands the rod enough to allow the wrist pin, already carefully hand fitted to the piston, to slip through the rod easily. The three pieces are aligned on a special fixture which quickly presses the wrist pin into the connecting rod to complete the assembly. Quickness is essential to prevent galling of the wrist pin due to contraction of the connecting rod "eye" before assembly.

Final Check-The wrist pin is pressed within an eighth of an inch of "home." After cooling sufficiently to allow the wrist pin boss in the upper end of the rod to shrink to its normal diameter, a 1,700 pound pressure load from a Denison force press is applied to press the pin "home." A checkassembly operation is thus achieved. If less than 1,700 pounds can move the pin the last eighth of an inch after the rod and pin temperatures have equalized, a bulb fails to light and the assembly is rejected.

Tests and actual performance records confirm that this pressure is a safe amount to insure that the pin will never come out.



FEDDERS ROOM AIR-CONDITIONERS GET LASTING ENAMEL ADHERENCE

... and adherence of baked synthetic enamel finishes is extremely important to Fedders-Quigan Corporation, Buffalo, New York, manufacturers of Room Air Conditioners.

Parts of these units are often subjected to a constant flow of moist and humid air. Approximately 50 percent of the shell is exposed to the atmosphere. Because of high vulnerability to rust and corrosion, it is essential that the exposed surfaces not only "take" but also tenaciously hold the attractive finishes that are applied.

For these reasons, Republic Electro Paintlok is used for the shell, mounting brackets, fan shrouds,

bulkheads and covers of the Fedders Room Air Conditioners.

Republic Electro Paintlok facilitates manufacturing operations, too. The tight zinc coating will not crack, peel or flake during normal fabrication. Special chemical treatment gives the zinc coating an inert, non-metallic surface which is absorbent in character; a prime condition for painting.

Get the full story of product improvement with Electro Paintlok. Write for the colorfully detailed Republic Booklet 525. Address:

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Export Dept.: Chrysler Building, New York 17, New York



Other Republic Products include Carbon, Alloy and Stainless Steels - Sheets, Strip, Plates, Bars, Pipe, Tubing, Bolts and Nuts, Wire

October 19, 1953



HELPS MAKE BETTER

TELEVISION CABINETS

Plants in

MELROSE PARK, ILL. (Chicago) 1975 North Ruby Fillmore 4-4080

ROCHESTER 620 Buffalo Rd. GEnessee 5212

ST. LOUIS 650 E. Taylor Fireside 6200

LOS ANGELES 2910 So. Sunol Drive ANgelus 9-7311 On Chicago's west side, one of the largest sets of plastic molds in the world is producing 21" Motorola television cabinets at a rate of more than one every five minutes.

These molds, designed by Chicago Molded Products Company in cooperation with Motorola, and heat treated by Lindberg Steel Treating Company, weigh more than five tons..outside dimensions are 40" x 43" x 36"..and they're worth \$75,000 a pair!

The production of such a set of molds is a perfect example of team-work by American industry. Crucible Steel Company poured the ingots, and pressed them into huge blocks each weighing 13,900 pounds. The R. O. Schulz plant in Elmwood Park, Illinois, did the machining and polishing.

Next, came the heat treating . . the finished molds had to be treated to precisely the right hardness . . for they had to withstand the washing of plastic materials . . and they had to be

tough enough to stand up under the terrific pressure of the 1500 ton compression molding press.

At this point Lindberg metallurgists and heat treaters went into action. There could be no trial runs.. no mistakes, or \$75,000 worth of molds quickly could become \$600 worth of scrap metal.

Heat treating specialists selected the proper furnace, specified the correct heating temperature, the necessary time at heat, the right procedure for quenching. "Operation Motorola" went off without the slightest hitch. Within hours after tempering, the molds received final surface polishing . . in a matter of days they were forming cabinets for Motorola TV sets.

Lindberg Steel Treating Co., and its large staff of metallurgists and heat

treaters are available to consult on your heat treating requirements. . whether your problem is simple or "almost impossible."



A case history of Lindberg Steel Treating Co. service to American industry



NEW

PRODUCTS

and equipment

Reply card on page 113 will bring you more information on any new products and equipment in this issue

Milling Cutter Line

. . for faces and shell ends

Three basic members make up his cutter line: Body, blade and vedge. Cross serrations on one ide of body channel mate with imilar cross serrations on blade,



ssuring rigid holding of blade in ody.

Two basic body types are offered: eneral purpose and heavy duty, oth for nonferrous and ferrous pplications. Right and left-hand odies and blades are offered. Blade iameters from 3 through 24 inches ad other special sizes are available. otch & Merryweather Machinery o., Dept. ST, Penton Bldg., Clevend 13, O.

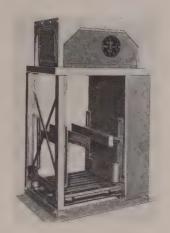
R MORE DATA-CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 1

utomatic Checkweigh Scale

. . spots errors automatically

Designed for checkweighing led bags between bag-filling scale and bag sewing machine, or for neckweighing cartons between ling and sealing machines, this odel indicates exact amount over under prescribed package eight. Unit includes totally-enosed electro-mechanical weighing echanism, two weight-indicating

dials, motor driven conveyor belt, conveyor, automatic horn and controls. Floor space required is only



28 x 36 inches and construction permits mounting as close as 8 inches to the floor. Thayer Scale & Engineering Corp., Dept. ST, E. Water St., Rockland, Mass.

FOR MORE DATA-CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 2

Vibration Relay

. . . protects rotating equipment

A protective device that initiates a signal when excessive vibration due to unbalance occurs in large rotating equipment is engineered



specifically for apparatus left unattended for long periods. Relay has an operating range that allows its use at speeds from 300 to 18,000 rpm to energize warning - alarm, corrective or shutdown devices at preset vibration acceleration values up to 20g. General Electric Co., Dept. ST, Schenectady 5, N. Y.
FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 3

Improved Bull Blocks

. . . self-contained worm drive

This model differs from the manufacturer's previous bull blocks in that the overhung coil drum is ar-



ranged so coil drops to the unloading platform the instant last piece of material leaves the die. From there it is easily removed by operator without use of overhead cranes.

Block features a self-contained worm drive and is capable of drawing at speeds up to 440 fpm. Medart Co., Dept. ST, 3535 DeKalb St., St. Louis 18, Mo.

FOR MORE DATA-CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 4

Low-Cost Baking Oven

. . . a 50-per cent timesaver

Adjustable temperature controls and forced air circulation throughout baking chamber provide constant temperature for processing many special types of paints and finishes. Fan draws fresh air into heating unit through a controlled air intake. Air is then heated to

tober 19, 1953

indicated temperature before being forced into baking chamber where it is circulated in a definite air-flow pattern.

Volatiles, moistures and impurities are carried out of the chamber



through positive exhaust control. Inside working area dimensions are 42 inches wide x 36 inches deep x 52 inches high. Baron Industries, Dept. ST, 241 West Ave. 26, Los Angeles 31, Calif.

FOR MORE DATA-CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 5

Fire-Resistant Panels

. . . protection, color stability

Self-extinguishing, fire-resistant translucent Fiberglass panels are designed for special installations in critical fire areas. The panel



achieves its high fire-resistant quality while maintaining adequate color stability.

It is available in standard corrugations and flat sheets, and in three colors. Alsynite Co. of America, Dept. ST, 4654 DeSoto St., San Diego, Calif.

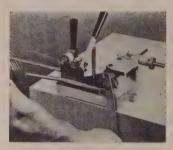
FOR MORE DATA-CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 6

Spring Winding Machine

. . . operator needs no experience

No special skill or experience is needed for operation of this spring winding machine, a self contained unit with special cut-off lever incorporated. Winder is ready for operation as soon as it is mounted on bench or vise.

Any gage wire, to ½-inch diameter, can be wound into extension, compression, torsion and flat springs. Unique tension clamp

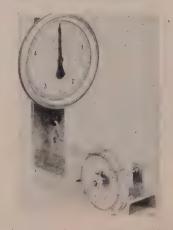


mechanism permits duplicate springs to be wound so they test with same load capacity. O'Neil-Irwin Mfg. Co., Dept. ST, 619 Eighth Ave., Lake City, Minn.

Torsion Spring Tester

. . . 5 to 100 inch pounds

Designed to test right and lefthand torsion springs, this machine is available in capacities from 5 up to 100 inch pounds, or the equivalent in the metric system. Deflection dial is graduated to 360 degrees in increments of 1 degree, figured every 10 degrees.



Accuracy is reported to within 1 per cent. Tester is mounted on a silver hammertone, solid chan-

nel, iron base, and operating shaft is seated in double shielded ball bearings. John Chatillon & Sons, Dept. ST, 85-93 Cliff St., New York 38, N. Y.

FOR MORE DATA-CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 8

Large-Capacity Filters

. . . fabric and magnetic units

These nonmagnetic and magnetic filters have flow capacity four times greater than units previously marketed by this company. After exposure to magnetic field from permanent magnets in the rotating drum, contaminated coolant flows to filtering area where



it passes through filtering fabric of predetermined porosity before returning to storage reservoir for realise

Since magnetic field removes major part of the contaminant, consumption of fabric is minimized. New fabric is automatically fed into filtering pool intermittently as required. Barnes Drill Co., Dept. ST, Rockford, Ill.

FOR MORE DATA-CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 9

Wide Capacity Chuck

. . . cutters: 2-6 inch diameter

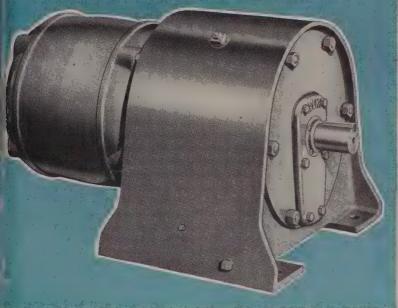
Wide capacity of this Dedlock chuck, which holds cutters from



2 to 6 inches in diameter, eliminates conventional use of four dif-

STEEL FALK Motoreducer

... with completely standard round-frame, D-flange motor





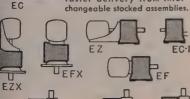
Every FALK Motoreducer has these "In-built" Factors—

Precision Gearing. Heat treated alloy steel, precision cut and shaved helical gearing throughout . . . quiet-operating crown shaved pinions . . . taper bored gears for easy ratio changes.

All-steel Housings. Unbreakable, strong, rigid. Generous overhung load capacities provided by wide bearing spans, large shafts and bearings.

The basic E design permits maximum use of standardized parts . . . closer control over DESIGN materials, processing, inspection and assembly . . . resulting in faster delivery from inter-

Ē



Streamlined inside and outside. Smooth. clean surfaces; machine welded construction conforms to NEMA motor frames.

Positive Lubrication. Large sump capacity ... oil-tight construction assures clean lubricant . . . direct dip of revolving elements provides positive lubrication at all speeds.

Wide Speed Range. Selective ratio combinations provide output speeds from 1.5 rpm to 1430 rpm with stock gears.

Sealed Housings. Dual closures and oneway vents keep oil in, dust and moisture out. Units are splash-proof, leakproof, dustproof. (Gearmotor Type-Supplementing Falk All-Motor Line)

Check and Compare these features...

Meet a faithful old friend in a new, modern dress! The famous, time-proved Integral Type all-steel Falk Motoreducer (Supplementing Falk All-Motor Line) has been redesigned into a compact, streamlined unit providing the utmost in space economy—but retaining all the application versatility, long-life performance, easymaintenance features and superior structural qualities that have made Falk Motoreducers the recognized standard throughout industry.

In this new Integral unit—rated in accordance with AGMA standards—a completely standard round-frame, D flange NEMA motor is mounted directly on the all-steel Motoreducer housing. The motor remains a separate piece of equipment, readily replaceable with any other type or make. Output speed (ratio) can be changed within unit's torque capacity without modifying motor. Size and arrangement of the standard housing permit wide ratio range—from 3.36:1 to 542:1.

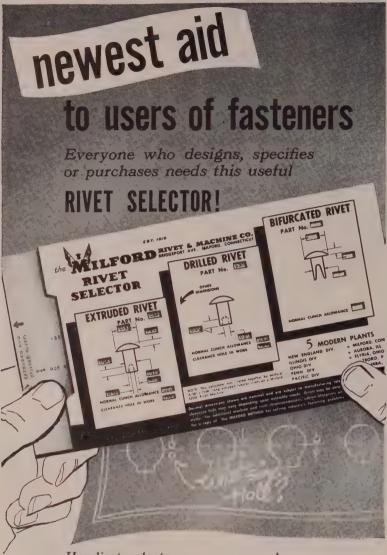
In order to meet the greatest number of industrial application needs, the newly designed Integral Motoreducers are available in horizontal and vertical models, both in concentric and right-angle types; double, triple and quadruple reduction; horsepower range, 1 to 40 HP. Prompt stock shipment in standard ratios is offered.

Whatever your reduction requirements, you get greatest dollar-for-dollar value in the long run by standardizing on Falk products. Write for Bulletin 3104.

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Simplifies your job; saves time, speeds choice of right fastener. Easy to read, easy to use, hand-somely lithographed in red, white and blue. Shows various tubular and split rivets, part catalog number, normal clinch allowance, size of clearance hole in work and other details to aid your product manufacturing. Sturdily riveted together for lasting use. Write for yours today!



The name to RIVET in your memory for fasteners.

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1160 WEST RIVER STREET, ELYRIA, OHIO

80 PLATT STREET, HATBORO, PENNSYLVANIA

757 SO. PALM AVENUE, ALHAMBRA, CALIFORNIA



ferent adaptors and avoids also the time-consuming operation of repeated adaptor changing. The device holds the cutter rigid and assures true running with evenly-distributed tooth load.

For machines having a taper smaller than No. 4 Morse, a damping device is fitted to eliminate vibration and add rigidity. The device screws from the body of the chuck against the spindle nose. Clarkson Inc., Dept. ST, 320 Ontario St., Toledo, O.

FOR MORE DATA-CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 10

Clampless Hardness Tester

. . . checks inaccessible parts

Developed for testing the many parts and places inaccessible when clamps are employed, this multiple



angle semi-portable metal hardness tester can also be adapted as a conventional bench-type unit.

With adjustable loads from 1 to 30 kilograms, and with no restricting clamps in front, a tester can easily handle the smallest and thinnest pieces as well as large and odd-shaped items. C. Tennant Sons & Co., Dept. ST, 100 Park Ave., New York 17, N. Y. FOR MORE DATA—CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 11

Rotating Filter Screens

. . . keeps filtering area fresh

This new filter automatically rotates fresh filtering area into position while simultaneously ejecting contaminant cake. Screen material and size of screen open-



0. Rolling Doors

Kinnear Mfg. Co.-32-page illusrated bulletin 75 is descriptive of teel rolling service doors. Several ages are devoted to electric operaon, features, door types with sizes nd clearances, rolling fire doors, verhead Rol-Top doors, steel rolling rilles and bifold doors. Company's egistered service offered consists of eeping complete details and drawngs on every installation in fireproof aults.

1. Selective Carburizing

Walmil Co.—A simple product for elective carburizing, De-Ox-Tix can e applied to parts requiring selecive hardening of either inside or outide diameter. It is custom made, ith potency tailored to each job. urvey sheet forms are now available o that those interested can get an idication of process possibilities.

2. Industrial Pulverizing

Majac Engineering Co.-Pulverizaion of such materials as limestone. oke, mica, perlite, feldspar and raphite is covered in illustrated bultin, which also shows construction nd operating features of a Jet Pulerizer. This unit operates without oundation, actuated by steam, gas or ompressed air.

3. Radial Drills

Morris Machine Tool Co.-In 16 rell-illustrated pages, bulletin 59LH hows a complete line of production adial drill presses in both light and eavy duty types. Individual feaures and construction are shown in etail, as are accessories. All have -in. columns. The light duty models ave nine spindle speeds, the heavy uty, 12.

4. Metal Cleaning

Oakite Products, Inc. - "Some food Things to Know About Metal leaning" is pocket-size 44-page ooklet which covers tank and mahine cleaning methods, electrocleaning of steel and nonferrous metals, pickling, prepaint treatment, paint stripping, steam-detergent cleaning, barrel finishing, burnishing and rust prevention, among others. Applicable materials are related.

75. Carbide Tools

Nelco Tool Co.-Nearly 800 Nelco carbide tools, including milling cutters, drills, arbors, grinder-lathe centers and tools, are described and illustrated in this 48-page catalog. Specification drawings are in it, too.



76. Cranes & Mills

Morgan Engineering Co .- "For the Big, Tough Jobs" is title of 8-page brochure which serves to introduce the reader to this manufacturer of cranes, mills, chargers, shears and presses. Photos picture some major installations and show company's own facilities as well.

77. Tooling Plastic

Ren-ite Plastics, Inc. - Ren-ite thermosetting resin for use as a laminated plastic without application of heat or pressure for general tooling applications is introduced in 12-page brochure. Uses of product in making duplications, spotting racks, checking and welding fixtures, prototypes, stretch press and forming dies, core boxes, tubing and fittings are pictured.

78. Refractory Brick

Corhart Refractories Co.-Describing grade 104 electrically melted and cast brick refractory for open hearth liners, 12-page illustrated bulletin shows comparative standard test results such as slag erosion and spalling. Product has been found in good operating condition after 192 heats.

detailed information Penton Building, Cleveland 13, Ohio 0 literature send subjects circled

12 13 22 23 24 25 43 53 63 83 14 15 34 45 55 65 85 46 17 27 47 57 67 87 18 28 38 48 68 88 29 39 59 49 69

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CITY AND STATE

RODUCTS

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CITY AND STATE subjects circled Penton Building, This card MUST be completely filled out. Please send literature at left Cleveland 13, or detailed information Please TYPE or PRINT

79. Industrial Equipment

R. C. Mahon Co.-Photos and brief descriptions of diversified line of industrial equipment are found in 12page catalog A-653. Included are systems for finishing, metal cleaning, pickling and rustproofing, spray and dip coating, drying and baking, dust collecting and filtering.

80. Meehanite For Dies

Meehanite Metal Corp,—"Meehanite Metal as a Material for Forming and Stamping Dies" is pocket-size 26-page bulletin which describes and illustrates wide variety of die applications in all types of industry. Tabular summary of physical properties of mechanite castings completes bulletin No. 41.

81. AC & DC Brakemotors

Star-Kimble Electric Co.—Series or shunt wound Star alternating and direct current brakemotors, made in 1/2 to 5-hp sizes, are subject of 8-page illustrated bulletin B-501-A. Standard frame sizes are 151 to 505. Sizes and ratings for wide variety of requirements are detailed.

82. Engineering Service

Special Engineering Service Inc .-Typical engineering services offered by company are listed and some of its extensive drafting facilities shown in 4-page folder. Services include tool, die, jig and fixture design, materials handling, cost estimating, plant layout and product survey.

83. Bar Machine

Miller Glass Engineering Co.-An automatic bar machine for making nut blanks is described in 6-page illustrated folder. Three two-spindle and a one-spindle machine are shown, with bolt size capacities ranging up to 11/2 in. Construction, tooling, and other features are all fully described.

84. Expanding Mandrels

Western Tool & Mfg. Co.-Standard and precision expanding mandrels are described in 6-page illustrated folder 52-A. They cover a range from ½ to 9½ in., and have arbor lengths up to 26 in., and sleeve lengths up to 10 in. Manufacturing and ordering data are given.

85. Air Control Valves

Ross Operating Valve Co.—Characteristics and advantages of air power and descriptions of three fundamental types of air control valves are found in 12-page illustrated bulletin 101A. Three types are integral pilot operated, remote controlled and direct operated. Drawings show operation of each.

86. Stamping Service

Worcester Stamped Metal Co. -Briefly illustrated and described in 4page catalog are company facilities for production of contract stampings Press capacity ranges up to 1000 tons, and complete tool and die making facilities are available.



EDITORIAL ARTICLES

Available in Limited Quantities

87. High Strength Steels(1)

Dr. A. G. Grav. Technical Editor reveals how low alloy, high-strength steels are proving their worth for design of lighter sections and increased payloads in STEEL article "Light Steel Adds Service Pounds." Corrosion resistance is the safety factor. A producers list with tabulated chemical composition limits and properties is featured.

88. High Strength Steels(2)

Supplementing the above article on high strength, low alloy steels is another entitled "Getting More for Your Steel Dollar" by A. F. Stuebing of U. S. Steel Corp. It shows how higher cost of these steels is balanced out by the fact that its permissible stresses provide 50 per cent more strength than structural carbon steels.

89. Broaching Machines

A major installation at GM's Buick Motor Div. for producing V-8 engines consists of two huge broaches . . . which broach surfaces of cast iron crankcase. One unit uses 840 separate tools on the horizontal slide driven through rack and pinion by 200-hp motor. Cutting is done in both directions with help of rocking fixtures. S. J. White, plant superintendent, describes installation in STEEL article "Two Big Broaches Do Job of Many."

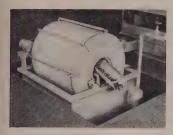
90. Cut-off Machines

Oxygen cut-off machines are gaining favor as reliable and flexible components for bloom and slab lines. Accumulated experience proves any thickness can be hot-cut over wide range of speeds. R. L. Deily of Air Reduction Sales Co. discusses present day machines in STEEL article "Oxygen Cut-Offs in the Hot Mill."

NEW PRODUCTS and equipment

ing can be supplied in monel, stainess steel, brass or bronze to fit all requirements.

The compact unit conserves floor space and eliminates costly consumption of throw-away filtering



media since the wire screen has many times the life of finest cloth filtering webs. Gallon capacity of filtration can be increased by adding filter drums in tandem either separately or in the same tank. Murray-Way Corp., Dept. ST, Birmingham, Mich.

FOR MORE DATA-CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 12

Heavy-Duty Hydraulic Fixture

. . . carries 1000 pounds

A heavy-duty fixture, capable of carrying 1000 pounds, is added to this company's line of positioners.



New unit will have excellent use in foundries to position large castings for filing and chipping. It may be used vertically mounted to the side of a workbench or horizontally.

Slotted base permits use with

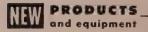






HOSE

PACKING



drill presses, shapers and milling machines for machining operations at compound angles. Hydraulic action permits operator to make a change of position under partial tension, thus preventing work from accidentally falling. Wilton Tool Mfg. Co., Dept. ST, 925-941 Wrightwood Ave., Chicago 14, Ill. FOR MORE DATA-CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 13

Improved Vapor Degreaser

. . . easily installed, maintained

Principal features of this degreaser design include: Obstruction-free tank walls, recessed condensing coils, removable pump



chamber and water separator of solid stainless steel, one-end maintenance and demand-type control of water into the water condensing system.

All service connections and clean-out openings are located at one end of the tank, making for easier installation and maintenance. Metalwash Machinery Corp., Dept. ST. 901 North Ave., Elizabeth 4, N. J.

FOR MORE DATA-CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 14

Snow and Ice Remover

. . . 97 per cent active

BELTING

Made in dry pellet form, this anhydrous substance is said to be 97 per cent active for snow and ice removal. It is estimated to have 10 times the thawing power of flake calcium chloride at 10°F. Internal generation of heat provides the fast melting action.

Substance can be applied at beginning of snow fall or freeze and will keep surfaces clean and icefree for hours. It is free of insoluble residues and is harmless



Entrance

to The World's Most Modern Gear Manufacturing Plants

...the doorway to better gears!

When your gear orders pass through this doorway, you can leave your gear worries on the doorstep.

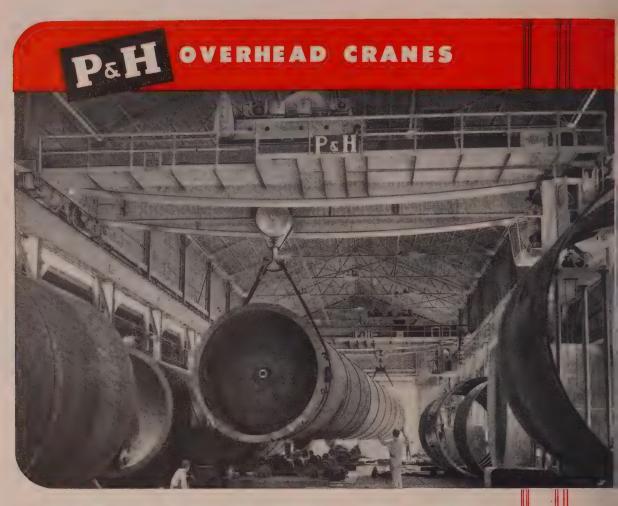
Skilled Illinois Gear men take over immediately with the newest and finest precision gear making equipment available *anywhere*.

Your order will be filled *on time* with gears that measure up to your most demanding specifications for accuracy, finish and high quality.



Gears for Every Turpose ... one gear or 10,000 or more

ILLINOIS GEAR & MACHINE COMPANY



Why PaH builds the entire Crane

... including electrical equipment!

If you want the utmost in service from your cranes, insist that they be job engineered by P&H — not an assembly of components from various sources. For example, general purpose electric motors don't stand the gaff of crane service like those designed for the job. That's why P&H builds its own motors, brakes and controls — with all characteristics properly suited to crane operation: P&H electrical equipment throughout is your assurance that

all functions are perfectly coordinated. It means better service, less maintenance.

This policy of complete quality control — of single manufacturing responsibility — better service — made P&H the leading builder of overhead traveling cranes. Continuous improvement, far ahead of the field, has extended this leadership. Benefit by it when you buy your next cranes.

*T.M. of Harnischfeger Corporation for electromagnetic type brake.

PAH OVERHEAD CRANE DIVISION

HARNISCHFEGER CORPORATION

Milwaukee 46, Wisconsin

P&H MAGNETORQUE*
AC Crane Control
is the most important
development in crane
service in 25 years.

















RODUCTS

o vegetation, rubber, concrete and lothing. Surface Protection Co.



ac., Dept. ST, 16799 Euclid Ave., leveland 12, O.

OR MORE DATA-CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 15

ligh Speed Beading Machine

. . for thread, contour work

Suitable for thread-rolling or conour forming on shallow containers r bands, this multispindle machine as high speed, and up to 5-inch dimeter work capacity.

It features spring loaded pressure



ontrol resulting in long tool life, ll-rotary motion and is ball bearing quipped. Steiner Machine Co., ept. ST, 1014 Washington St., Hooken, N. J.

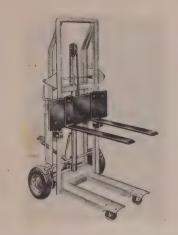
OR MORE DATA-CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 16

Mand Model Lift Truck

. . lifts 1000 pounds 53 inches

This one-man hydraulic lift ruck can lift loads of 1000 pounds o a height of 53 inches and will perate in narrow aisles and close uarters. Combination snap-on late permits use as platform truck when forks are not required.

Foot lever operation, safety release pedal and wheel lock, permit



one-man operation with maximum safety. Safeway Industrial Equipment Corp., Dept. ST, 184 N. Franklin St., Chicago 6, Ill. FOR MORE DATA-CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 17

Magnetic Chip Retriever

. . . gains hard-to-reach places

Made of super magnetic alloy, this tool removes chips from blind drill and top holes on production lines and in assembly work, both electrical and mechanical. Unit is useful for assemblers and inspectors to test coats of surfaces for magnetic properties of the under material.

No larger than a fountain pen,



the retriever is mounted in a fiber nonconductive case with a pocket clip. Available in 1/4 and 3/8-inch diameter sizes, length over-all is 61/4 inches. General Scientific Equipment Co., Dept. ST, 2700 W. Huntingdon St., Philadelphia 32,

FOR MORE DATA-CIRCLE REPLY CARD NO. 18







A real wire rope hoist!

Of course you prefer the Zip-Lift! With all its quality features, who wouldn't! But if higher cost has stopped you, here's good news. It is now available with improved rope control (one pendant, not two), for simple, easy, trouble-free operation - for only \$199.50. It is the same Zip-Lift in other respects - same quality - new type control. What a buy!

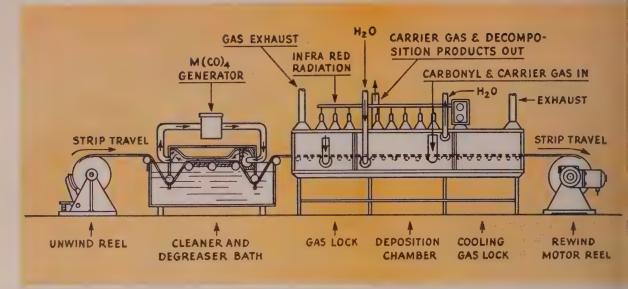
Call your Zip-Lift Dealer Or write us for Bulletin H-29

Available also with full electric push-button control.

Other models up to 15-tons capacity

Patt ELECTRIC HOIST DIVISION ORATION

Milwaukee 46, Wis.



Commonwealth method for continuous plating of strip. Screen or paper may be handled similarly. Different apparatus puts gas plate on wire

Gas Plating Offers Versatility

Dry plating process will work with any metallic compound that is capable of being vaporized and has a decomposition temperature. Metal carbonyls are particularly adaptable

GAS PLATING had its origin when Ludwig Mond, an Englishman, found that volatile nickel carbonyl will decompose and deposit nickel on a heated surface.

That was in 1890. Today, Commonwealth Engineering Co., Dayton, O., after taking up practically where Mond left off, has developed the process to where it promises to shape up as a major plating process.

Its potentialities stir the imagination. In continuous casting of steel, for example, a metal plate can be automatically deposited as the ingot takes shape. After a rolling operation, the end product is clad sheet. Laminates of plated metals can be made by halting the first plate and depositing a second film of the same or another metal over the first.

Principle - Process is simple:

Metal carbonyl gas (also nitrosyls, hydrides, salts and metal organics) is circulated about the object to be plated. Workpiece is heated and the metal plates out as the gas contacts the hot surface. Process is not to be confused with vacuum deposition.

Decomposition is controllable and can be made to produce metallic films such as those obtained by electroplating and other means. Obvious difference is that balance of complex solutions and intricate electrode arrangements aren't involved. Size or complexity of object is of no consequence, and inner or outer surfaces may be plated as desired.

Three primary determinants control final metal deposit: 1. Concentration of metal compound in carrier gas. 2. Rate of flow of plating atmosphere and 3. Temper-

ature of objects to be plated. (Each control permits regulation of operation as to density, speed, ductility and thickness of plate.)

Operation—Typical example of process involves nickel plating of gasoline fuel delivery nozzles—other plating metals include copper, chromium, iron, tungsten, molybdenum and silver, for example. If article permits, clean metal surfaces may be obtained in reducing atmosphere furnace.

Nozzles are conveyorized before entering operation preparatory to plating. Conveyor rack passes through a gas lock zone and enters plating zone. Use of dielectric, induction or radiation heating in gas lock zone or first stages of plating chamber bring pieces to plating temperature.

To obtain desired metal thickness, nozzles pass through plating

chamber at a predetermined rate, then into exit gas lock, where they may be cooled to facilitate manual handling. As plated nozzles come off line, operator removes them and feeds unplated pieces.

Plating conditions in chamber are usually adjusted to give residence time of 30 seconds or less, depending, of course, upon character and thickness of plate. With gas plating it's possible to deposit 0.001-inch films of metal in from 3 to 5 seconds.

Wire—Wire, strip, screen or paper may be plated continuously. In case of wire, temperatures are obtained in plating chamber with electrical circuits and are controlled by resistance of wire being plated.

Speed and control of process are regulated from gearing of the ake-up drum. Wire is drawn through the first zone, where metals cleaned by heating it electrically in an atmosphere of hydrogen. It passes through an air lock, then into the plating chamber, where it is again heated electrically in a circulating atmosphere of nickel carbonyl and carrier gas. Wire is then drawn through

COMPARISON OF PLATING PROCESSES

Gas Plating

- 1. Does not weaken base metal
- 2. No limit as to size or location of workpiece
- 3. No special tanks
- 4. More base metals
- 5. More plating metals
- 6. Requires only seconds
- 7. No electrolytes—no electrodes
- 8. Gas easy to handle—little waste
- 9. Applicable to small size bore articles
- 10. Can plate different alloys simultaneously
- 11. Improved quality of plate

Wet Plating

- 1. Causes hydrogen embrittlement
- 2. Limited as to size and location of workpiece
- 3. Requires special tanks
- 4. Fewer base metals
- 5. Fewer plating metals
- 6. Requires minutes to hours
- 7. Electrolytes—electrodes
- 8. Liquids difficult—much waste
- 9. Limited as to size
- 10. Very difficult and not practical to plate different alloys simultaneously

another air lock into an annealing chamber and, finally, through another lock to the take-up drum.

Scope—Basically, any metallic compound capable of being vaporized, having a decomposition temperature, may be used in the gas plating process.

Metal carbonyls are excellent

starting materials because they may be handled with ease and lend themselves to the process. Nickel carbonyl, for example, is readily vaporized in carrier gases, such as carbon dioxide, nitrogen and hydrogen.

Freezing point of nickel carbonyl is -30° F; its boiling point is

Physical

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF VARIOUS CARBONYLS

Roiling

Melting

Molecular Decomposition Specific

	Molecular Weight	Temp. °C.	Gravity	Point °C.	Point °C.	Form
Nickel			,			Colorless liquid or
Carbonyl						gas. Soluble in alcohol,
Ni(CO) ₄	170.73	190-205°	1.318	43° .	−25°	ether, benzene
						Yellow viscous liquid
Iron / "						Soluble in benzol,
Pentacar-						ether, alcohol.
bonyl						Other Iron carbonyls
Fe(CO) ₅	195.89	150°	1.466	102.5°	-21°	are Fe ₂ (CO) ₉ , Fe(CO) ₄
Chromium				Decomposes		
Carbonyl				with vapori-		Colorless ortho-
Cr(CO) ₆	220.01	150°		zation at 150°		rhombic crystals
Molybdenum						Colorless ortho-
Carbonyl				Decomposes		rhombic diamagnetic
Mo(CO) ₆	264.01	150°	1.96	at 150° C		crystals
Tungsten		,		Vapor pressure		
Carbonyl		· · ·		20° C-0.01mmHg		White orthorhombic
W(CO) ₆	351.92	150°		102 C-15.5mmHg		crystals
Cobalt						
Carbonyl						T 6 33 - 3 - 111 - 1
[Co(CO) ₃] ₄	(571.88)			Decomposes	g are no	Jet black solid
$[Co(CO)_4]_2$	(341.96)	52°	1.73	52° .	51° 7	Orange solid
Ruthenium						
Carbonyl						**************************************
Ru(CO) ₅		200° in ab-			990	White crystalline solid
Ru ₂ (CO) ₉	269.70	sence of air			22°	sona

Note: The carbonyls of the following metals have also been prepared: Iridium, Osmium, Rhodium, Rhenium. The vapors of all carbonyls are toxic and should be handled with reasonable precaution.

with pardonable pride we consider ourselves



for ALUMINUM TUBE as well as Copper Tube

When you buy Wolverine aluminum tube you will do so with the san confidence that you have in buying Wolverine copper tube. That's because or aluminum tube is produced under the same top quality control that has broug distinction to our copper tube through our 36 years of tube manufacturin

This tube lends itself most admirably for use in making television antennand many types of indoor and outdoor furniture. It is also applicable in the refrigeration industry for suction lines.

This tube is made from 2S and 3S aluminum in standard sizes from $\frac{1}{4}$ thru 2" O.D., in wall thickness ranging from .020 thru .180. We are well equippe to meet your particular specifications.

In addition to plain aluminum tube, Wolverine also manufactures aluminum finned tube either in all-aluminum or in bi-metal. It is known as Wolverin Trufin* and is especially suited for effective heat transfer. In bi-metal—Truficombines the advantages of all-aluminum integrally finned tube with a liner copper or a copper base alloy on the inside. (Of course, Trufin is also available i all-copper, copper base alloy, 1010 welded steel, and type 304 stainless steel.

Trufin is available in 5 fins, 7 fins, 9 fins, 11 fins, 16 fins, and 19 fins per inch, with outside fin diameters ranging from $\frac{1}{2}$ " to 2".

Call your nearest Wolverine Sales Representative now to help you select the proper aluminum tube to meet your needs.

*REG. U. S. PAT. O

Walkerton Frafix and the Walyon of Sport Energy available in Enrada Infancy Unifor Total Co. Landon Enland

Specialists

wolverine ELECTRIC-WELDED

STEEL TUBE

Backed by an experience gained by over 36 years of tube making — every minute devoted to the production of only top quality nonferrous tubing — we can

gically say without fear of contradiction that we are "Tube Specialists."

And so when we offer our new product—Electric-Welded Steel Tube we ask you to accept it with the same degree of confidence that prevails the case of our well known nonferrous products which have been taking steadfast friends throughout the years.

The same standards of production that we maintain in the making nonferrous tube are held in the production of our electric-welded sel tube. Most rigid controls prevail.

Specify Wolverine Electric-Welded Steel Tube (mechanical and essure) whenever steel tube is considered.

Sizes range from $\frac{1}{4}$ " through 3" O.D. in the following analyses: LE 1010, SAE 1015, SAE 1020, SAE 1025, SAE 1030.

Your inquiries will receive our prompt attention.

WOLVERINE TUBE DIVISION

of CALUMET & HECLA, INC.

Manufacturers of Quality-Controlled Tubing

SENISHED TO

Florish British Mith. & British Alex Sain Silver in Principal Cities

SCOPE OF GAS PLATING PROCESS

Commonwealth Engineering has had numerous contracts with governmental and commercial institutions. Following is a partial list of applications.

Nickel tire molds

heavy coating of nickel plating on lead molds.

Nickel coated steel tubes

thin coating of nickel on steel tubes for corrosion protection.

Nickel coated steel pipe, I. D.

1-2 mil coating of nickel on steel pipe for corrosion protection.

Nickel coated wire

thin coating on fine wire.

Nickel coated aluminum discs

flash coating for electrical purposes.

Copper on ceramic discs

flash coating of copper on ceramic discs for electrical purposes.

Nickel on cadmium

silver alloy—5 mil coating of nickel on small panels.

Copper on zirconium

thin coating on zirconium.

Nickel on magnesium

5 mil coating for corrosion protection.

Nickel on strip steel

5 mil steel strip coated with varied thickness of nickel.

Chromium on steel

coatings on tubes and bars.

Nickel on sintered brass

coating for reducing porosity.

Nickel on tile

varied thickness of coatings for decorative purposes.

Nickel on glass fibers

continuous coating for imparting electrical conductivity.

Iron on glass fibers

continuous coating for special uses.

Tungsten on steel

dies coated for abrasion resistance.

Silver on stainless steel

study of compounds and methods.

Chromium on copper

oxidation resistant coatings.

Chromium and nickel alloys

high temperature oxidation resistance.

Nickel on teflon

for electrical purposes.

115° F; and its decomposition point is about 356° F;.

Control—With gas plating equipment it's possible to vary the characteristics of the finished metal plate to meet any of the usual conditions required of conventional electroplated products.

Manufacturer of precision industrial equipment, for example, reported his plant gas plated surfaces with Vickers hardness of from 193 to 201, had tensile strength of 90,000 psi and elongation of 15 per cent.

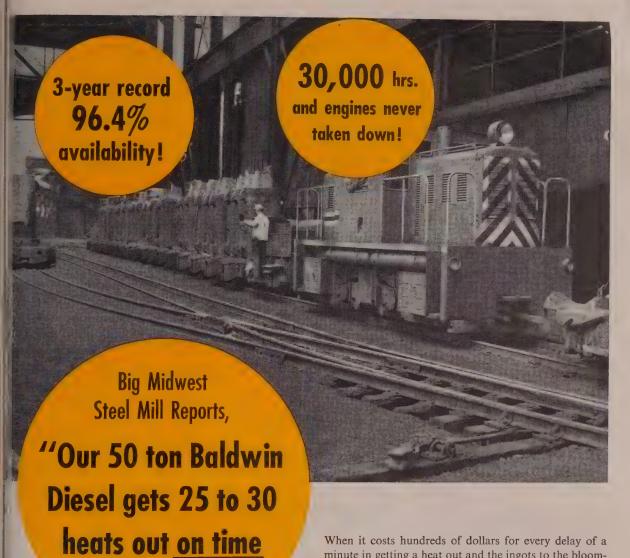
Where process was used to provide extreme corrosion resistance inside piping and other equipment, samples plated on copper, iron and aluminum showed good mechanical adherence. Plate couldn't be peeled from samples even after cutting. Microscopic examination in vicinity of a flow revealed no excessive attack by corrosion at plate substrate interface.

How It Compares—As a supplement to electroplating, gas plating has several advantages. They include: 1. Non-conductors of electricity, such as paper, plastic and tile, can be plated. 2. Irregular surfaces and the inside of objects can be plated without special equipment. 3. Speed of process is evidenced by fact that in less than one hour over 13 pounds of nickel (about 1/32 inch thick) were deposited on a mold facing with diameter of about 30 inches.

Other advantages include: Process makes possible straight-line, continuous plating of such materials as wire, screen, metal sheet, plate and cable; and in plating of powder metal parts, entrapment of plating solutions experienced in wet methods is avoided. In fact, penetration of pores and interstitial deposition may enhance physical properties.

Compared to electroplating, process is faster and requires less manpower and man hours for operation and control. Used gases may be vented to air or burned, and economies can be realized by recycling carbonyls or other metal compounds used.

One of the big advantages of gas plating as developed by Commonwealth is elimination of hydrogen embrittlement, a defect that sometimes occurs in wet-plated metals.



When it costs hundreds of dollars for every delay of a minute in getting a heat out and the ingots to the blooming mills and soaking pits, efficient, dependable locomotives are indispensable to a steel mill. A major steel mill in the midwest reports a remarkable record of moneysaving performance by their Baldwin industrial dieselelectric locomotive:

"Our 50-ton Baldwin replaced two steam locomotives on the hot line moving ingots to the blooming mills and soaking pits. We tap 8 to 10 heats a shift, three shifts a day. The heats run as much as 150 tons, making many of the loads for the Baldwin 594 tons which theoretically

would require a 32% heavier diesel. But this Baldwin has handled every job 24 hours a day for over 3 years in spite of the extreme heat, bad curves and rough track conditions on this run. It is taken off the job each week two hours for inspection and lubrication. No major repairs have been necessary during 30,000 hours of operation."

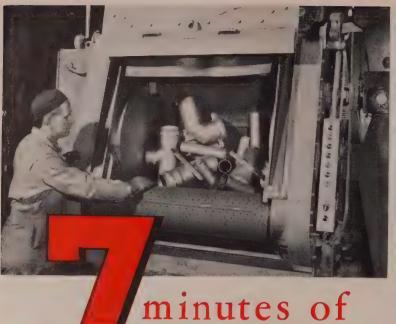
In mine or mill, you, too, can depend on similar economy and dependability by switching to and with Baldwin Industrial locomotives.



every day!"

BALDWIN - LIMA - HAMILTON

INDUSTRIAL LOCOMOTIVES



WHEELABRATOR®

results in 7 big advantages for weldment producer

RESULTS

- 1 Improved quality of product.
- 2 Facilitates inspection. Pit holes or "blows" readily spotted.
- 3 Elimination of airblasting.
- 4 Pickling time reduced from 60 minutes to only 5 per piece.
- 5 A balanced production line.
- 6 Surplus Wheelabrator time used for profitable job cleaning.
- 7 Time and cost savings will quickly pay for equipment.

IRRIGATION EQUIPMENT CO., INC. EUGENE, OREGON

THE PRODUCT: Welded fittings and couplers for sprinkler irrigation, fabricated of 14 gauge tubing, 2 to 6" in diameter, from 6" to 24" in length and weighing up to 15

THE PROBLEM: To remove mill scale, welding flux and spatter and to prepare the surface for subsequent hot dip galvanizing or bright zinc electroplating. Manual airblasting followed by pickling was slow, costly and unable to meet production.

THE SOLUTION: Installation of Wheelabrator airless blast cleaning equipment resulted in the benefits shown at left.

Write today for complete details.

WHEELABRATOR & EQUIPMENT CORP.

CLEANING

509 S. Byrkit St., Mishawaka, Ind.

WORLD'S LARGEST BUILDERS OF AIRLESS BLAST CLEANING EQUIPMENT

Longer Cutting Oil Life

AS RECENTLY proved at Yale & Towne Mfg. Co.'s Philadelphia plant, useful life of soluble cutting oils can be extended up to 700 per cent with the use of new additives which inhibit bacterial growth.

During summer months, cutting oil rancidity and breakdown were encountered after three days operation on one drill press. At the recommendation of their coolants supplier, Yale & Towne tried a new additive developed by the West Disinfecting Co., Long Island City, N. Y.

The additive extended the useful life of the cutting oil from three days to three weeks, at the same time preventing characteristic rancid odor of deteriorated cutting oil.

Chemically, this cutting oil additive is a combination of chlorinated and non-chlorinated phenols with an organic sequestering agent which promotes the effectiveness of the product in the presence of iron.

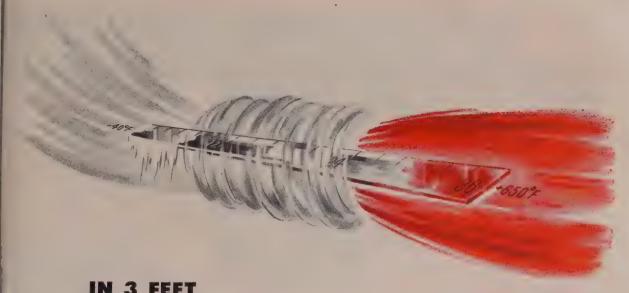
What Happens - When cutting oils break down they develop an offensive odor in addition to the loss of their lubricating and cooling properties. Odor results from bacterial decomposition and liberation of hydrogen sulfide and sulphur dioxide due to the heat of the cutting operation.

Cutting oil additives are not expensive. For example, the additive, manufactured by West Co., costs less than 1/2 cent per gallon of cutting oil used.

Fiber Handbook

A 12-page illustrated catalog, which also serves as a handbook for engineers using its products, has just been issued by Continental-Diamond Fibre Co., Newark, Del.

The catalog describes the products and many of their uses, and also contains detailed technical data in tabular form for reference. Among others, three important sheet grades of Diamond vulcanized fiber, with available sheet sizes, thicknesses and colors are described along with three fiber specialties-tubing, rods and receptacles. Designated as Catalog GF-54, copies may be obtained by writing to the company.



WE CHANGE AN ARCTIC GALE INTO A VOLCANO

...it may hold an idea YOU can use!

You can almost see the metal wanting to protest. Super-frozen by arctic cold at the intake. Super-roasted at the outlet, only a yardstick's length away. And rotating 10,000 times a minute miles high in the air in an aircraft jet engine.

The Jet Division has a broad knowledge about commercial metals, including some you may not have used yet. We also know a lot about combinations of metals and how to make one work happily with another to lick once-insurmountable problems in unusual applications. We can also engineer and produce unusual assemblies that use these metals.

The know-how and facilities the Jet Division has built up to solve problems for jet-engine builders can be adapted to *your* product... present or planned.

Tell us what you have in mind...we'll gladly work out the details with your designers and engineers. JET DIVISION

Thompson Products, Inc.

DEPT. JP-10 . CLEVELAND 17, OHIO





A traveling, stock conveyor that carries diversified small work parts to and from points of operations. It goes here and there smoothly, tucked away in small spaces; passes work benches at proper level for discharging and receiving parts. It eliminates hand traveling and confusion of distributing parts to various, separated points of operation.

The 2-28 is an interesting conveyor and it steps up production. Ask us about it for your plant.

ALLIED STEEL AND CONVEYORS, INC.

17359 HEALY AVENUE . DETROIT 12, MICHIGAN ALLIED DOES THE WHOLE JOB . . . FROM BEGINNING TO END!

Tops in **Ball and Roller Lubrication**

NON-FLUID OIL is the ideal lubricant for ball and roller bearings because it is strictly neutral and free from any tendency to develop fatty acids which corrode and pit the bearings.

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polished steel bearing surfaces.

NON-FLUID OIL provides dependable lubrication over the widest temperature range and outlasts ordinary greases many times—assuring worthwhile savings in lubricant and bearing replacement cost.

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NON-FLUID OIL is not the name of a general class of lubricants, but is a specific product of our manufacture.

CALENDAR

OF MEETINGS

October 19-21 American Standards Association: Annual meeting, Waldorr-Astoria hotel, New York. Association address: '40 E. 45th

New York. Association address: 10 E, 45th St., New York 17. Secretary: Vice Adm. G. F. Hussey Jr., USN (Ret.). October 19-22, Society of Industrial Packaging & Materials Handling Engineers: Annual national exposition, competition and technical short course, Mechanics Bidg., Boston. Society address: 20 W. Jackson Blvd., Chicago 4. Secretary: J. W. McReynolds. October 19-23, American Society of Civil Engineers: Annual meeting Statler hotel. New

gineers: Annual meeting, Statler hotel, New York. Society address: 33 W. 39th St., New York 18. Executive secretary: Col. William N. Carey.

N. Carey.
October 19-23, National Metal Congress &
Exposition: Public auditorium, Cleveland.
Information: W. H. Eisenman, secretary,
American Society for Metals, 7301 Euclid
Ave., Cleveland 3.
October 19-23, American Society for Metals:

October 19-23, American Society for Metals: Annual meeting, Hotel Statler, Cleveland. Society address: 7301 Euclid Ave., Cleveland 3. Secretary: W. H. Eisenman. October 19-23, American Welding Society: Annual meeting, Hotel Cleveland, Cleveland. Society address: 33 W. 39th St., New York 18. Executive secretary: J. G. Magrath.

October 19-23, American Institute of Mining & Metallurgical Engineers: Fall technical session, Hotel Allerton, Cleveland. Institute address: 29 W. 39th St., New York 18. Secretary: Edward H. Robie.

October 19-23, Society for Nondestructive Testing: Annual meeting, Hotel Hollenden, Cleveland. Society address: Box 710, Evans-ton, Ill. Secretary: Philip B. Johnson.

October 19-23, National Safety Council: Nactober 19-23, National Safety Council: Na-tional safety congress and exposition, Cou-rad Hilton, Congress, Morrison, Hamilton, La Salle and Palmer House hotels, Chicago. Council address: 425 N. Michigan Ave., Chicago 11. General secretary: R. L. Forney.

October 20, American Society of Safety Engineers: Annual meeting, Conrad Hilton hotel, Chicago. Society address: 425 N. Michigan Ave., Chicago 11. Secretary; J. B. Johnson.

October 21, American Iron & Steel Institute: Birmingham regional technical meeting, Hotel Thomas Jefferson, Birmingham, In-stitute address: 350 Fifth Ave., New York Secretary: George S. Rose.

October 21-22, Steel Shipping Container Institute Inc.: Fall meeting, Hotels Pierre and Hampshire House, New York. Institute ad-dress: 600 Fifth Ave., New York 20. Secretary: L. B. Miller.

October 21-23, Grinding Wheel Institute and Abrasive Grain Association: Combined fall meeting, Statler hotel, Buffalo. Informa-tion: Hunter-Thomas Associates, 2130 Keith Bldg., Cleveland.

October 22, National Industrial Conference Board Inc.: Meeting of board members and special conference on guaranteed wages and employment, Hotel Waldorf - Astoria, New York, Board address: 247 Park Ave., New York 17. Secretary: Herbert S. Briggs.

October 22-24, American Ceramic Society: Pacific Coast regional meeting, Palace hotel, San Francisco. Society address: 2525 N. High St., Columbus 2, O. Secretary: Charles S. Pearce.

October 22-25, National Tool & Die Manu-Racturers Association: Annual meeting.
Berkeley-Carteret hotel, Asbury Park, N. J.
Association address: 907 Public Square Bldg., Cleveland. Executive secretary: George S. Eaton.

October 23-24, National Noise Abatement Symposium: Armour Research Foundation of Illinois Institute of Technology, Chicago. Program chairman: George L. Bonvallet, Armour Research Foundation of Illinois Institute of Technology, 35 W. 33rd St., Technology Center, Chicago 16.

October 25-28, American Gear Manufacturers
Association: Semi-annual meeting, Edgewater Beach hotel, Chicago. Association

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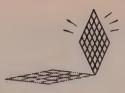
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BOSTON, PRILADELPHIA, WASHINGTON, PARKERSBURG, W. VA. DETROIT, CHICAGO, DALLAS, LOS ANGELES, SAN FRANCISCO, SENTILE address: 302 Empire Bldg., Pittsburgh 22. Executive secretary: John C. Sears.

October 26-27, National Association of Suggestion Systems: Annual convention, William Penn hotel, Pittsburgh, Association address: 122 S. Michigan Ave., Chicago 3. October 26-28, National Lubricating Grease

Institute: Annual meeting, Edgewater Beach hotel, Chicago. Institute address: 4638 J. C. Nichols Parkway, Kansas City 12, Mo. Secretary: Harry F. Bennetts.

October 26-29, American Gas Association: Annual convention, Kiel Auditorium, St. Louis. Association address: 420 Lexington Ave New York 17. Secretary & convention manager: Kurwin R. Boyes.

October 28-30, American Society of Body Engineers Inc.: Annual technical convention, Rackham Memorial Bldg., Detroit. Society address: 100 Farnsworth Ave., Detroit 2. Assistant secretary: Walter Holding.

October 28-30, American Management Association: Conference on manufacturing, Bellevue-Stratford hotel, Philadelphia. Association address: 330 W. 42nd St., New York 36. President: Lawrence A. Appley.

October 29-30, National Industrial Conference Board Inc.: Special conference on atomic energy, Hotel Waldorf-Astoria, New York Board address: 247 Park Ave., New York Secretary: Herbert S. Briggs.

October 29-30, Society of Automotive Engineers: International production meeting, Royal York hotel, Toronto, Ont. Society address: 29 W. 39th St., New York 18. Secretary: John A. C. Warner.

October 29-30, American Foundrymen's Society. Michiana and Central Indiana Chapters; and Michiana and Central Indiana Chapters; and Purdue University, Dept. of General Engi-neering: Metals casting conference, Memorial Union Bidg., Purdue, W. Lafayette, Ind. Information: C. T. Marek, Dept. of General Engineering, Purdue University, W. Lafayette. Ind.

October 29-30. American Society of Mechanical Engineers and American Institute of Mining & Metallurgical Engineers: Annual joint fuels conference, Conrad Hilton hotel, Chicago. Information: J. R. Michel, Commonwealth Edison Co., 72 W. Adams St., Chi-

October 29-November 1, Automotive Parts Rebuilders Association: Fall meeting and exhibit, Hotel Sherman, Chicago. Association address: 220 S. State St., Chicago 4. Executive secretary: Jack O'Sullivan.

October 30, Eastern States Blast Furnace & Coke Oven Association and Blast Furnace & Coke Oven Association of the Chicago District: Annual joint meeting, Hotel Statle Cleveland. Information: J. E. Allen, Central Fcs. & Docks, American Steel & Wire Div. U. S. Steel Corp., 2650 Broadway Ave. Cleveland 13.

October 30-31, Industrial Council on Development of Electrical Manufacturing Industry Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, N. Y. Information: Dr. Ray Palmer Baker, Director of the Industrial Council, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, N. Y.

October 30-31, American Society of Tool En gineers: Semi-annual board meeting, Daytor Biltmore hotel, Dayton, O. Society address 10700 Puritan Ave., Detroit 21. Executive

secretary: H. E. Conrad,

secretary: H. E. Conrad.
October 30-31, Southern Ohlo Section, National
Open Hearth Committee, American Institute
of Mining & Metallurgical Engineers: Falmeeting, Deshier-Hilton hotel, Columbus, O.
Committee address: Rm. 912, 29 W. 39tt
St., New York 18. Secretary-treasurer
Ernest Kirkendall.

November 1-6, American Society of Sanitary Engineering: Annual meeting, Hotel Hollen den,/Cleveland. Society address: 4716 Ewing Avel S., Minneapolis. Secretary: Walter A

November 2-3, Magnesium Association: Annua meeting, Biltmore hotel, New York. Asso ciation address: 122 E. 42nd St., New York 17. Assistant secretary: Martha I. Hansen

November 2-4, Society of Automotive Engineers: National transportation meeting neers: National transportation meeting Hotel Conrad Hilton, Chicago. Society address: 29 W. 39th St., New York 18. Sec retary: John A. C. Warner.

November 2-6, American Institute of Electrica Engineers: Fall general meeting, Hote Muchlebach, Kansas City, Mo. Institute address: 33 W. 39th St., New York 18 Secretary: H. H. Henline.



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IRON AND STEEL SCRAP SINCE 1889

October 19, 1953

Outlook

BUSINESS is "looking up" in the steel industry.

The inventory reduction that started among steel consumers during the summer appears to be about over. They have lowered their inventories about as far as is practical in light of the high over-all business conditions. Now they must quit living off inventories and come into the market for sufficient steel to supply their present high needs. This means that a good many steel users probably will be ordering more steel then they have been recently.

CUT TOO MUCH—In some cases, consumers feel they have cut their steel inventories too sharply.

The approaching end of inventory reduction is being marked by a decline in cutbacks and cancellations of steel orders.

Among the reasons the decline in demand for steel has not gone any further are continued heavy expenditures for national defense, a continued good level of consumer expenditures and a continued growth in the country's population.

The slight decline that hit steel demand this last summer stemmed to a great degree from the fact that the growing steel capacity and supply caught up with demand about the time the Korean war ended. Ending of the war dispelled fears of shortages and brought stretchouts of defense programs.

ON TAP—Business did not go to pieces, however, and it shouldn't, for there is a big reservoir of needs in this country: Many school buildings will have to be built to accommodate the growing school population. Highways, bridges and streets are woefully inadequate for the increasing amount of automobile traffic. Most everyone

needs or wants more personal goods than he now has,

A LOOK AHEAD— The largest consumer of steel, the automobile industry, which will produce close to 6 million cars this year, will make and sell 5.5 million cars next year, confidently says L. L. Colbert, president, Chrysler Corp.

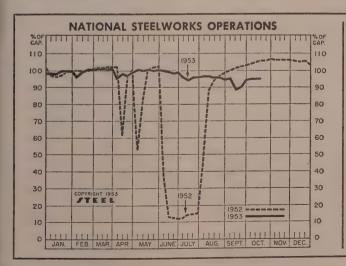
Even though a 5.5-million-car year would be a good one, it suggests that steel production will not have to be at capacity levels. But that doesn't worry everybody. Republic Steel Corp.'s chairman, T. M. Girdler, and president, Charles M. White, say that, "As a matter of fact, capacity operations are expensive operations. Many of the costs that result from peak operations are decreased or eliminated at a lower rate."

MEETING A CHALLENGE—The moderate decline in business is not alarming the metal-working industry. The industry is alert to the situation, but most of its members are philosophically accepting the decline as one that was expected and one that will infuse health into our competitive system.

ENCOURAGING—The improved outlook for steel demand is not limited to the fourth quarter. A considerable number of users are indicating that their requirements in the first quarter of next year are going to be up.

Another indication that the decline in steel demand may have been arrested is the further strengthening of the steelmaking scrap market.

OUTPUT STEADY—While demand for some forms of finished steel is less than for others, the over-aM demand was sufficient to keep steel ingot production at a steady pace of 95 per cent of capacity during the week ended Oct. 17.



DISTRICT INGOT RATES

(Percentage of capacity engaged at leading production points)

	Week Ended Oct. 17	Chang	Same 1952	Week 1951
Pittsburgh	. 96.5	1°	107	100.5
Chicago	. 97.5	0.	109.5	95.5
Mid-Atlantic	. 97	0	99	99
Youngstown	.105	0	106	103
Wheeling	. 94.5	- 2.	5 98	101.5
Cleveland		2.	5* 107.5	101
Buffalo		0	106.5	104
Birmingham		0	102	102
New England		+ 9	94	85
Cincinnati		<u> </u>	5 93	104
St. Louis		- 2.3	5 110	98
Detroit		+ 0.	5 109.5	104.5
Western		, 0	104	106
Estimated Nations				
Rate	. 95	0	105.5	100.5

*Change from preceding week's revised rate. Weekly steelmaking capacity is estimated at 2,254,459 net tons in 1953; 2,077,040 tons in 1952; 1,999,034 tons in 1951.

PRICE INDEXES AND COMPOSITES

AVERAGE PRICES OF STEEL (Bureau of Labor Statistics) Week Ended Oct. 13

Prices include mill base prices and	typical extras and deductions. Uni	s are 100 lb except where otherwise	noted in parentneses, For complete
		and deductions applicable to them wr	
Rails standard No. 1 \$4,400	Bars. H.R., alloy \$8.6'	5 Strip, C.R., stainless, 430	Tin plate, hot-dipped, 1.25
Rails light, 40 lb 5.767	Bars. H R., stainless 303	(ID)	10
Tie Plates 5.125	(lb) 0.4	8 Strip, H.R., carbon 5.013	Tin plate, electrolytic, 0.25
Axles, railway 7.250		0 Pipe, black, buttweld (100	Ib 7.133
Wheels, freight car, 33 in.		'5 ft) 14.454	
(per wheel) 47.000			quality 6.233
Plates, carbon 4.550	Bars, C.F., alloy 11.0		Wire, drawn, carbon 7.713
Structural Shapes 4.383	Bars, C.F., stainless, 302	Pipe, line (100 ft) 141.960	Wire, drawn, stainless, 430
Bars, tool steel, carbon (lb) 0.415	(lb) 0.4	Casing, oil well, carbon (100	(lb) 0.545
Bars, tool steel, alloy, oil	Sheets, H.R., carbon 4.70	5 ft)	Bale ties (bundle) 5.653
hardening die (lb) 0.505	Sheets, C.R., carbon 5.9	Casing, oil well, alloy (100 ft)	Nails, wire, 8d common 7.488
Bars, tool steel, H.R. alloy,	Sheets, galvanized 6.9	5 Tubes, boiler (100 ft) 1	Wire, barbed (80-rod spool) 6.847
high speed W 6.75, Cr 4.5,	Sheets, C.R., stainless, 302	Tubing, mechanical carbon	Woven wire fence (20-rod
V 2.1, Mo 5.5, C 0.60 (lb) 1.135 Bars, tool steel, H.R. alloy,	(lb) 0.5	8 (100 ft) \$	roll) 16.174
high speed W 18, Cr 4,	Sheets, electrical 9.1	3 Tubing, mechanical, stain-	
V 1 (lb) 1.730	Strip, C.R., carbon 7.3		tNot available.
A T (70) ****** T*190	Dirip, Olari, Tillian III	,, 2021200	

FINISHED	STEEL	PRICE	INDEX	{Bu	ırea	u of	1	Labor	St	atistics
				Oat	10	Ont	C	Moni	-b	Sant

(1947-1949=100)	1953 141.5	1953 141.7	Ago 141.7	Average 141.7
STEEL'S FINISHED STEEL PRICE	INDEX			
Oot 15	Wook	Month	Vest	5 Vra

Index (1935-39 av.=100)... 189.38 Index in cents per lb. ... 5.130

Ago 189.38 5.130

Ago 189.38 5.130

STEEL'S ARITHMETICAL	PRICE	COMPO	OSITE*		
	Oct. 15	Week	Month	Year	5 Yrs.
	1953	Ago	Ago	Ago	Ago
Finished Steel, NT	\$115.54	\$115.54	\$115.56	\$110.98	\$95.05
No. 2 Fdry, Pig Iron, GT.	56.54	56.54	56.54	55.04	46.50
Basic Pig Iron, GT	56.04	57.27	56.04	54.66	46.29
Malleable Pig Iron, GT	57.27		57.27	55.77	47.20
Steelmaking Scrap, GT *For explanation of weight					43.33 , p. 54;
of arithmetical price compo	osite, ST	zel, Sept	. 1, 1952	, p. 130.	

COMPARISON OF PRICES

Comparative prices a	y districts, i	n centra her h	DULIN GACCD	it as official	rise noted. Delivered p.	rices based on	nearest productio
FINISHED STEEL	Oct. 15 We 1953 Ag	eek Month go Ago		5 Yrs. Ago	PIG IRON, Gross T	on Oct. 15	Week Month Ago Ago
Bars, H.R., Pittsburgh Bars, H.R., Chicago Bars, H.R., del. Philadelphia Shapes, Std., Pittsburgh Shapes, Std., Pittsburgh Shapes, Std., Chicago Shapes, deld., Philadelphia Plates, Pittsburgh Plates, Chicago Plates, Coatesville, Pa. Plates, Sparrows Point, Md. Plates, Claymont, Del. Sheets, H.R., Pittsburgh Sheets, H.R., Chicago Sheets, C.R., Pittsburgh	4.15 4.1 5.302 5.3 4.10 4.1 4.10 4.1 4.10 4.1 4.38 4.3 4.10 4.1 4.35 4.3 4.10 4.1 4.35 4.3 4.10 4.1 4.75 3.925 3.9	5.5 4.15 5.302 0.0 4.10 0.0 4.10 0.10 4.10 1.10 4.	3.95 4.502 3.85 3.85 3.85 3.90 3.90 4.35 3.775 3.775 4.575	3.45 3.35 3.79 3.275 3.25 3.25 3.48 3.50 3.40 3.75 3.45 3.95 3.275 3.25 4.00	Bessemer, Pitts	56.00 60.75 56.50 56.50 61.25 61.25 61.25 61.25 61.25 61.25 61.25 61.25 61.25 61.25 61.25 61.25 61.25	\$57.00 \$57.00 56.00 56.00 56.00 56.50 56.50 56.50 56.50 56.50 56.50 56.50 52.88 52.88 60.43 60.43 56.50 56.50 56.50 56.50 56.50 56.50 200.00† 200.00† Pa. †74-76% Mr
Sheets, C.R., Chicago Sheets, C.R., Detroit Sheets, Galv., Pittsburgh. Strip, H.R., Pitts	4.975 4.9 5.275 5.2 4.425 3.975-4.4 3.925 3.9 5.45-5.95 5.4 5.70 5.7 5.45-6.05 5.4 6.525 5.475-5.5 6.35-6.55 6.3	75 4.975 75 5.275 125 3.975-4.425 125 3.975-4.425 125 3.925 15-5.95 5.45-5.91 10 5.70 125 5.45-6.01 125 5.475-5.525 15-6.55 6.35-6.51	4.775 5.075 3.75-4.225 3.725 5.10-5.80 5.35 5.30-6.05 5.10-5.225 6.20-6.35	3.25 4.00 4.00 4.20 4.325	SCRAP, Gross Ton No. 1 Heavy Melt, Pitt No. 1 Heavy Melt, E. No. 1 Heavy Melt, Cl No. 1 Heavy Melt, Bu; Rails, Rerolling, Chica No. 1 Cast, Chicago	ts \$36.50 Pa 31.50 picago 29.50 picago 29.50 piey. 34.50 piey. 31.50 piego 42.50	**************************************

SEMIFINISHED STEEL

PRIMARY METALS AND ALLOYS

Aluminum: 99% plus, ingots 21.50, pigs 20.00, 10.000 lb or more, f.o.b. shipping point. Freight allowed on 500 lb or more.

Alluminum Alloy: No. 13, 12% Si, 23.30; No. 43, 5% Si, 23.10; No. 142, 4% Cu, 24.40; No. 195, 4.5% Cu, 0.8% Si, 23.70; No. 214, 3.8% Mg, 24.40; No. 356, 7% Si, 0.3% Mg, 23.20. Antimony: R.M.M. brand, 99.5% 34.50, Lone Star brand, 35.00, f.o.b. Laredo, Texas, in

Billets, forging, Pitts. (NT) \$75.50 \$75.50 \$75.50 \$70.50 Wire rods, $\frac{\pi}{32}$ -%", Pitts. . . 4.525 4.525 4.525 4.525

mmission)

No.	1	Heavy	Melt.	Pitts	\$36.50	\$34.50	\$40.50	\$44.00	\$42.75
No.	1	Heavy	Melt,	E. Pa	31.50	31.50	36.50	41.50	45.25
No.	1	Heavy	Melt.	Chicago	29.50	29.50	35.50	42.50	41.75
No.	1	Heavy	Melt.	Valley	34.50	33.50	36.50	44.00	42.75
No.	1	Heavy	Melt.	Cleve	31.50	30.50	33.50	43.00	42.25
No.	1	Heavy	Melt.	Buffalo.	33.50	33,50	39.50	43.00	48.25
Rail	3.	Rerolli	ng, C	hicago	42.50	42.50	52,00	52.50	64.50
No.	ĺ	Cast,	Chicag	30	32.50	32.50	35.00	48.50	70.50

COKE. Net Ton

Beehive, Furn, (Beehive, Fdry, (Oven Fdry, Chic	Connlsvi	16.75	\$14.75 16.75 24.50	\$14.75 16.75 24.50	\$14.75 17.00 23.00	\$14.50 17.00 20.40
Oven Fully, Citie	casu	42,00	42.00	24.00	40.00	40.40

NONFERROUS METALS

(Cents per pound, carlots, except as otherwise noted)

bulk. Foreign brands, $99.5\,\%$, 25.50-26.00 New York, duty paid, 10,000 lb or more.

Beryllium: 97%, lump or beads, \$71.50 per lb f.o.b. Cleveland or Reading, Pa.

Beryllium Aluminum: 5% Be, \$72.75 per lb of contained Be, f.o.b. Reading, Pa.

Beryllium Copper: 3.75-4.25% Be, \$40.00 per lb of contained Be, with balance as Cu at market price on shipment date, f.o.b. Reading, Pa. or Elmore, O.

		DAILY NON	FERROUS PRIC	E RECORD		Oct. 1952
	Price Oct. 15	Last Change	Previous Price	Sept. Avg.	Aug. Avg.	Avg.
	29.00-30.00	Aug. 19	28.50-30.00	29.500	29.376	24.500
Lead		Sept. 16	13.80	13.540	13,800	14.226
Zine		Sept. 11	10.50	10.180	11.000	13.259
Tin	79.50	Oct. 14	81.00	82.410	80.530	121.500
Nickel		Jan. 14	56. 50	60.000	60,000	56.500
	21.50	July 15	20.50	21.500	21.500	20.000
Magnesium .	27.00	Mar. 9	24.50	27.000	27.000	24,500

Quotations in cents per pound based on: Copper, deld, Conn. Valley; Lead, common grade, deld. St. Louis; Zinc, prime western, E. St. Louis; Tin, Straits, deld. New York; Nickel, electrolytic cathodes, 99.9% base size at refinery unpacked; Aluminum, primary ingots, 89% plus, deld.; Magnesium, 99.8%, Freeport, Tex.

Bismuth: \$2.25 per lb, ton lots.

Cadmium: Sticks and bars, \$2.00 per lb deld. Cobalt: 97-99%, \$2.40 per lb for 550 lb keg; \$2.42 per lb for 100 lb case; \$2.47 per lb un-der 100 lb.

5 Yrs

\$47.00

48.50 44.75

46.50 50.67 43.38 49.09 46.50 45.00 163.00°

Ago

55.00 55.00 55.00 59.75 51.38

58.93 55.00 55.00

228 000 3% Mn. per net ton.

Columbium: Powder, \$75.00 per 1b, nom. Copper: Electrolytic 29.00-30.00 deld. Conn. Valley, |29.125-30.125 deld. Midwest; Lake 30.125 deld; Fire refined 29.75 deld.

Germanium: 99.9%, \$295 per lb nom.

Gold: U. S. Treasury, \$35 per oz. Indium: 99.9%, \$2.25 per troy oz.

Iridium: \$165-\$175 per troy oz.

Lead: Common 13.30, chemical 13.40, corroding 13.40, St. Louis, New York basis, add Lithium: 98%, \$11-\$14 per lb, depending on

Magnesium: 99.8% standard ingots 27.00, 10,-000 lb or more, f.o.b. Freeport, Tex. Sticks, 1.3 in. dia., 45.00, 100 to 4999 lb.
Magnesium Alloys: AZ91B 30.50; AZ91C and alloys C, H, G and R 32.50; alloy M 34.50, 10,000 lb or more.

dercury: Open market, spot, New York, 184-\$186 per 76-lb flask.

Molybdenum: Powder, 99% hydrogen reduced 3.40 per lb; pressed ingot \$4.06 per lb; intered ingot \$5.53 per lb.

intered ingot \$5.53 per in.

Nickel: Electrolytic cathodes, sheets (4 x 4 in.

nd larger), unpacked, 60.00; 25-1b pigs 62.65;

'XX'' nickel shot 63.65; 'F'' nickel shot or

ngots, for addition to cast iron 60.00; prices

o.b. Port Coiborne, Ont., including import

luty. New York basis, add 0.92.

smium: \$140-\$150 per troy oz. nom,

'alladium: \$22-\$24 per troy oz.

Platinum: \$91-\$93 per troy oz. from refineries. ladium: \$16.00-\$21.50 per mg. radium content, epending on quantity.

Rhodium: \$125 per troy oz. Ruthenium: \$75-\$80 per troy oz.

selenium: 99.5%, \$4.25-\$4.75 per lb.

odium: 16.50, carlots; 17.00 l.c.l.

'antalum: Sheet, rod \$42.45 per lb; powder 33.50 per lb.

ellurium: \$1.75 per lb.

hallium: \$12.50 per lb.

'm: Straits, New York, 79.50.
'itanium: Sponge, 99.3 plus %, \$5 per lb.

lne: Price western 10.00, brass special 10.25, termediate 10.50, E. St. Louis, freight llowed over 0.50 per pound. High grade 1.35, special high grade 11.50, die casting loy ingot 14.50, deld.

tronium: Sponge \$14.00 per lb; powder 100 or more \$7.00; less than 100 lb \$8.00.

Note: Chromium, manganese and silicon met-ls are listed in ferroalloy section.)

SECONDARY METALS AND ALLOYS luminum Ingot: Piston Alloys 21.00-21.50; [o. 12 foundry alloy (No. 2 grade) 20.00-0.50; 5% silicon alloy, 0.60 Cu max., 22.75-3.25; 13 alloy, 0.60 Cu max., 22.75-23.25; 95 alloy 21.00-21.50; teel deoxidizing grades, notch bars, granuted or shot: Grade 1, 21.00-22.50; grade 2, 9.50-21.00; grade 3, 18.50-20.00; grade 4, 7.00-18.00;

4.00-18.00. trass Ingot: Red brass, No. 115, 24.50; tin ronze, No. 225, 35.25, No. 245, 29.50; high-aded tin bronze, No. 305, 28.75; No. 1 ellow, No. 405, 20.75; manganese bronze No.

Iagnesium Alloy Ingot: AZ63A, 31.50; AZ91B, 1.50; AZ91C, 32.00; AZ92A, 31.50.

NONFERROUS MILL PRODUCTS

COPPER WIRE f.o.b. eastern mills,

lare, soft, f.o.b. eastern mills, 100,000 lb lots, 5.38; 30,000 lb lots, 35.48; l.c.l. 35.98. Weath-rproof, 100,000 lb 36.28; 30,000 lb, 36.33; lc.l., 37.03. Magnet wire deld., 15,000 lb or nore 41.83; l.c.l., 42.58.

Frices to jobbers f.o.b. Buffalo, Cleveland, litsburgh.) Sheets, full rolls, 140 sq ft or lore \$18.50 per cwt; pipe, full colls \$18.50 er cwt; traps and bends, list prices plus 30%.

Prices per lb, 100,000 lb and over, f.o.b, mill) heets, \$15; sheared mill plate, \$12; strip, \$15; ire, \$10; forging billets, \$6; hot-rolled and orged bars, \$6.

ZINO
heets 23.00, f.o.b. mill, 36,000 lb and over.
ibbon zinc in coils, 19,50-20.50, f.o.b. mill,
3,000 lb and over. Plates 19.50-22.25,

NICKE	A" Nickel	INCONI Monel	EL Inconel
neet, C.R	86.5	67.5	92.5
trip, C.R	92.5	70.5	98.5
late, H.R	84.5	66.5	90.5
od, Shapes	82.5	65.5	88.5
eamless Tubes	115,5	100.5	137.5
not, Blocks		60.0	• • • •

ALUMINUM (30,000 lb base; freight allowed on 500 lb or Sheets and Circles: 28 and 38 mill finish c.i.

				Contea
Thickness	Widths or	Flat	Coiled	Sheet
Range	Diameters,	Sheet	Sheet	Circlet
Inches	In., Inc.	Base*	Base	Base
0.249-0.136	12~48	33.9		
0.135-0.096	12-48	34.4		
0.095-0.077	12-48	35.1	32.7	37.5
0.076-0.061	12-48	35.7	32.9	37.7
0.060-0.048	12-48	36.1	33.2	38.1
0.047-0.038	12-48	36.6	33.6	38.4
0.037-0.030	12-48	37.0	34.0	39.1
0.029-0.024	12-48	37.6	34.3	39.6
0.023-0.019	12-36	38.3	35.1	40.4
0.018-0.017	12-36	39.1	35.7	41.3
0.016-0.015	12-36	40.0	36.5	42.5
0.014	12-24	41.0	37.5	43.8
0.013-0.012	12-24	42.1	38.2	44.8
0.013-0.012	12-24	43.1	39.4	46.4
0.011-0.0095	12-24	44.3	40.5	48.0
0.010-0.0095	12-24	45.6	41.9	50.0
0.008-0.0085	12-24	47.1		
			43.1	51.8
0.007	12-18	48.6	44.6	54.1
0.006	12-18	50.2	46.0	59.1

Lengths 72 to 180 inches, † Maximum diameter, 26 inches.

ALUMINUM

Plates and Circles: Thickness 0.250-3.0 in., widths or diameters 24-60 in., lengths 72-240

in.		
	Plate Base	Circle Base
2S-F, 3S-F	32.4	38.3
50S-F	33.5	37.4
4S-F	34.5	39.1
52S-F	36.2	40.9
61S-T6	37.4	41.5
24S-T4*	39.3	45.4
75S-T6*	47.1	53.7
* Widths or diame	eters 24-48 in	lengths 72-
180 in.		

ALUMINUM

Screw Machine Stock: 5000 lb and over.

Dia. (in.)				
or distance	Ro	und	—Hexag	gonal
across flats	11S-T3	17S-T4	11S-T3	17S-T4
Drawn				
0.125	59.6	57.9		
0.158-0.172	50.6	48.9	* * * *	
0.188	50.6	48.9		62.4
0.219-0.234	47.9	46.2		
0.250-0.281	47.9	46.2		59.5
0.313	47.9	46.2		56.8
Cold-finished				
0.375-0.531	46.6	44.9	56.2	53.4
0.563-0.688	46.6	44.9	53.4	50.2
0.750-1.000	45.5	43.8	48.9	47.3
1.063	45.5	43.8		45.7
1.125-1.500	43.8	42.1	47.3	45.7
Rolled				
1.563	42.7	41.0		
1,625-2.000	42.1	40.4		44.1
2.125-2.500	41.1	39.4		
2.750-3.375	39.9	38.2		

Forging Stock: Round, Class 1, 42.05-32.76, in specific lengths 36-144 in., diameters 0.375-8 in.; rectangles and squares, Class 1, 49.2 to 37.6 in random lengths 0.375-4.0 in. thick, 37.6 in random lengwidths 0.750-10.0 in.

Industrial Roofing Sheet (0.032-in. thick): Flat, 42.75 in. wide, lengths 60-144 in., \$2.838 to \$6.816 per sheet. Corrugated, 35 in. wide, lengths 60-144 in., \$2.862 to \$6.874 per sheet.

MAGNESIUM
Sheet: AZ31, commercial grade, 0.032-in.
108.00 0.084-in. 81.00, 0.125-in. 71.00, 30,000
lb and over, f.o.b. mill.

lb and over, f.o.b. mill. Plate: Hot-rolled, AZ31, 53.00, 20,000 lb or more 0.188-1.0 in. thick, widths to 48 in., lengths to 144 in.; raised pattern floor plate, 69.00, 20,000 lb or more, ¼-in. thick, widths 24-48 in., lengths 60-144 in. Extrusion Stock: AZ31, Rectangles, ¼ x 2 in. 69.20, 1 x 4 in. 63.00. Rod, 1 in. 66.00, 2 in. 62.50. Tubing, 1 in. OD x 0.065-in. 87.00. Angles, 1 x 1 x ½-in. 72.90, 2 x 2 x ½-in. 67.00. Channels, 5 in. 67.80. I-Beams, 5 in. 66.20.

SCRAP ALLOWANCES f MILL PRODUCTS a Sheet. Clean Heavy Rod Ends Strip, Plate Turnings Wire Tube 26.000 19.750 23.000 22.125 18.250 23.875 23.625 26.125 25.125 opper
ellow brass
ed Brass, 85%
ow Brass, 80% 45.98c 48.44 44.63 48.25 47.28 19.500 18.000 19.500 22.750 21.875 18.000 23.625 23.375 25.875 24.875 41.72 41.66 22.250 21.375 17.500 23.125 11.813 45.98 ow Brass, 80%
aval Brass
ommercial Bronze, 90%
lickel Silver, 10%
hosphor Bronze, A, 5%
licon Bronze
anganese Bronze
untz Metal 45.76 40.07 49.51 24.875 24.125 17.500 66.58 52.71 49.48 67.08 51.90 70.11e 18.250

a. Cents per lb, f.o.b. mill; freight allowed on 500 lb or more. b. Hot-rolled. c. Cold-drawn. Free cutting. e. 3% silicon. f. Prices in cents per lb for less than 20,000 pounds, f.o.b. shipping bint. On lots over 20,000 lb at one time, of any or all kinds of scrap, add 1 cent per lb. g. Leaded.

NONFERROUS SCRAP

DEALERS' BUYING PRICES (Cents per pound, New York, in ton lots)

Aluminum: 28 clipping 12.00; low cc clippings 9.00; mixed clippings 9.00; old 8.00-8.50; borings and turnings 5.00-5.50; tons and struts 6.00; crankcases 8.00; in trial castings 8.00-8.50.

trial castings 8.00-8.50.

Copper and Brass: Heavy copper and wire, No. 1 22.00; No. 2 copper 20.50; light copper 17.50-18.00; No. 1 composition red brass 16.00-16.50; No. 1 composition turnings 15.50-16.00; mixed brass turnings 9.50; new brass clippings 17.50; No. 1 brass rod turnings 12.00; light brass 9.50-10.00; heavy yellow brass 11.50; new brass rod ends 14.00-14.50; auto radiators, unsweated 12.00; cocks and faucets 13.00; brass pipe 15.50.

Lead: Heavy 9.50-10.00; battery plate 5.25-

Lead: Heavy 9.50-10.00; battery plate 5.25-5.75; linotype and stereotype 11.75; electrotype 10.50; mixed babbitt 12.00.

Magnesium: Clippings 20.00-21.00; clean cast ings 19.00-20.00; iron castings, not over 10% removable Fe, 18.00-19.00.

Monel: Clippings 26.00-28.00; old sheet 24.00-26.00; turnings 19.00-21.00; rods 26.00-28.00.

Nickel: Sheets and clips 70.00; rolled anodes 70.00; turnings 40.00; rod ends 70.00.

Tin: No. 1 pewter 40.00-45.00; block tin pipe 65.00-67.00; No. 1 babbitt 37.00-38.00.

Zinc: Old zinc, 3.50; new die cast scrap, 3.50; old die cast scrap, 3.25.

REFINERS' BUYING PRICES

(Cents per pound, carlots, delivered refinery) Aluminum: 28, 38 clipping 13.50-14.00; 518, 528 clippings 13.50-14.00; 148, 178, 248, clippings 12.50-13.00; mixed clippings 12.00-13.00; old sheet 9.50-10.50; old east 9.50-10.50; clean old cable, free of steel 13.50-14.00; borings and turnings 10.00-11.00.

Beryllium Copper: Heavy scrap, 0.020-in. and heavier, not less than 1.5% Be, 42.00; light scrap 37.00.

Copper, Brass: No. 1 copper 24.00; No. 2 copper 22.25; light copper 20.75; refinery brass (60% copper) per dry copper content 19.00; auto radiators 13.00 nom.

INGOT MAKERS' BUYING PRICES (Cents per pound, carlots, delivered)

Copper, Brass: No. 1 copper 24.00-24.50, No. 2 copper 22.00-22.50; light copper 20.50-21.00; No. 1 composition borings 16.50-17.00; No. 1 composition borings 17.00-17.50; heavy yellow brass solids 13.00-13.50; yellow brass turnings 12.50-12.75; radiators 13.00-13.50.

PLATING MATERIALS

shipping points, freight allowed on quantities)

ANODES
Cadmium: Special or patented shapes \$2.15

Copper: Flat-rolled 45.04, oval 44.54, 2000-5000 lb; electrodeposited 39.78, cast 42.04, 5000-10,000 lb lots.

Niekel: Depolarized, less than 500 lb 92.00; 500-4999 lb 88.00; over 5000 lb 88.00.

Tin: Bar or slab, less than 200 lb 98.5; 200-499 lb 97; 500-999 lb 98.5; 1000 lb or more

96.

Zine: Bar 18.50, bar or flat top 17.50, ton

CHEMICALS

Cadmium Oxide: \$2.15 per lb, in 100 lb drums. Chromic Acid: Less than 2000 lb 29.00; over 2000 lb 28.75.

Copper Cyanide: Under 1000 lb 63.90, 1000 lb and over 61.90.

Copper Sulphate: 100-6000 lb 11.35; 6000-12,000 lb 11.10; 12,000-24,000 lb 10.85; 24,000-36,000 lb 10.60; 36,000 lb and over 10.35.

Nicket Chloride: 100 lb 45.00; 200 lb 43.00; 300 lb 42.00; 400-4900 lb 40.00; 5000-9900 lb 38.00; 10,000 lb and over 37.00.

Nickel Sulphate: 100 ib 37.00; 200 ib 35.00; 300 ib 34.00; 400-4900 ib 32.000; 5000-35,900 ib 30.00; 36,000 ib and over 29.00.

Silver Cyanide: Cents per ounce, 16 oz 80.625; 100 oz 78.500; 2500 oz and over 77.375.

Sodium Cyanide: Egg, under 1000 lb 19.80, 1000-19,900 lb 18.80, 20,000 lb and over 17.80; granular, add 1.0 premium to above.

Sodium Stannate: Less than 100 lb 64.8; 100-600 lb 51; 700-1900 lb 48.5; 2000-9900 lb 48.7; 10,000 lb or more 45.8.

Stannous Chloride (Anhydrous): Less than 50 lb \$1.49; 50 lb \$1.15; 100-300 lb \$1; 400-900 lb 97.8; 1000-1900 lb 95.2; 2000-4900 lb 91.5; 5000-19,000 lb 85.4; 20,000 lb and over 79.3. over 81.10.

Stannous Sulphate: Less than 50 lb \$1.194; 50 lb 89.4; 100-1900 lb 87.4; 2000 lb and over

Zine Cyanide: Under 1000 lb 54.30, 1000 lb and over 52.30.

RASS MILL PRICES

Nonferrous Metals

Government is a forceful factor in the metals market, even after considerable relaxation of controls. Federal authority is exerted from ore to finished goods

GOVERNMENT still stands as a forceful factor in the metals market. Despite the withering of the emergency-built system of direct control, Washington's authority over metals will be potent for a long time.

Oradle to Grave—Federal authority is exerted from ore to finished goods. Defense needs and their ramifications on materials supply are obvious. Defense Materials System operates to make sure contractors get enough steel, copper, aluminum and nickel for military goods. Stockpile operations take metal out of circulation. Contracts for developing high-cost mines make more available.

A number of less direct actions enter the picture too. Exploration and mining assistance, import duties and export controls, Interior department power policies, State department loan-making influence, legislation and legislative investigations are fragments in the changing market kaleidoscope and have a bearing on the prices you now pay or will pay for materials.

Surprise Entry—Another government department that's showing increased interest in metal companies and their operations is the Justice department. It brought suit in July to set aside a purchase contract for 600,000 tons of primary aluminum made by Alcoa and Aluminum Import Co. That suit is still pending.

Latest activity is a charge that two leading sellers of lead have violated the Sherman Antitrust Act. In filling suit against American Smelting & Refining Co. and St. Joseph Lead Co., Attorney General Herbert Brownell said, "The primary lead industry of the U. S. has been so dominated by the two defendants that no new producer has entered the industry for almost 35 years."

The Charges—The civil suit alleges A.S.&R. and St. Joe have restrained, attempted to monopolize and monopolized interstate and foreign trade in production and sale of primary lead. Since about 1920, the complaint charges, the two companies have been engaged in a continuing agreement to suppress and limit competition in the mining, smelting, refining and marketing of primary lead.

This has been accomplished, the complaint contends, by regulating

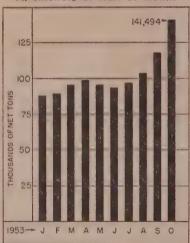
production, exercising control over refining and marketing of competitors' production, joining with foreign producers to influence the movement of foreign lead into the U. S., and by these devices to have exercised control over price of primary lead in the U. S.

Effect from Afar

International affairs currently exert the strongest influence on a meandering market. From Trieste,

ZINC STOCKS CLIMB

At smelters at start of month



Source: American Zinc Institute.

Chile, British Guiana and Malaya come reports that find response as quickly as any stock exchange.

The Trieste hassle sent London markets skittering upwards nervously. In Chile, workers at Anaconda's huge (15,000 tons monthly) Chuquicamata copper mine struck last week, ignoring government pleas to hold off until delicate negotiations with the U. S. for purchase of up to 100,000 tons of copper for stockpile were concluded. Prospects of a long strike in Chile will keep copper price jacked up even longer.

In the 90,000-square-mile patch of South America called British Guiana, political upheavals threaten Aluminium Ltd.'s biggest bauxite operation. Since most of the bauxite is refined into alumina and aluminum in Canada

and winter stocks have already been shipped, there would be little danger of production interruptions in Canada until well into next year.

In Malaya, tin producers want action taken to prevent economic chaos such as occurred in 1930. Norman Cleaveland, president, Pacific Tin Consolidated Corp., the only U.S. tin mining company operating in southeast Asia, said, "There are many indications that purchasing policies of some of the major users of tin are again being guided by an effort to force prices still lower." Continued Mr. Cleaveland . . . "Under shelter of ample government stockpiles, such speculative tactics now seem safer than ever. However, if such speculators again get caught short, as they were by the Korean War, the blame will doubtless again be placed on the mythical 'tin cartel' . . ."

Aluminum Record Set

Second consecutive production record was set by primary aluminum in August. Unless dry weather of last fall repeats in the Northwest and Southeast, the 1953 high is yet to come. August output of 110,545 tons topped July's previous record by 1260 tons.

Shipments of aluminum products showed more decreases than increases though. Gains were registered in heat-treatable sheet and plate, extruded products, drawn and welded tubing and miscellaneous products. Declines showed in nonheat-treatable sheet and plate, foil, castings of all types, rod and bar, wire, electrical conductor and forgings.

Learning about Titanium

Hot extrusion of zirconium tubing is practical, experimental work by Allegheny Ludlum Steel Corp. indicates. The company feels that any product normally produced on steel mill equipment can be made of zirconium. Most of the company's present output is in strip, though small flats and some wire have been produced, and the company is expanding its production for atomic energy uses.

Nonferrous Briefs

- Phosphor copper in slab form is coming in from Britain at about eight to nine cents below U. S. prices.
- Copper scrap is moving higher as export buyers and brass mills compete for more metal.

Newportsteel MAKE THIS INGOT INTO COIL



Six minutes after leaving its socking pit at 2300° F., an ingot becomes a five-ton cail of hot-rolled steel. In that short time it passes through all the units that comprise Newport's new reversing hot mill: 2-Hi slabbing mill and edging mill; roller hearth furnace; 4-Hi stand and coiler furnaces; and finally, the runout tables and finish coiler. This modern, highly efficient facility is representative of the additions this 68-year-old firm is making to improve and expedite the many grades of steel which hundreds of users prefer to buy from Newport. Let us talk with you about your requirements.

PRODUCTS OF NEWPORT STEEL

Hot-Rolled Steel in Coil Hot-Rolled Pickled Steel in Coil Electric Weld Line Pipe Hot-Rolled Sheets **Galvanized Sheets** Galvannealed Sheets Colorbond Sheets Hot-Rolled Pickled Sheets

Electrical Sheets Alloy Sheets Roofing and Siding Eave Trough and Conductor Pipe

ECONOMICAL WATERAIL DELIVERY

Newport Steel is situated on the Mississippi-Ohio River system and the great Cincinnati rail hub. With the advantage of location, new river barge facilities and seven major railroads, Newport gives economical, dependable delivery to industrial areas throughout the Middle West and South.

Culverts lalle CORPORATION

NEWPORT, KENTUCKY

STEEL PRICES

Mill prices as reported to STEEL, cents per pound except as otherwise noted. Changes shown in italics. Code numbers following mill points indicate producing company; key on page 139. Key to footnotes, page 141.

	Code nu	mbers following mill points ind		y on page 139. Key to footn	otes, page 141.
	-SEMIFINISHED-	So. Chicago, III. R24.52	5 Lackawanna, N.Y. B24. 5 Minnequa, Colo. C104.	.95 Bethlehem, Pa. B24	Chicago W18
	INGOTS, Carbon, Forging (N Fontana, Calif. K1 \$86.6 Munhall, Pa. U559.6	11 Sterling III (1) N15 4 59	5 Distabased To		875 Detroit P7 5.02 Detroit P17 875 Detroit B5 875 Donora,Pa, A7
	INGOTS, Alloy (NT)	Worcester Mass A7 4 82	5 Seattle B35. 5 Sharon,Pa. S34.		
	Detroit R7\$63.0 Fontana, Calif. K1\$8.0 Midland, Pa. C1862.0	STRUCTURALS	Steppenville O W10 4		225 Gary, Ind. R2
	Munhall, Pa. U562.0 BILLETS, BLOOMS & SLABS	Old Carbon Steel Stand, Shapes AlabamaCity, Ala, R2 4.10	Warren, O. R24. Weirton, W. Va. W64.	10 Houston S5	225 Gary, Ind. R2
	Carbon Rerolling (NT) Aliquippa Pa 15 see 5	Aliquippa, Pa. J5 4.16 Bessemer, Ala T2 4.16 Bethlehem, Pa. B2 4.16	PLATES, Carbon Abras, Resist	KansasCity, Mo. S55.	875 Mansfield, Mass. B5
	Clairton Pa U562.0	Clairton, Pa. U54.16	Geneva, Utah C115.		925 Monaca Pa S17 g
	Ensley, Ala. T2	0 Gary, Ind. U5	PLATES, Wrought Iron Economy, Pa. B149.3		875 So. Chicago, Ill. R.2. W14 8
	Gary, Ind. U5 62.0 Johnstown, Pa, B2 62.0 Lackawanna, N.Y. B2 62.0	0 Ind. Harbor, Ind. I-24.10	PLATES, High-Strength Low-Allo	Warren, O. C174.3	
1 8	So. Chicago III. U5 62.0	0 KansasCity, Mo. S54.80	Bessemer, Ala. T26.2 Clairton, Pa. U56.2	25 BARS & SMALL SHAPES. I	375 Warren, O. C17
	50. Duquesne, Pa. U562.0	0 LosAngeles B34.80	Cleveland J5 6.2 Conshohocken,Pa. A3 6.2 Ecorse Mich. G5 7.1	High-Strength Low-Alloy Allquippa, Pa. J56.2 Bessemer, Ala. T26.2	BARS, Reinforcing (Fabricate AlabamaCity, Ala. R2
Í	Carbon, Forging (NT) Aliquippa,Pa. J5\$75.50 Bessemer,Pa. U575.50 Buffalo R275.50	Munhall, Pa. U54.10 O Niles, Calif (22) P14.91 Phoenixville, Pa. P44.95	Conshohocken,Pa. A3 6.2 Ecorse, Mich. G5 7.1 Fairfield, Ala. T2 6.2 Fontana, Calif (30) K1 6.9	Bethlehem, Pa. B2 6.2 5 Clairton, Pa. U5 6.2	Ruffelo Do
	Buffalo R2	Seattle B3	Geneva Utah C11 82	Exerciald Ala TO	75 Fairfield Ala T2
	Develand R2		Ind Harbor, Ind. I-2 6.2 Ind Harbor, Ind. Y1 6.7 Johnstown, Pa. B2 6.2 Lackawanna, N.Y. B2 6.2	5 Gary, Ind. U5	os Gary, Ind. Up
H	Detroit R7	Wide Flange Bethlehem, Pa. B24.15	Munhall, Pa. U5	5 Lackswanns NV P2 Co	25 Ind. Harbor, Ind. 1-2, Y1.4
G	eneva IItah C11	Fontana, Calif. K15.30	Sharon, Pa. S3	5 LosAngeles B36.9	25 KansasCity, Mo. S54
J	Houston S5	2 004.10	Youngstown U5 6 2	5 So.Chicago W146.2 5 So.Duquesne Pa U5 6.2	25 Milton, Pa. B64 25 Minnegua, Colo. C104
M	Iunhall Partis	Alloy Stand. Shapes Clairton, Pa. U5	PLATES. Allov	Struthers, O. Y16.7	75 Pittsburg, Calif. C114
Se	eattle B3	Gary Ind 175	Claymont, Del. C225.65 Coatesville, Pa. 1.75.75 Fontana, Calir. K16.60	Youngstown U5	N Seattle B3. N14
100	Alloy Foreign (ALT)	H.S., L.A. Stand Shanes	Gary, Ind. U5	BAR SIZE ANGLES; S. Shapes Aliquippa, Pa. J54.1	So. Chicago, Ill. R24. So. Duquesne, Pa, U54.
Bi	ethlehem.Pa. B2\$92.00	Aliquinna Pa TE CARE	Munhall, Pa. U5 5.55 Sharon, Pa. S3 5.55 So, Chicago, Ill. U5 W14 5.55 Sparrows Point Ma. Pa.		O SparrowsPoint, Md. B2 4. Sterling, Ill. (1) N15 4.
	anton, O. R2 82.00 anton, O. T7 84.60 onshohocken, Pa. A3 89.00		Distriction of the think of the	BAR SHAPES. Hot-Rolled Alloy	Torrance, Calif. C114.
Fo	ontana, Calif. K1101.00	Gary, Ind. U56.175	FLOOR PLATES Cleveland J55.15 Conshohocken,Pa. A35.15		BARS, Reinforcing (Fabricated; to consumers)
In	ouston S5	Ind. Harbor, Ind. 1-26.175 Ind. Harbor, Ind. Y16.675 Johnstown Pa. Pa	Ind. Harbor, Ind. I-2 5.15 Munhall, Pa. U5 5.15 So. Chicago, Ill. U5 5.15	Houston S5	O KansasCity S5
La	ackawanna, N.Y. B282.00 osAngeles B3	Lackawanna N V po e oo	PLATES, Ingot Iron	BARS, Cold-Finished Carbon	Seattle N14
M: Mi	bsAngeles B3	LosAngeles B36.85 Munhall, Pa. U56.175 Seattle B36.90 So. Chicago, Ill. U5, W14 6.175	Ashland,c.l. (15) A10 . 4.35 Ashland,l.c.l (15) A10 . 4.85 Cleveland, c.l. R2 4.70	BeaverFalls, Pa. M12, R2 5.2	0
So	Chicago R2,U5,W14.82.00	So.SanFrancisco B36.80 Struthers, O. Y16.675	Warren, O. c.l. R24.70	Chicago W18	PATT STEEL BADS
Wa	arren, O. C1782.00	H.S., L.A. Wide Flange	-BARS-	Detroit P17 P7	Chicagolits. (3) C24.5
Ru	UNDS, SEAMLESS TUBE (NT) Iffalo R2\$92.50	Munhall, Pa. U5 6.125	BARS, Hot-Rolled Carbon AlabamaCity, Ala. R2 4.15	Detroit B5	FortWorth, Tex. (26) T44.6
Cle	nton,O. R2	BEARING PILES Munhall, Pa. U5	Alton,Ill. L1	FranklinPark, Ill. N5 5.20 Gary, Ind. R2 5.20 GreenBay, Wis. F7 5.18 Hammond, Ind. L2, M13 5.20 Hartford, Conn. R2 5.75	Franklin, Pa. (3) F5 4.5 Franklin, Pa. (4) F5 4.5 Marion, O. (3) P11 4.5
Ma So.	ussillon, O. R292.50 Chicago III R2	So.Chicago, Ill. U54.10	Bessemer, Ala. T2	Hartford, Conn. R2 5.75	Moline, Ill. (3) R24.1 Tonawanda (3,4) B125.(
130.	Duquesne, Pa. U592.50	STEEL SHEET PILING	Clairton, Pa. U54.15 Cleveland R24.15	LosAngeles R26.65 Mansfield Mass B5 5 75	Williamsport, Pa. (4) S19.5.4 BARS. Wrought Iron
For	ntana, Calif. K1\$93.18	Ind. Harbor, Ind. 1-2 4.925 Lackawanna, N.Y. B2 4.925 Munhall Pa	Detroit R7 4.30 @corse, Mich. G5 4.50 @meryville, Calif. J7 4.90 @nirfield, Ala. T2 4.15 contana, Calif. K1 4.85 arry. Ind. U5 4.85	Massillon, O. R2, R8 5, 20 Monaca, Pa. S17 5, 20 Newark, N.J. W18 5, 65 NewCastle, Pa. (17) B4 5, 20	Economy Pa (S.R.) Rid 104
	nnall Pa II5	Munhall, Pa. U54.925 So. Chicago, Ill. U54.925	Cairfleid, Ala. T2	rittspurgn Ja 5 9a	MC. R. RKS. (S. R.) L5 10.4
You	ungstown R2, U53.75	-PI ATES	Inustan of	Putnam, Conn. W185.75 Readville Mass C14	Mc. K. RKS. (D. R.) L5 14.0
Ala	bamaCity, Ala. R24.525	AlabamaCity, Ala. R24.10 I Aliquipa, Pa. J54.10 I	CansasCity, Mo. S54.85 ackawanna N.Y B2 4.15	So Chicago III With	-SHEETS- SHEETS, Hot-Rolled Steel
Pur	on,Ill. L14.70	Bessemer, Ala. T24.10 A		SpringCity, Pa. K3 .5.65 Struthers, O. Y1 .5.20 Waukegan, Ill. A7 .5.20	(18 gage and heavier) Alabama City, Ala. R2 3.92 Allenport, Pa. P7 3.92 Ashland Ky (2) Ala
Dor	rfield, Ala. T2 4 525	Contestille Dr. 17	Viles, Calif. P14.85	Waukegan, Ill. A7 5.20 Worcester, Mass. W19 .6.10 Youngstown F3, Y1 5.20	### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##
	tana, Calif. K1 5 325	Ecorse, Mich. G5 4.65 P	Partland Oreg O4 400	BARS, Cold-Finished Carbon (Turned and Ground) Cumberland, Md. (5) C19.4.45	Detroit M14.4
Jolle	et,Ill. A7	dary Ind III	o.Chleago R2, U5, W14 4.15	Ambridge Pa W18	Fairfield, Ala, T2 3.92
Min Mon	nequa, Colo. C10 . 4.775 (Geneva, Utah C114.10 Si	o.SanFran., Calif. B34.90	Bethlehem, Pa. B26.325	Gary.Ind U5
No.7	Ponawanda, N.Y.B11 4.525 I sburg, Calif. C11 .5.175 I	Tarrisburg Pa. C5	truthers, O. Y14.15 orrance, Calif. C114.85 oreleast.	Bedneiden, Pa. B.2 6, 325 Buffalo B5 6, 325 Camden, N. J. P13 6, 50 Canton, O. R2 6, 325 Canton, O. T7 6, 29 Carnegie, Pa. C12 6, 00	GraniteCity,Ill. G4 4.12 Ind. Harbor, Ind. I-2, Y1.3,92
	1124.525 J	nd.Harbor,Ind. I-2, Y1.4.10 Wohnstown,Pa. B24.10 Y	oungstown R2, U54.15	Carnegie, Pa. C12 6.00	Lackawanna, N.Y. B2 3.92

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iles, O. N12 5.425 ittsburg, Calif. C11 4.625 ittsburgh J5 3.925 itverdale, Ill. A1 3.925 arron, Pa. S3 4.225 arron, Pa. S3 4.225 arron, Pa. S3 4.225 arrowsPolnt, Md. B2. 3.925 teubenville, O. W10 3.925 orrance, Calif. C11 4.625 'arren, O. R2 3.925 oungstown U5, Y1 3.925 'deirton, W. Va. W6 3.925 'deirton, W. Va. W6 3.925 'deirton, W. Va. W6 3.925 oungstown U5, Y1 3.925 'HEFTS, H.R. (19 gge) labamaCity, Ala. R2 5.25 labamaCity, Ala. R2 5.20 orrance, Calif. C11 5.80 iles, O. N12 5.20 orrance, Calif. C11 5.90 habhocken, Pa. A3 5.90 bonshohocken, Pa. A3 5.90 ontana, Calif. K1 7.00 ary, Ind. U5 5.90 ard, Harbor, Ind. I-2 5.90 nd. Harbor, Ind. I-2 5.90 nd. Harbor, Ind. I-2 5.90 funhall, Pa. U5 5.90 acksawanna (35) B2 5.90 ittsburgh J5 5.90 ittsburgh J5 5.90 jarrowsPoint (38) B2 5.90 'arren, O. R2 5.90 'arren, O. R2 5.90 'arren, O. R2 5.90 'arren, O. R2 5.90 lestron, W. Va. W6 6.175 oungstown U5 5.90 oungstown U5 5.90 oungstown V1 6.40 HEETS, Hot-Rolled lngot Iron 'Ille Gage and Heavier'	Irvin,Pa. U5 7,925 SparrowsPoint(39) B2 .8.075 SHEETS, Golvanized Ingot Iron No. 10 flot Ashland,Ky. (8) A10 5.525 Canton,O. R2 6.025 SHEETS, Culvert Cu Cu Alloy Fe Ashland, Ky. A10 6.325 Canton,O. R2 6.075 6.325 Gary, Ind. U5 6.075 6.325 Irvin,Pa. U5 6.075 6.325 SparrowsPt. B2 .6.075 SPETS, Culvert Ashland, Ky. A10 6.575 Fairfield, Ala. T2 6.325 MartinsFerry,O. W10 6.325 SHEETS, Culvert Ashland, Ky. A10 6.575 Fairfield, Ala. T2 6.325 Irvin,Pa. U5 5.825 Irvin,Pa. U5 6.325 Irvin,Pa. U5 6	Sharon,Pa. S3	STRIP, Cold-Rolled Corbon Anderson, Ind. G65.80 Bridgeprt. Conn. (10) 815.6.15 Butler, Pa. A105.45 Cleveland A7, J55.45 Cleveland A7, J55.45 Dearborn, Mich. D35.75 Detroit D2, P205.70 Detroit M15.65 Dover, O. G65.80 Ecorse, Mich. G55.65 Foollans, Calif. K17.35 FranklinPark, III. (40) T6 5.70 Ind. Harbor, Ind. I25.70 LosAngeles C17.50 Mattapan, Mass. T630 Middletown, O. A105.45 NewBeafford, Mass. R10. 6.40 NewBritain (10) S156.15 NewCastle, Pa. B45.45 NewCastle, Pa. E55.95 NewHaven, Conn. A75.95 NewHaven, Conn. A75.95 NewHaven, Conn. D26.20 Pawtucket, R. I. R36.80 Pawtucket, R. I. R36.80 Pawtucket, R. I. R36.83 Pawtucket, R. I. R36.85 PaparrowsPoint, Md. B25.45 SparrowsPoint, Md. B25.45 SparrowsPoint, Md. B25.45 Trenton, N. J. R57.00 Wall'ford, Conn. W2 (50) 6.40 Warren O. (40) T55.5.5	Carnegie, Pa. \$18 . 12.00 Cleveland A7 . 12.00 Dover, O, G6 . 12.00 Fontana, Calif. Ki 1 . 13.65 Harrison, N.J. C18 . 12.00 Farmeria, Calif. Ki 1 . 13.65 Harrison, N.J. C18 . 12.00 NewBrith, Conn. (10) S15 . 12.15 Pawtucket, R.I. (11) N8 12.15 Pawtucket, R.I. (11) N8 12.15 Pawtucket, R.I. (11) N8 12.15 Pawtucket, R.I. (12) N8 12.45 Sharon, Pa. S3 . 12.00 Worcester, Mass. A7 . 12.30 Worcester, Mass. A7 . 12.30 Voungstown C8 . 12.00 STRIP, Cold-Rolled High-Strength Low-Alloy Cleveland J5 . 7.80 Cleveland J5 . 7.80 Cleveland A7 . 3.15 Dearborn, Mich. D3 . 7.90 Dover, O, G6 . 8.00 Ecorse, Mich. G5 . 8.50 Lackawanna, N.Y. B2 . 8.15 Sharon, Pa. S3 . 7.65 SparrowsPoint, Md. B2 . 8.15 Warren, O. R2 . 7.60 Weirton, W.Va. W6 . 8.30 Youngstown Y1 . 8.30 STRIP, Cold-Rolled Ingot Iron Warren, O. R2 . 6.05 STRIP, Electrogalvanized Dover, O. G6 5.70 Warren, O. T5 5.70 Warren, O. T5 5.70 Warren, W. Va. W6 . 5.45 Youngstown C8 . 5.95 IIGHT COOPERAGE HOOP Atlanta A11 4.65 Riverdale III. 4 . 4.50
	Cleveland R2 (28)6.125 Niles,O. R2 (28)6.125 Niles,O. R2 (28)6.125 Weirton,W.Va. W65.975 SHEETS, ALUMINIZED Butler,Pa. A108.625 SHEETS, Enameling Iron Ashland, Ky. (8) A105.175 Cleveland R25.175 Gary,Ind. U55.175 GraniteCity,III. G45.175 GraniteCity,III. G45.175 Irvin,Pa. U55.175 Irvin,Pa. U55.175 Niddletown,O. A105.175 Youngstown Y15.175 BLUED STOCK, 29 ga. Yorkville,O. W107.20 Follansbee,W.Va. F47.30 Follansbee (23) F4175 SHEETS, Long Terne Steel (Commercial Quality) BeechBott'm,W.Va. W10 5.675 Gary,Ind. U55.675 Middletown,O. A105.675 Niles,O. N126.00 Weirton,W.Va. W65.675 SHEETS, Long Terne, Ingot Iron Middletown,O. A105.675 Niles,O. N126.00 Weirton,W.Va. W65.675 SHEETS, Well Casing Fontana,Calif. K16.20 -STRIP— STRIP, Hot-Rolled Carbon Ala.City,Ala.(27) R23.925 Allenport,Pa. P73.925 Allenport,Pa. P73.925 Allenport,Pa. R341 Sessemer,Ala. T23.925 Bridgeport, Conn. (10) S15 4.15 Buffalo (27) R23.925 Carnegie,Pa. S184.425 Conshohocken,Pa. A3405 Detroit M1401 Sevental A1475 Butler,Pa. (8) A103.925 Allantal A140 Ecores Mich. G54225 Sariffeld,Ala. T23.925 Fontana,Calif. K1400 Gary,Ind. U53.925 Houston, Tex. S18425 Conshohocken,Pa. A3405 Detroit M1405 Ecores Mich. G54225 Sariffeld,Ala. T23.925 Fontana,Calif. K1470 Gary,Ind. U53.925 Houston,Pa. (28) B23.925 Houston,Pa. (28) B23.925 Houston,Pa. (28) B23.925 Lackw'na,N.Y.(32) B23.925 Lackw'na,N.Y.(32) B23.925 Houston,Pa. (26) B23.925 NewBritain(10) S15455 Minnequa,Colo. C105025 NewBritain(10) S15455 Minnequa,Colo. C105025 NewBritain(10) S15455 Neattle(25) B34925 Victorian A495 SanFrancisco S7510	C4 Carpenter Steel Co, C Central Iron & Steel Div. Barium Steel Corp. C1 Ceve. Cold Rolling Mills C8 Cold Metal Products Co. C9 Colonial Steel Co. C10 Colorado Fuel & Iron C11 Columbia Geneva Steel C12 Columbia Steel & Shaft C13 Columbia Steel & Shaft C13 Columbia Tool Steel Co. C14 Compressed Steel Shaft. C16 Continental Steel Corp. C17 Copperweld Steel Co. C18 Crucible Steel Co. C19 Cumberland Steel Co. C20 Cuyahoga Steel & Wire C20 Claymont Steel Products Dept., Wickwire Spencer Steel Division C23 Charter Wire Products C24 G. O. Carlson Inc. D2 Detroit Steel Corp. D3 Detroit Tube & Steel D4 Disston & Sons, Henry D6 Driver Harris Co. D7 Dickson Weatherproof Nail Co. D8 Damascus Tube Co. Wilbur D, Driver Co. E1 Eastern Gas&Fuel Assoc. E2 Eastern Stainless Steel E4 Electro Metallurgical Co. E5 Elliott Bros. Steel Corp. E7 Firth Sterling Inc.	M17 Metal Forming Corp. M18 Milton Electric Steel N2 National Supply Co. N3 National Tube Div. N5 Nelsen Steel & Wire Co. N6 NewEng. HighCarb. Wire N6 Newman-Crosby Steel N9 Newport Steel Corp. N12 Niles Rolling Mill Div. N14 Nrthwst. Steel Roll. Mills N15 Northwestern S.&W. Co. N16 New Delphos Mfg. Co. O3 Oliver Iron & Steel Corp. O4 Oregon Steel Mills P1 Pacific States Steel Corp. P4 Phoenix Iron & Steel Co. P5 Pilgrim Drawn Steel . P6 Pittsburgh Coke & Chem. P7 Pittsburgh Steel Co. P11 Pollak Steel Co. P12 Pollar Steel Co. P12 Pollak Steel Co. P13 Pollak Steel Co. P14 Pollak Steel Co. P15 Pollar Steel Co. P16 Pollak Steel Co. P17 Pittsburgh Steel Co. P18 Pollak Steel Co. P19 Pollak Steel Co. P19 Pollak Steel Co. P19 Pollak Steel Co. P19 Pollak Steel Co.	P13 Precision Drawn Steel P14 Pitts. Screw & Bolt Co. P15 Pittsburgh Metallurgical P16 Page Steel & Wire Div., Amer. Chain & Cable P17 Plymouth Steel Co. P20 Prod. Steel & Wire Div., Amer. Chain & Cable P17 Plymouth Steel Corp. R1 Revers Steel & Mfg. Co. R2 Republic Steel Corp. R3 Rhode Island Steel Corp. R5 Roebling's Sons, John A. R6 Rome Strip Steel Co. R7 Rotary Electric Steel Co. R7 Rotary Electric Steel Co. R8 RelianceDiv. EatonMfg. R9 Rome Mfg. Co. R10 Rodney Metals Inc. S1 Seneca Wire & Mfg. Co. S3 Sharon Steel Corp. S5 Sharon Tube Co. S7 Simmons Co. S8 Simonds Saw & Steel Co. S1 Standard Forgings Corp. S1 Standard Forgings Corp. S15 Stanley Works S16 Struthers Iron & Steel S17 Superior Drawn Steel Co. S20 Southern States Steel S25 StainlessWeldedProducts S26 Specialty Wire Co. Inc. T2 Tenn. Coal & Iron Div. T3 Tenn. Prod. & Chem. T4 Exas Steel Co. T5 Thomas Strip Division, Pittsburgh Steel Co. T6 Thomas Strip Division, Pittsburgh Steel Co. T17 Thube Methods Inc. Universal-Cyclops Steel Universal-Cyclops Steel Universal Cover Wallace Barnes Co. Wallace Barnes Co. Wallace Barnes Co. Wallace Barnes Co. Wallingford Steel Co. Washburn Wire Co. Wallingford Steel Co. Washburn Wire Co. Wallace Barnes Co. Wallingford Steel Co. Wallace Barnes Co. Wallingford Steel Co. Washburn Wire Co. Wallingford Steel Co. Washburn Wire Co. Wallingford Steel Co. Washburn Wire Co. Wallace Barnes Co. Wallingford Steel Co. Washburn Wire Co. Wallace Barnes Co. Wallingford Steel Co. Washburn Wire Co. Wallace Barnes Co. Wallingford Steel Co. Washburn Wire Co. Wallace Barnes Co. Wallingford Steel Corp. Wierron Steel Corp. Wierron Steel Corp. Weirn Steel Corp. We

STRIP, Cold-Finished, 0.26- 0.41- 0.61- 0.81- 1.06- Spring Steel (Annealed) 0.40C 0.60C 0.80C 1.05C 1.35C	WIRE-	ROPE WIRE (A) Alton,Ill. L19.45 Bartonville,Ill. K49.35	WOVEN FENCE, 9-151/2 Ga. Col Ala.City.Ala. R2140**
Berea, O. C7	WIRE, Manufacturers Bright, Low Carbon		
Bristol, Conn. W1	AlabamaCity, Ala. R25.525 Aliquippa, Pa. J55.525	Fostoria, O. S1 9.35 Johnstown, Pa. B2 9.35 Monessen, Pa. P7, P16 9.35	Rartonville, III. (19) K4 143
Dearborn, Mich. D3 5.75 7.85 8.80 Detroit D2 6.45 7.85 8.45 10.55	Alton, III. L15.70 Atlanta A115.775 Bartonville, III. K45.625	Muncie, Ind. 1-7 9.55 Palmer, Mass. W12 9.65 Portsmouth, O. P12 9.35	Duduth Minn A7
Dover, O. G6	Buffalo W125.525 Chicago W135.525	Roebling, N. J. R5	Fairfield Ala. T21401
Harrison N.J. C18 8.90 10.85 13.15 Mattapan Mass, T6 6.30 7.95 8.90 10.85 13.15 NewBrith, Conn. (10) 815 6.15 8.00 8.60 10.55 12.85	Cleveland A7, C205.525 Crawfordsville, Ind. M8.5.625 Donora, Pa. A75.525	Worcester J4 T69.65	Johnstown 17 ga.,6" BZ.,239
NewCastle,Pa. B4 5.45 7.65 8.60 NewCastle,Pa. E5 5.95 8.00 8.60 10.55 12.85	Duluth, Minn. A75.525 Fairfield, Ala. T25.525	(A) Plow and Mild Plow; add 0.25c for improved plow. WIRE, Tire Bead	Johnstown, 4" B223" Joliet, Ill. A71401 Kansas City, Mo. S5152
NewHaven.Conn. D2 6.70 7.95 8.55 10.50 NewYork W3 8.30 8.90 10.85 13.15 Pawtucket,R.I. N8:	Fostoria, O. (24) S15.75 Houston S55.925 Johnstown, Pa B25.525	Alton, Ill. L112.75 Bartonville, Ill. K412.65	Kokomo, Ind. C16142 Minnegua, Colo. C10148**
Cleve.orPitts.Base 8.00 8.60 10.55 12.85 Worcester, Mass., Base . 6.65 7.95 8.90 10.85 13.15	Joliet, Ill. A75.525 Kansas City, Mo S56.125	Monessen, Pa. P1612.00 Roebling. N. J. R512.85 WIRE, Cold-Rolled Flat	Monessen, Pa. 9 ga. P7 14: Pittsburg, Callf. C11 163: Rankin, Pa. A7 140:
Sharon, Pa. S3 5.45 7.65 8.60 10.55 12.85 Trenton, N.J. R5 8.30 8.90 10.85 13.15 Wallingford, Conn. W2 6.65 7.95 8.90 10.85 13.15	Kokomo, Ind. C165.625 Los Angeles B36.475	Anderson, Ind. G67.45 Buffalo W127.45	So. Chicago, Ill. R2 140**
Warren, O. T5 6.20 8.00 8.60 10.55 12.85 Weirton, W. Va. W6 5.80 8.00 8.60 10.55 12.85	Minnequa, Colo C105.775 Monessen, Pa. P75.525 No. Tonawanda B115.525	Cleveland A77.45 Crawfordsville, Ind. M8 7.55 Dover, O. G67.45	† Based on 5c zinc; * 11c
Worcester, Mass. T6 6.30 7.95 8.90 10.85 13.15	Palmer, Mass. W125.825 Pittsburg, Calif. C116.475	Fostoria, O. S17.45 Kokomo Ind. C167.55	equalization extras.
Spring Steel (Tempered)	Portsmouth, O. P125.525 Rankin, Pa. A75.525 So. Chicago, Ill. R25.525	FranklinPark, Ill. T6 7.60 Massillon, O. R8 7.45	AlabamaCity, Ala. R2145
Bristol, Conn. W1	So.SanFrancisco C106.475 SparrowsPoint, Md. B25.625	Monessen, Pa. P168.00 Monessen, Pa., P77.45 Pawtkt. R. I. (12) N87.75	Atlanta A11
Harrison, N.J. C18 12.50 15.00 18.00 NewYork W3 12.50 15.00 18.00	Sterling, Ill. (1) N155.525 Struthers, O. Y15.525 Torrance, Calif. C116.475	Trenton, N.J. R57.75 Worcester A7, T6, W127.75	Donora, Pa. A7142
Worcester, Mass. T6 12.50 15.00 18.00 Youngstown C8 12.50 15.00 18.00	Waukegan, Ill. A75.525 Worcester, Mass, A75.825	WIRE, Merchant Quality (6 to 8 gage) An'ld. Galv. Ala.City R26.675 7.075**	Fairfield, Ala. T2149 Joliet, Ill. A7149 Kansas City, Mo. S5161
SULCON STEEL	WIRE, MB Spring, High Carbon	Allquippa J56.675 7.20° Atlanta A116.925 7.475	Minnegua Colo, C1015
SILICON STEEL SHEETS, SILICON, H.R. or C.R.(22 Ga.) Arma- Elec- Dyna-	Aliquippa, Pa. J56.925 Alton, Ill. L17.10 Barton ville, Ill. K47.025	Bartonville (19) K4 6.675 7.225 Buffalo W126.675 7.075 Cleveland A76.675	Pittsburg, Calif. C1117; So. Chicago, Ill. R214; So. San Fran., Calif. C1017;
COILS (cut lengths 1/2c lower) Field ture tric Motor mo BeechBottom W10 (cut lengths) 8.35 9.60 10.40	Buffalo W12 6.925 Cleveland A7 6.925 Donora,Pa. A7 6.925	CrawfordsvilleM8 6.775 7.325 Donora, Pa. A76.675 7.075†	SparrowsPoint, Md. B2151 Sterling, Ill. (1) N15149
Brackenridge, Pa. A4	Fostoria, O. S16.925	Duluth, Minn. A7 6.675 7.075† Fairfield T2 6.675 7.075† Houston, Tex. S57.075 7.475	NAILS, Stock To dealers & mfrs. (7) Col
Mansfield, O. E6 (cut lengths), 7.55 7.85 8.35 9.60 10.40 Newport, Ky, N9 (cut lengths), 7.85 8.35 9.60 10.40	Johnstown, Pa. B2 6.925 Milbury, Mass. (12) N6.8.725 Minnequa, Colo. C107.175	JohnstownB2(48) 6.675 7.225 Joliet, Ill. A7 6.675 7.075†	AlabamaCity, Ala. R2131 Aliguippa.Pa. J5131
Vandergrift, Pa. U5 8.35 8.85 10.10 10.90 Warren, O. R2 8.05 8.35 8.85 10.10 10.90	Monessen, Pa. P7 6.925 Monessen, Pa. P16 6.95	KansasCity, Mo. S5 7.275 7.675 Kokomo C16 6.775 7.175	Atlanta A11
Zanesville, O. A10 8.35 8.85 10.10 10.90	Muncie, Ind. I-77.125 Palmer, Mass. W127.225	Los Angeles B3 7.625 Minnequa C10 .6.925 7.325** Monessen P7 (48) .6.675 7.225	Crawfordsville, Ind. M8137
SHEETS, SILICON (22 Ga. Base) Transformer Grade COILS (Cut Lengths 1/2c lower) 72 65 58 52	Pittsburg, Calif. C117.875 Portsmouth, O. P126.925 Roebling, N.J. R57.225	Palmer W126.975 7.375 Pitts., Calif. C11 7.625 8.025† Prtsmth (18) P12 6.575	Donora, Pa. A7
BeechBottom W10 (cut lengths) 10.95 11.50 12.20 13.00 Brackenridge, Pa. A4	So.Chicago, Ill. R2 6.925 So.SanFran. C10 7.875	Rankin A76.675 7.075† So.Chi'go R26.675 7.075**	Galveston, Tex. D7139 Houston, Tex. S5139
Vandergrift, Pa. U5	SparrowsPt.,Md. B2 7.025 Struthers,O. Y1 6.925 Trenton,N.J. A7 7.225	So.S.Frn. (48) C10 7.625 8.025** Spar'wsPt. B2(48) 6.775 7.325 Sterl'g(1) (48) N15 6.675 7.225	Johnstown, Pa. B2131 Joliet, Ill. A7131 Kansas City, Mo. S5145
Zanesville, O. A10	Worcester A7. J47.225	Struthers, O. Y1 6.675 7.175 Worcester A7 6.975	Kokomo, Ind. C1613: Minnequa, Colo. C10136
CUT LENGTHS, SILICON (22 Ga.) 7-100 7-90 7-80 7-73 Butler,Pa. A10 (C.R.) 16.05 16.55 Vandergrift, Pa. U5	Worcester T6, W127.225 WIRE, Upholstery Spring Aliquippa, Pa. J56.625	*Based on 10c zinc; †5c zinc; **Subject to zinc	Monessen, Pa. P713: Pittsburg, Calif. C1115: Portsmouth, O. P1213:
	Alton, Ill. L1	equalization extras. An'ld. Galv. WIRE (16 gage) Stone Stone	Rankin, Pa. A713: So. Chicago, Ill. R213
TIN MILL PRODUCTS TIN PLATE, Electrolytic (Base Box) 0.25 tb 0.50 tb 0.75 tb	Cleveland A7 6.625 Donora, Pa. A7 6.625 Duluth, Minn. A7 6.625	Ala.City R212.50 14.05** Aliquippa J510.63 12.72*	SparrowsPt., Md. B213: Sterling, Ill. (1) N1513: Worcester, Mass. A713'
Aliquippa, Pa. J5 \$7.40 \$7.65 \$8.05 Fairfield, Ala. T2 7.50 7.75 8.15	LosAngeles B37.575	Bartonville (19) K4 10.73 12.51 Cleveland A712.50 Crawfordsville M8 12.50 14.35	NAILS, Cut (100 lb keg) to dealers (33)
Fairless, Pa. U5 7.50 7.75 8.15 Gary, Ind. U5 7.40 7.65 8.05 GraniteCity, Ill, G4 7.60 7.85 8.25 Indiana Harbor, Ind. I-2, Y1 7.40 7.65 8.05	Minnequa, Colo. C106.875 Monessen, Pa. P7, P166.625	Fostoria, O. Si 12.60 14.15 Johnstown B2 12.50 14.35	Conshohocken, Pa. A3 \$8.00
1 Irvin, Fa. U5 (.40 7.05 8.05		Kokomo C1612.60 14.15 Minnequa C1012.75 14.45** Palmer Mass W12 12.50 14.05	STAPLES, Polished, Stock
Niles, O. R2	Roebling, N.J. R5 6.925	So.Chicago R2.12.50 14.05**	Aliquippa, Pa. Jo
Welrton, W. Va. W6 7.40 7.65 8.05 Yorkville, O. W10 7.40 7.65 8.05	So SanFrancisco C10 7 575	SparrowsPt. B212.60 14.45 Sterling(1) N15 .10.73 12.15 Waukegan A712.50 14.05†	Atlanta All
TIN PLATE, American 1.25 1.50 HOLLOWARE ENAMELING Coke (Base Box) 15 15 Right Plate (20	Torrance, Calif. C117.575	Worcester A7 12.80 *Based on 11c zinc; † 5c zinc; ** Subject to zinc equalization extras.	Donora, Pa. A7
Allouinna Pa J5 \$8 70 \$8 95 Follanches W Wa E4 4 4 4	Waukegan, Ill. A7 6.625 Worcester, Mass. A7 6.925	zinc; ** Subject to zinc equalization extras.	Fairfield, Ala. T213. Johnstown, Pa. B213. Tollet III A7
Fairless, Pa. U5 8.80 9.05 GraniteCity, Ill. G4 6.30 Gary, Ind. U5 8.70 8.95 Ind. Harbor Ind. V1 6.10	WIRE, Fine & Weaving (8"Coils) Alton, Ill. L1	WIRE, Barbed AlabamaCity R2153** Aliquippa J5150*	Joliet, Ill. A7
Irvin.Pa. U5 8.70 8.95 Yorkville.O. W10	Buffalo W1210.55 Chicago W1310.55	Atlanta A11	Monessen, Pa. P7 13: Pittsburg, Calif. C11 15: Portsmouth, O. P12 13:
Sp.Pt.,Md B2 8.80 0.05 MANUFACTURING TERNES Warren,O. R2 8.70 (Special Conted)	Cleveland A7	Crawfordsville, Ind. M8159 Donora, Pa. A7153† Duluth, Minn. A7 /153†	Pankin Pa A713;
Yorkville, O. W10. 8.70 8.95 Gary, Ind. U57.75	Fostoria, O. S1	Fairfield, Ala. T2153† Houston, Tex. S5161	So.Chicago, Ill. R2 13 SparrowsPt., Md. B2 13 Sterling, Ill. (1) N15 13 Worcester, Mass. A7 13
BLACK PLATE (Buse Box)	Muncie Ind I-7 10.75	Johnstown, Pa. B2156 Joliet, Ill. A7153 Kansas City, Mo. S5165	—FENCE POSTS—
Fairfield, Ala. T26.60 MANUFACTURING TERNES, 8 15 Fairless, Pa. U56.60 (Commercial Quality)	Palmer, Mass. W12 10.85 Roebling, N.J. R5 10.85 So. San Francisco C10 10.90	Kokomo, Ind. C16155 Minnequa, Colo. C10159** Monessen, Pa. P7157	Col
Gary, Ind. U5	Waukegan, Ill. A710.55 Worcester, Mass. A7, T6.10.85	Monessen, Pa. P7 157 Pittsburg, Calif. C11 173† Rankin, Pa. A7 153† So. Chicago, Ill. R2 153**	ChicagoHts., Ill. C2, I-2 .14: Duluth, Minn. A7 (49)13: Franklin, Pa. F5 14:
Irvin, Pa. U5	WIRE, Golv'd ACSR for Cores Bartonville, Ill. K49.50 Johnstown, Pa. B29.50	So. Chicago, Ill. R2153** S. SanFrancisco C10173** SparrowsPoint, Md. B2158	Johnstown, Pa. B214:
SparrowsPoint, Md. B2 6.60 Yorkville, O. W10\$8.65	Monessen Pa PIK . 950	Sterling, Ill. (1) N15156	Minnequa, Colo. C10150 Moline, Ill. R2140 So. Chicago, Ill. R2141
Warren,O. R2	Muncie, Ind. I-7 9.70 Roebling, N.J. R5 9.80 SparrowsPt., Md. B2 9.60	zinc; ** Subject to zinc equalization extras.	Tonawanda, N.Y. B12145 Williamsport, Pa. S19155

			MARKET PRICES
### AMLESS STANDARD PIPE. Threaded and Couple 2	76.5c 92c 7.62 9.20 Blk Galv Blk Galv 22.25 5 23.75 6 22.25 5 23.75 9 23.75 9	\$1.09 10.89	\$1.48 \$1.92 14.81 \$1.918 Blk Galv Blk Galv 23 5.75 25.5 8.25 23 25.5 23 8.75 25.5 11.25 23 5.75 25.5 8.25
I .ECTRIC WELD STANDARD PIPE, Threaded and C Jungstown R2 (**) 15.75 0.75 19.75 3		rom list, %	23 6.25 25.5 8.75
# iguippa, Pa. J5 (1) # fton. III. L1 (8)	% ½ 6c 8.5c 0.57 8.5c Blk Galv 20.25 10 24.25 9 25.25 10 25.25 9 26.25 7 13.25 +3 25.25 9 26.25 16 25.25 16 25.25 16 26.25 11 26.25 11	st, % 11.5c 1.13 1.68 1.16 1.18 1.68 1.17 1.18 1.68 1.17 1.75 1.75 1.65 1.75 1.75 1.75 1.75 1.75 1.75 1.75 1.7	1¼ 23c 27.5c 2.28 Bik Galv Bik Galv 34.75 19.5 32.25 17.5 32.75 18.25 34.25 18.5 34.75 19.5 32.25 17.5 32.75 18.25 34.25 18.5 34.75 19.5 32.25 17.5 32.75 18.5 34.25 18.5 34.75 20.25 34.25 18.5 34.75 24 34.25 19.25 34.75 24 34.25 19.26 34.75 20.25 32.25 16.5 32.75 17.5
5 ungstown R2 (**) 1 ungstown Y1 (††) V neatland, Pa. W9 (§). 24.5 +1.75 17.5 +6.25 1 1 **e—Inches 2 2 2 1	26.25 11 26.25 10	29.25 15 31.75 18.5 29.25 14 31.75 17.5 29.25 14 31.75 17.5 31/4 4 22c \$1.09	34.25 19.25 34.75 20.25 34.25 18.5 34.75 19.5 34.25 18.5 34.75 19.5
Sac Sac	7.62 W Blk Galv E 36.75 20 36.75 18 36.75 20 27 5.5 36.75 18.5 27 23.75 7 35.75 19 36.75 20 36.75 23 36.75 23 36.75 20 36.75 20 36.75 20 36.75 20 36.75 20 36.75 20 36.75 20 36.75 20 36.75 20 36.75 20 36.75 20 36.75 20	9.20 Blk Galv .75 10.5 27.75 9 .75 8.5 25.75 8.5 .75 11 27.75 11	100 mesh, except as other- wise noted) Sponge Iron: Cents 98 + % Fe, annealed 18.00 Unannealed 14.50 Swedish, c.l.f. N. Y., c.l., in bags 11.25 Electrolytic Iron: Annealed, 99.5% Fe, 42.50 Unannealed (99 + % Fe) 38.50 Unannealed (99 + %
Galvanized pipe discounts based on zinc price of: (†), (†), 10.50c-11.50c; with discounts adjusted on price of zinc prices, dollars per 100 ft, mill; minimum il thickness, cut lengths 10 to 24 ft, inclusive. D. S.W. — Seamless Elec. Weld H.R. C.D. H.R. L. L. L. L. L. L. L.	BOLTS, NUTS CARRIAGE, MACHINE BOLTS (F.o.b. midwestern plants, per cent off list for less than case lots to consumers) 6 in, and shorter: ½-in. & smaller diam. 4 ½-in. & %-in. 5 ¼-in. and larger 3 Longer than 6 in.: All diams +4 Lag bolts, all diams.: 6 in, and shorter 12 Over 6 in, long 8 Ribbed Necked Carriage 8	Finished Hex Nuts: New standard, all sizes 5 Semifinished & Slotted Hex. Regular and heavy, all sizes	Powder Flakes 48.50 Carbonyl Iron: 97.9-99.8% size 5 to 10 microns. 83.00-148.00 Aluminum: Carlots, freight allowed 31.00 Atomized, 500 lb drums, freight allowed 34.00 Antimony, 500 lb lots. 78.00 Brass, 20-ton lots 29.50-36.50 Bronze, 10-ton lots 51.00-60.00 Copper: Electrolytic 43.25 Reduced 43.25
Sid. Sid. Sid. All 60 lb	NUTS H.P. & C.P., regular & heavy: Square, all sizes	STEEL STOVE BOLTS (F.o.b. plant, per cent of list in packages) Plain finish 47.5 & 1 Plated finishes 30 & 1 HEXAGON CAP SCREWS (1020 steel; packaged; per cent off list) 6 in, or shorter: %-in, & smaller 3 %-in, through 1 in 2 Longer than 6 in.; %-in, and smaller 2	Magnesium
attle B3	Footnotes	(23) 20 Ga., 36" wide. (24) Deduct 0.10c, finer that 15 Ga. (25) Bar mill bands. (26) Reinforcing mill length to fabricators; to con- sumers, 5.40c.	(33) To jobbers, deduct zwc. (34) 9.60e for cut lengths. (35) 72" and narrower. (36) 54" and narrower. (37) 15 gage & lighter: 60" & larrower. (38) 14 gage & lighter: 43" and narrower. (39) 43" and narrower. (40) Lighter than 0.035"; 0.035" and heavier, 0.250

STAINLESS STEEL MILL PRICES

(Representative prices, cents per pound; subject to current lists of extras)

AISI	Rerolling	Rerolling Slobs,	Forging	Seamless Tube	H.R.	Shapes; H.R. & C.F. Bars;			C.R. Strip;
Type	Ingots	Billets	Billets	Billets	Strip	Wire	Plates	Sheets	Flat Wire
301	16.25	20.50	29.50	34.25	29.75	35,25	37.25	46.25	38.25
302	17.25	22.75	29.75	34.50	32.00	35,50	37.50	46.50	41.50
302B	18.50	24.50	30.50	34.50	35.00	35.50	37.50	48.75	44.75
303	18.75	24.75	32.25	37.25	36.75	38.25	39.75	48.75	45.50
304	18.25	23.75	31.00	36.00	34.25	37.25	39.75	48.75	43.75
304L			\$6.75			42.75	45.25	54.25	49.00
308	19.50	25.50		36.25	37.00	37.50	42.00	51.75	46.75
308	19.75	26.25	35.25	40.75	38.00	42.00	46.00	55.25	48.00
309	26.50	34.75	43.25	49.25	49.25	50.50	53.75	63.50	62.00
3098	28.50	37.50	47.50	54.50	54.00	55.50	59.00	68.50	68.50
310	33.00	43.25	56.75	66.25	67.50	67.50	69.00 69.00	72.25 74.50	78.75
316	28.00	36.25	46.75	54.50	55.00	55.50	59.00	64.50 70.00	66.50 72.00
316L	33.00	43.50	52.50		67.50	61.00 68.25	64.25 70.75	77.00	79.25
317	33.50	44.00	58.25 55.25	64.50	66.25	65.50	68.75	78.00	80.25
321	22.75	29.50	35.25	40.75	42.00	42.00	46.00	55.50	54.50
330			58.00	10.10	12.00	68.50	70.00	73.75	77.75
347	24.50	32.25	39.50	45.75	46.50	46.75	51.25	60.75	59.25
403			27.00	30.75		32.00	34.25	44.00	41.25
405		21.75	25.25	29.25	30.50	30.25	31.75	42.50	39.75
410		18.25	24.00	27.75	26.25	28.75	30.00	40.75	34.25
416			24.50	28.25		29.25	30.50	41.25	41.25
420	22.00	28.50	29.25	34.00	35.50	35.00	38.50	49.25	52.75
430	14.25	18.50	24.50	28.25	27.00	29.25	30.50	43.50	34.75
430F		18.75	25.00	28.75		29.75	31.00	44.00	44.00
431		28.50	25.00	28.25	27.50	29.25	30.50	44.00	35.25
440A,B,C		28.50	29.25	34.00		35.00	38.50	49.25	52.75
442			28.00		-:-::	30.50	35.25	48.25	47.75
446			33.75	38.25	53.00	39.50	40.75	59.75	71.00
501			14.00	14.50	21.25	16.00	18.25	30.50	29.00
502			15.25	16.00	22.25	17.00	20.00	31.75	30.00

Stainless Steel Producers Are: Allegheny Ludium Steel Corp.; Alloy Metal Wire Co. Inc.; American Steel & Wire Division, U. S. Steel Corp.; Armoo Steel Corp.; J. Bishop & Co.; G. O. Carlson Inc.; Carpenter Steel Co.; Charter Wire Products Co.; Cold Metal Products Co.; Cricible Steel Co. of America; Damascus Tube Co.; Wilbur D. Driver Co.; Driver-Harris Co.; Eastern Stainless Steel Co.; Firth Sterling Inc.; Ft. Wayne Metals Inc.; Helical Tube Co.; Indiana Steel & Wire Co.; Ingersoll Steel Division, Borg Warner Corp.; Jessop Steel Co.; Joslyn Mfg. & Supply Co.; Kenmore Metals Corp.; Maryland Fine & Specialty Wire Co.; McClouth Steel Corp.; Metal Forming Corp.; Page Steel & Wire Division, American Chain & Cable Co. Inc.; Republic Steel Corp.; Rodney Metals Inc.; Rome Mfg. Co.; Sharon Steel Corp.; Simonds Saw & Steel Co.; Specialty Wire Co. Inc.; Stainless Welded Products Inc.; Superior Steel Corp.; Universal-Cyclops Steel Co.; Wallingford Steel Co.; Washington Steel Corp.; Universal-Cyclops Steel Co.; Wallingford Steel Co.; Washington Steel Corp.

CLAD STEEL

-Plates		Sheets		
Clodding	Con	rbon Base	Carbon Base	Copper Base
Stainless	10%	20%	20%	Both Sides
302		31.00	31.00	77.00
304	27.60	32.50-32.70	32.50	77-00
310	36.50	41.00		144.00
316	32.60	37.70-42.75	42.75	
318	37.00	42.20	*******	
321	29.30	34.40-37.00	37.00	111.00
347	30.40	35.50-40.50	40.50	130.00
405	23.40	30.60		
410	22.90	30.10		
430	22.90	30.10		****
Inconel	41.23	54.18		165.00
Nickel	37.50	50.90		****
Monel	38.90	51.80		
Copper.			46.00	

		ld-Rolled	Carbon Base -	ot-Rolled-
Copper*	10%	Both Sides	10%	Both Sides
	27.85	35.85	24.00	32-25

*Deoxidized. Production points: Stainless sheets, New Castle, Ind. 14; stainless-clad plates, Claymont Del. C22 Coatesville, Pa. L7, New Castle, Ind. 1-4 and Washington, Pa. J3; nickel, inconel, monel-clad plates Coatesville L7; copper-clad strip, Carnegie, Pa. 818. Production point far copper-base sheets is Carnegie, Pa. A13.

TOOL STEEL

ı	Grade	\$ per lb	Grade \$ per lib
ı	Regular Carbon .	0.25285	5% Cr Hot Work 0.30
ı	Extra Carbon	0.33340	W-Cr Hot Work 0.41
ı	Special Carbon	0.35360	V-Cr Hot Work 0.43
ı	Oil Hardening		Hi-Carbon-Cr 0.86570
K			

rsis (%)	
V Co Mo	\$ per lb
1.6 12.25	4.055
1 4.75	2.340
2 9	2.565-2.695
3	1.820
1	
<u> </u>	4 000
1.0	
2	1.580-1.0 1.580-1.0 1.8 1.0 1.0 1.3 0.4

C13, C18, D4, F2, J3, L3, M14, S8, U4, V2 and V3.

	Pah duman		as managed at	4 a Destroit	Minimum
PIG IRON,	delivered prices	prices	as reported	and do	not include
Gross Ton	3% federal tax				

		No. 2	Malle-	Besse-
	Basic	Foundry	able	mer
Discouler above Discouled	20010			
Birmingham District	52.38	52.88		
AlabamaCity, Ala. R2	52.38	52.88		
Birmingham R2		52.88		
Birmingham U6	52.38	52.88		• • • •
Cincinnati, del.	04.00	60.43		
		00.20	****	0 0 0
Buffalo District				
Buffalo R2, H1	56.00	56.50	57.00	
Tonawanda, N.Y. W12	56.00	56.50	57.00	
No. Tonawanda, N.Y. T9		56.50	57.00	
Boston, del.	66.65	67.15	67.65	
Rochester, N.Y., del.	59.02	59.52	60.02	
Syracuse, N.Y., del	60.12	60.62	61.12	
Chicago District				
Chicago I-3	56.00	56.50	56.50	57.00
Gary, Ind. U5	56.00		56.50	
IndianaHarbor, Ind. I-2	56.00		56.50	
So. Chicago, Ill. W14, Y1	56.00	56.50	56.50	
So. Chicago, III. U5	56.00		56.50	57.00
Milwaukee, del.	58.17	58.67	58.67	59.17
Muskegon, Mich., del		62.80	62.80	****
Cleveland District				
Cleveland A7	56.00	56.50	56.50	57.00
Cleveland R2	56.00	56.50	56.50	
Akron, O., del. from Cleve	58.75	59.25	59.25	59.75
Lorain, O. N3	56.00			57.00
Mid-Atlantic District				
Bethlehem, Pa. B2	\$58.00	\$58.50	\$59.00	\$59.50
New York, del		62.28	62.78	
Newark, del	61.02	61.52	62.02	62.52
Philadelphia, del.	60.75	61.25	61.75	62.25
Birdsboro, Pa. B10	58.00	58.50		
Steelton, Pa. B2	58.00	58.50	59.00	59.50
Swedeland, Pa. A3	58.00	58.50	59.00	59.50
Troy, N.Y. R2	58.00	58.50	59.00	
Pittsburgh District				
NevilleIsland, Pa. P8	56.00	56.50	56.50	
Pitts., N.&S. sides, Ambridge.		00,00	00.00	
Aliquippa, del.	57.37	57.87	57.87	
McKeesRocks, del	57.04	57.54	57.54	
Lawrenceville, Homestead.				
Wilmerding, Monaca, del	57.66	58.16	58.16	
Verona, Trafford, del.	58.19	58.69	58.69	
Brackenridge, del	58.45	58.95	58.95	
Dessemer, Pa. U5	56.00		56.50	57.00
Clair ton, Rankin, So. I miguesne Pa III	56.00			
McKeesport, Pa. Na	56.00			57.00
Midland, Pa. C18	56.00			
Monessen, Pa. P7	56.00			

	Basic .	No. 2 Foundry	Malle- able	Besse- mer
Youngstown District		*** ,	.,	
Hubbard, O. Y1			56.50	
Sharpsville, Pa. 86	56.00	56.50	56.50	57.00
Youngstown Y1			56.50	67.00
Youngstown U5	56.00		00.00	57.00
Mansfield, O., del	60.90		61.40	61.90
Duluth I-3	56.00	56.50	56.50	57.00
Erie, Pa. I-3	56.00	56.50	56.59	57.00
Everett, Mass. E1		63.00	63.50	
Fontana, Calif K1	62.00	62.50		
Geneva, Utah C11	57.50	58.00		
GraniteCity, Ill. G4	57.90	58.40	58.90	
Ironton, Utah C11	56.00	56.50		
	52.00	52.50°	#0 #O	
361			52.50	
Minnequa, Colo. C10	58.00	59.00	59.00	
Rockwood, Tenn. T3			56.50	
Toledo.O. I-3	56.00	56.50	56.50	57.00
Cincinnati, del	61.76	62.26		

^{*}Low phos. southern grade.

PIG IRON DIFFERENTIALS

Silicon: Add 50 cents per ton for each 0.25% 81 or percentage thereof over base grade, 1.75-2.25%, except on low phos iron on which base is 1.75-2.00%.

Phosphorus: Deduct 28 cents per ton for P content of 0.70% and over.

Manganese: Add 50 cents per ton for each 0.50% manganese over 1% or portion thereof.

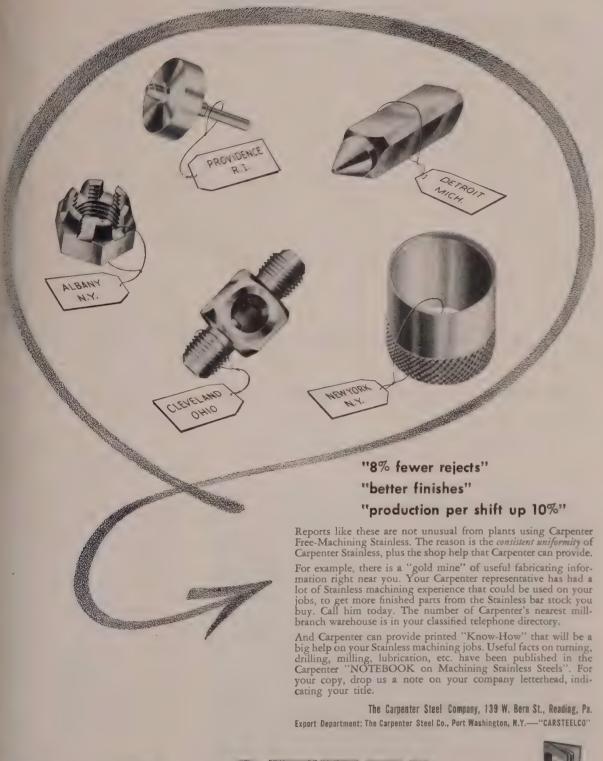
Nickel: Under 0.50% no extra; 0.50-0.74%, incl., add \$2 per ton and each additional 0.25%, add \$1 per ton.

BLAST FURNACE SILVERY PIG IRON, Gross Ton

ELECTRIC FURNACE SILVERY PIG IRON, Gross Ton

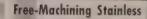
LOW PHOSPHORUS PIG IRON, Gross Ton

Cleveland, interi	mediate,	A7	 	 	 \$61.90
Rockwood, Tenn.	T3		 	 	 76 'E
Steelton, Pa. B2			 	 	 64 UK
Philadelphia,	delivered		 	 	 67 35
Troy, N.Y. R2			 	 	 64.00

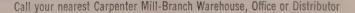








takes the problems out of production



WAREHOUSE STEEL PRODUCTS

(Representative prices, cents per pound, subject to extras, f.o.b. warehouse. City delivery charges are 20 cents per 100 lb except: New York, 36 cents; Philadelphia, 25 cents; Birmingham, Cincinnati, St. Paul, 15 cents; Seattle and Spokane, Wash., no change.)

	SHEETS———			BARS			Standard				
	Hot	Cold	Gal.		RIP-			H.R. Alloy	Structural	PLA1	
	Rolled	Rolled	10 Ga.†	H.R.*	C.R.*	H.R. Rds.	C.F. Rds.‡	4140††5	Shapes	Carbon	Floor
Baltimore	6.20	7.64	7.81	7.00	* * *	6.86	8.176	12.04	6.98	6.85	7.98
Birmingham	6.10	7.00	8.002	6.30	* * *	6.15	8.90		6.35	6.35	8.65
Boston	6.89	7.83	9.18	7.13	***	6.87	8.35	12.28	7.06	. 7.13	8.26
Buffalo	6.18	7.15	8.96	6.79		6.35	7.70	12.17	6.59	6.68	7.88
Charlotte, N. C.	6.95	7.80	8.69	6.90	• • •	7.10	8.37		7.10	7.10 .	8.37
Chicago	6.18	7.12	8.00	6.42		6.28	7.30	11.75	6.46	6.33	7.46
Cincinnati	6.51	7.19	8.42	6.72		6.58	7.66	12.17	6.93	6.80	7.88
Cleveland	6.18	7.12	7.90	6.58		6.34	7.65	11.89	6.79	6.50	7.79
Detroit	6.38	7.31	8.29	6.71	7.36	6.56	7.60	11.92	6.93	6.85	7.80
Erie, Pa	6.19	7.13	9.01	6.54		6.28	7.70		6.56	6.50	7.79
Houston	7.15	7.85	9.32	7.45		7.45			7.35	7.20	8.55
JerseyCity, N.J.	6.54	7.45	8.72	6.82		6.75	8.436	11.84	6.50	6.67	8.01
Los Angeles	7.25	9,00	9.35	7.55	11.20	7.15	9,10	13.05	7.35	7.20	9.25
Milwaukee	6.35	7.29	8.22	6.59		6.45	7.57	11.92	6.63	6.50	7.63
Moline, Ill	6.53	7.47	8.40	6.77		6.63	7.65		6.81	6.68	
New York	6.54	7.45	8.42	6.82		6.75	8.436	11.84	6.50	6.67	8.01
Newark, N. J.,	6.78	7.75	9.02	7.16		7.06	8.436		6.90	6.99	8.30
Norfolk, Va	6.90			7.20		7.20	8.50		7.20	7.15	7.85
Philadelphia	6.53	7.55	8.41	7.02	8.80	6.87	8 196	11.89	6.67	6.63	7.65
Pittsburgh	6.18	7.12	8.30	6.55		6.28	7.65	11.89	6.46	6.33	7.46
Portland, Oreg.,	7.90	9.30	10.00	7.90	• • •	7.60	10.65		7.50	7.55	9.40
Richmond, Va.	6.50	7.45	8.00	7.10		7.05	7.95		7.10	6.85	8.10
St. Louis	6.48	7.42	8.30	6.72		6.58	7.70	12.05	6.86	6.73	7.86
St. Paul	6.84	7.78	8.71	7.08		6.94	8.06		7.12	6.99	8.12
Ban Francisco	7.35	8.70	10.15	7.60	•••	7.15	9.75	13.05	7.25	7.20	9.25
Seattle	8.15	8.70	10.05	8.02		7.58	~ 10.13	13.50	7.50	7.59	9.40
Spokane	8.15	9.407	9.80	8.50	***	7.60	10.558	14.15	7.25	7.35	9.80
Washington	6.71	8.15	8.35	7.51		7.37	8.43		7.49	7.36	8.49

*Prices do not include gage extras; † prices include gage and coating extras, except Birmingham (coating extra excluded) and Los Angeles (gages extra excluded); ‡ includes 35-cent special bar quality extra; § as rolled; †† as annealed; ** ½" and heavier, 8.99c for No. 12 and lighter. Base quantities, 2000 to 9999 b except as noted. Cold-rolled strip, 2000 lb and over; Cold-finished bars, 2000 lb and over; 2—500 to 9999 lb; 8—1000 to 1999 lb; 8—1000 to 1999 lb; 8—1000 to 1999 lb; 8—1000 lb and over; 7—1500 lb to 3499; 8—under ½ in.

Steel Moves Well at Warehouse Level

Distributors are in position to meet most demands and are booking more business than in September. Competition is keener. Prospects for fourth quarter are good

Philadelphia — Warehouse demand is more active with the likelihood that October bookings will surpass those of September. Improvement in distributors' stocks has helped. Except for wide flange shapes the warehouses can now meet most demands on them without difficulty. Despite improved business, competition is keener and some price sniping is reported.

Chicago—Although warehouse steel sales since Labor Day haven't been up to expectations they are in good volume. Better tonnage receipts from the mills make it easier to fill customer requirements, Hot-rolled sheets are in adequate supply and cold-rolled sheets are nearing that point.

Users of nickel-bearing stainless are inquiring about what they can expect in quantities after Nov. 1, the decontrol date, but there is nothing as yet resembling a deluge in this direction.

Cincinnati — Business volume is holding up satisfactorily with inventories improving all the time. Distributors are looking forward to expiration of the nickel control order on Nov. 1. This is the last con-

trol as far as the warehouses are concerned. Fourth quarter prospects are good.

Cleveland—Individual orders being booked by local warehouses are smaller with customers apparently buying only for immediate requirements and watching inventories closely. Over-all demand, however, is

substantial and volume during the current month is expected to bulk among the better months of the entire year.

More selling effort is required to move tonnage with competition noticeably sharper. Distributors' stocks are in the best shape in a long time though complete balance has not been achieved as regards sizes and items. Receipts from the mills are satisfactory, and there is an increasing tendency on the part of some warehouses to shy away from mill offerings of the slower moving products.

Pittsburgh-Warehouses are build-

STEEL IMPORT PRICES

(Base, Per 100 Lb, Landed, Duty Paid)

(2000) 2 01 200 201	North	South	Gulf	West
	Atlantic	Atlantic	Coast	Coast
Deformed Bars, Intermediate, ASTM-A-305	\$4.86	\$4.94	\$4.86	\$5.14
Bar Size Angles	4.53	4.61	4.53	4.81
Structural Angles	4.53	4.61	4.53	4.81
I-Beams	4.80	4.88	4.80	5.08
Wide Flange Beams	4.94	5.02	4.94	5.22
Sheet and Plate, 10 gage, 11 gage, 5' x 10'	5.87	5.95	5.87	6.25
Furring Channels, C.R., 1000 ft, % x 0.30 lb				
per ft	21.30	21.54	21.30	22.14
Barbed Wire	6.10	6.12	6.10	6.33
Merchant Bars	4.81	4.89	4.81	5.09
Hot Rolled Bands	4.97	5.05	4.97	5.25
Wire Rods, Thomas Commercial No. 5	4.68	4.75	4.73	5.00
Wire Rods, O-H, Cold Heading Quality No. 5	5.14	5.21	5.19	5.46
Channels	4.80	4.88	4.80	5.08
Bright Common Wire Nails, 8d	6.40	6.50	6.45	6.70
Seamless A.P.I. Casing, Grade J-55				
Size O.D. Wgt/Foot/Lb	Gulf Port	West (Vancouver
5½ in 15,5	\$1.47/ft	\$1,51		\$1.32/ft
7 in 23	2.10/ft	2.17	/ft	1.90/ft
Seamless N-80 Casing:				4 577 (4)
5½ in	1.94/ft	2.00		1.75/ft
7 in 23	2.50/ft	2.70	/IT	2.36/ft
Seamless J-55 Tubing:				0 55 (8)
2% in 4.7	0.60/ft	0.63		0.55/ft
2 % in 6.5	0.80/ft	0.83	/It	0.73/ft

Sources of Shipment: Western continental European (Schuman Plan) countries.

ing stocks, now holding 80 to 85 per cent of "normal inventories." Holes still remain in stocks, with light plates and structural shapes hard to obtain. Cold-finished bars and most hot-rolled bars are in good supply, along with alloy bars, stainless steel sheets and tubular products.

Jones & Laughlin Steel Corp. is expanding its distribution system along the Ohio and Mississippi rivers with the opening of a new warehouse at Louisville, Ky., planned for next month. The warehouse will carry a complete stock of hot-rolled and cold-finished bars, sheets, strip, structurals and plate.

Boston — Most finished steel products are starting to ease, including larger rounds and heavier, wider plates. Warehouse stocks are in balance with the exception of a few products, one being wide-flanged peams.

Demand from warehouse has reverted to normal pattern with the average order smaller. Some distributors took forward orders for eigher nickel stainless, anticipating decontrol of nickel, but may not be able to meet commitments. First norease in nickel stainless volumes expected to move directly to consumers before large tonnages go through warehouse channels.

San Francisco — Distributors are teeping close tabs on their invenories. They want to keep their touses in order, too, and are avoiding too big a build up in items which tow are beginning to move slowly. Their sales have been good, but soft pots are developing. Rush jobs are lisappearing and warehouses are adusting their ordering accordingly.

Los Angeles — Warehouse order olume in September was slightly reater than during August. Post-Corean truce aircraft schedule tretch-outs have reduced steel re-uirements of both prime and sub-ontract airplane and partsmakers. bistributors' stocks of all steel prodets are improved with the exception f wide-flange beams.

Seattle—Prewar market conditions re returning. Mill deliveries are easonably prompt. Plate and flatolled supplies are tight, including ot and cold-rolled sheets. Galvanzed sheets are easy.

Demand for warehouse items has ropped. Scarcity of domestic plates stimulating imports, principally rom Japan. European steel is not ompeting noticeably in this area, alloreign steel being barred from cometing in public works projects. ome minor price adjustments may e effected soon.

Larger Sheetmakers Still Heavily Booked

Some premium-price sellers have difficulty in filling schedules but order volume in general continues large assuring high-level operations into first quarter

Sheet and Strip Prices, Page 138 & 139

Boston—Except for some specialties, including stainless, not much freight absorption is in prospect on flat-rolled finished steel products during fourth quarter. More sheet and strip tonnage in the carbon grades is being offered and first quarter distribution may involve more freight concessions.

Larger nickel stainless tonnage before December is doubtful. Numerous users and distributors, however, have allowed their stocks of straight chromium stainless to shrink in anticipation of nickel decontrol and increased availability of nickel-stainless grades. As a result, shortages of stainless are likely to be experienced before the 300 series gets into high production. In any event, most producers have limited supplies of nickel.

If, and when, freight absorption starts, tonnage produced nearer points of consumption will be first involved, gradually spreading to more distant consuming areas until an economical limit is reached. This is generally conjectured to be \$4 to \$5 per ton.

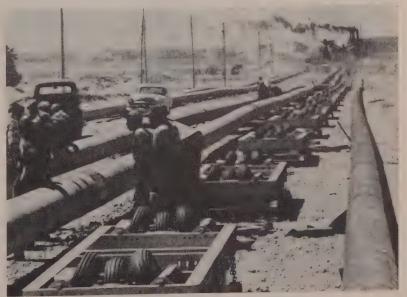
Converters of narrow cold-rolled strip are not taking in all the hotstrip offered them.

Pittsburgh — Sheet demand is strong and is expected to remain so throughout the year. Automakers' orders for cold-rolled sheet are smaller than they were during the summer. Demand from other consumers remains heavy, and producers report well-filled fourth quarter order books.

Pittsburgh Steel Co. began shipping steel to southwestern markets by barge from its new Allenport, Pa., mill last week. First load of 630 tons was sent to Houston, Tex.

Sheet and strip prices at Allenport were announced by Pittsburgh Steel. These are listed in STEEL's price section, and are on a level with those quoted by other leading producers.

New York—The decline in sheet business continues, but at least one leading producer thinks the trend is leveling off. Demand for cold-rolled sheets holds up better than that for hot-rolled. Galvanized sheet sup-



Dollies Solve Difficult Pipeline Laying Project

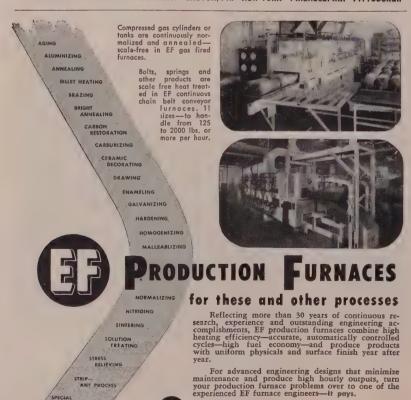
Two four-mile sections of 20-in. pipe were laid along the bottom of Mackinac Straits in Northern Michigan, saving more than 100 miles of land clearing and ditching by crossing the 240-ft deep shipping channel. Using rubber-tired dollies, Firestone Tire & Rubber Co.'s patented pipe-launching devices, the pipe was laid at the rate of almost 1000 ft per hour. The pipeline will carry oil from Canadian fields to refineries at Sarnia, Ont., thereby maintaining a constant supply through the winter when tankers are immobilized by ice

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ply is adequate and enameling stock is in noticeably easier position. No appreciable letup appears in demand for electrical sheets, however.

While most producers of stainless steel doubt they will be able to obtain much more nickel than their present quotas call for before end of the year, at least one large interest believes it will definitely have more nickel to spare for commercial needs once the ban on these requirements generally is lifted Nov. 1. Military needs have declined and for some time past this company has been scouring the market for buyers with certificates entitling them to purchase nickel-chrome steel.

Philadelpia—Some fabricators of hot and cold-rolled sheets have cut inventories too low and are now specifying more freely than in the past couple months. However, the over-all trend in buying is downward.

Alan Wood Steel Co. has placed its new continuous strip pickler in operation at Ivy Rock, Pa. The unit can process an estimated 20,000 pounds of strip per month.

Cleveland — Sheetmakers' order books are well filled for fourth quarter despite recent cutbacks and cancellations. No difficulty has been encountered in filling open spaces in schedules that have appeared. At the same time the opening of books for first quarter has been followed by an encouraging volume of placements.

Cincinnati—The severely retarded operations of one large mill in this area dominate the sheet market picture here. Beginning Oct. 19, this mill, already on reduced steel ingot production, is shutting down one rolling mill and furloughing 200 to 250 workers. The management announced that reduced commitments for sheets was the reason.

Chicago—First quarter prospects for sheets look good to producers here. Oddly enough, a considerable number of users are indicating their requirements are going to be up.

Los Angeles—Kaiser Steel Corp.'s Fontana Works' fourth quarter books are still open on narrow sheets and skelp.

San Francisco—A distributor here reports/he placed orders three weeks ago with the new Fairless Works for hot-rolled sheets and has been promised delivery in October-November.

Tin Plate . . .

Tin Plate Prices, Page 140

New York—Tin plate demand has dropped off more than seasonally. One leading producer's operations have dropped to less than 75 per cent.

• Standard steel's unsurpassed ability to produce weldless rings all the way up to 144" O.D. is

one of SIX REASONS

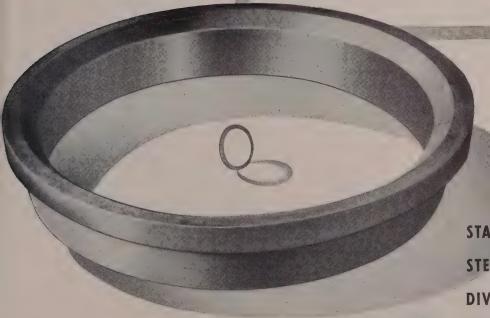
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METALS

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Berylco beryllium copper plays a vital role in many production tools. As, for instance, in the: (a) Blanchard Surface Grinder; (b) New Britain Gridley 6-Spindle Automatic Screw Machine; (c) Pratt & Whitney Pneumatic High-Speed Grinding Head; (d) Chucking Grinder. For parts used, see below.

BERYLLIUM COPPER...a miracle metal with down-to-earth capacities

The miraculous quality of Beryllium copper is its versatility. Here, in one alloy, are combined such properties as strength, conductivity, elasticity and fatigue resistance. Ask makers of production tools why they choose Berylco. You'll get dozens of reasons. Economy. Ease of production. Hardenability, etc., etc. But it is the capacity of Berylco to make a better product—one that delivers long life with minimum maintenance—that is its outstanding appeal.

In the automatic screw machine shown above, wear—and expensive maintenance—in the stock feeding mechanism was eliminated by replacing the offending parts with smaller, more efficient ones made of Berylco. In the chucking grinder, where this alloy is used for "plain" bearings in the cam

follower rolls, the dense surface structure of Berylco makes possible an extremely accurate, frictionless bearing. The spring properties of Berylco are all important in the Pratt & Whitney grinding head, where it is used for a spring governor; and in the Blanchard, where it is used for wheel clamps. Because Berylco is corrosion resistant, these clamps do not have to be plated. The nonmagnetic properties of Berylco also eliminate sticking.

One of the best things about Berylco beryllium copper is its availability in any quantity or form you need. 'If you would like to find out what this unique alloy can do for you, write the world's largest producer of beryllium copper, THE BERYLLIUM CORPORATION, Dept. 3J, Reading 19, Pennsylvania.

Tomorrow's products are planned today—with Berylco beryllium copper









(a) Berylco spring clamps used in the solid wheel holder of a Blanchard Surface Grinder; (b) A few of the Berylco castings in the stock-feeding mechanism of the New Britain Automatic; (c) Berylco spring governor used in the Pratt & Whitney Pneumatic High-Speed Grinding Head; (d) Berylco bearings found in the cam follower rolls of the Chucking Grinder.

Tool Steel . . .

Tool Steel Prices, Page 142

New York — Shipments of high speed and tool steel (excluding hollow drill steel) increased in August, reports the American Iron & Steel Institute. Movement for the month totaled 9386 net tons, including shipments to industry members for conversion or resale. This compares with 8725 tons the preceding month. In August, 1952, shipments were 9818 tons.

Total shipments in the first eight months this year were 82,745 net tons, a decline compared with 83,195 tons shipped in the like period of 1952.

Reinforcing Bars . . .

Reinforcing Bar Prices, Page 138

Seattle — Bulk of reinforcing bar business consists of lots of less than 100 tons each. Volume has declined, but backlogs, though down, are still fairly substantial.

Structural Shapes . .

Structural Shape Prices. Page 138

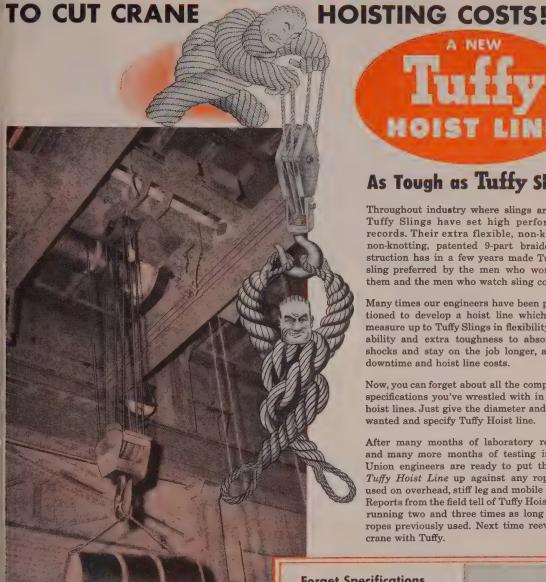
Boston — Substantial increase in bridge inquiry involves the largest tonnage in months for state highway spans. Bulk of this work will be fabricated in second quarter next year. Military requirements are marked by stronger demand for hangars, approximately 3500 tons. Public and private construction is slow.

Competition for fabricating contracts is sharp. Larger shops' backlogs extend through first quarter and those of smaller shops about three months. This is reflected in prices to some extent.

New York—Considering the rather advanced building season, structural steel market activity is holding up well. Few outstanding orders were noted over the past several days, but inquiry is described as good and includes a fair amount of building work, as distinguished from bridges.

Pittsburgh—Structural shapes remain in tight supply although some additional tonnages are being offered. A large backlog of construction indicates quotas will have to be retained through first quarter. Slight relief is seen afforded users in reported plans of a nearby mill to divert semifinished steel from its tin mill to its standard structural mill for production of modified wide flange sections ranging up to about 16 inches. This rumored move is prompted by seasonally low demand for tin plate and will last only through November.

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Throughout industry where slings are used. Tuffy Slings have set high performance records. Their extra flexible, non-kinking, non-knotting, patented 9-part braided construction has in a few years made Tuffy the sling preferred by the men who work with them and the men who watch sling costs.

Many times our engineers have been propositioned to develop a hoist line which would measure up to Tuffy Slings in flexibility, wearability and extra toughness to absorb load shocks and stay on the job longer, and cut downtime and hoist line costs.

Now, you can forget about all the complicated specifications you've wrestled with in buying hoist lines. Just give the diameter and length wanted and specify Tuffy Hoist line.

After many months of laboratory research and many more months of testing in field, Union engineers are ready to put the New Tuffy Hoist Line up against any rope ever used on overhead, stiff leg and mobile cranes. Reports from the field tell of Tuffy Hoist Lines running two and three times as long as the ropes previously used. Next time reeve your crane with Tuffy.

Forget Specifications... Say Tuffy To Your

and tell him the diameter and length. To order slings, specify Tuffy, sling type, diameter, length and fittings wanted. Or you can buy Tuffy braided wire fabric on the reel if you do your own rigging.

Your distributor can supply the Tuffy



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Steel Bars . . .

Bar Prices, Page 138

New York—Supply of large carbon rounds has eased considerably. Some leading sellers now offer deliveries in November and December. This results particularly from substantial cutbacks in the shell program. Producers also have capacity available in late November and December for bar flats.

Bars in coils are in rather tight supply. Bolt and nut makers' requirements of coils are down sharply, but cold drawers are still specifying fairly freely, as are certain other major consumers.

Despite cutbacks and cancellations, most of which already have offset the carryover from third quarter, bar producers anticipate active operations over remainder of the year.

Boston—Carbon bar producers are meeting scheduled requirements with deliveries improved. There are scattered openings in hot-rolled schedules for late this quarter. Supply of large size rounds is improving. Heavy flats now are in the most difficult supply position of the bar mill products.

Distribution of hot-rolled bars from Morrisville, Pa., is expected to start in December.

Watertown arsenal is asking bids Oct. 21 on 5000 tons, carbon bars for remelting. Specifications are for 1¾-inch squares, 40 inches long with rounded corners.

Philadelphia — Hot-rolled carbon bar sellers are still experiencing order cutbacks and cancellations. Reduction in shell work has eased the situation in large rounds considerably, and the increasing lag in automotive requirements is contributing to a slowing up in demand for a variety of sizes. Nevertheless, some consumers have cut inventories too sharply and as a result are buying somewhat more actively.

Pittsburgh—Following recent easing in the bar market, energetic selling is required to secure orders. Sales to automakers, unusually strong this summer, are now weak. Producers hope for a return to normal soon. Consumption of cold-finished bars has increased, promising well for the future, but alloy bar sales are low.

Cleveland—Demand pressure on the bar mills has eased with military requirements cut back and a general move under way on the part of warehouses and consumers in general to watch inventories closely. Still, producers hold sufficiently heavy backlogs to support high-level opera-





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tions into first quarter, and bookings for that period are reported coming in at a satisfactory rate.

Cincinnati—Stocks of alloy bars are piling up while the larger rounds in carbon bars are scarce. Business is good. Prices are firm but freight absorption is beginning to show.

Chicago—Supply of small bars has definitely caught up with demand and this fact is responsible for the reduced ingot-making rate at some mills. Reduced requirements of the farm equipment industry set the stage but cutbacks by automakers proved the clincher. A minor factor was some tonnage of small foreign bar shapes coming in at prices under domestic delivered levels.

Wire . . .

Wire Prices, Page 140

Cleveland—Wiremakers are pressing sales effort in a drive to stimulate demand which has been on the downturn for some time past. Currently, a slight pickup in ordering of merchant products is noted, largely reflecting seasonal requirements.

Producers have open spaces in schedules though bookings are reported sufficient to support operations at comfortable levels, especially in manufacturers wire items.

Revision of Simplified Practice Recommendation R47-49, Cut Tacks and Small Cut Nails, as proposed by the American Institute of Tack Manufacturers, has been submitted to producers, distributors and users for review and acceptance. This recommendation gives designations, dimensional standards, packaging, and finishes for a wide variety of cut tacks and small cut nails broadly classified as hardware and shoe finders lists. Except for double-pointed tacks, the recommendation covers tacks and small cut nails cut from tack plate.

In addition to the elimination of certain finishes and packages in the hardware list, the essential revision is the change in designating lengths from 8ths to 16ths of an inch, and in the addition of electrogalvanized and hot galvanized finishes for certain kinds.

Boston — New automotive orders for finished wire products are slightly higher but November bookings are slow. Buying for model changes is not impressive. Demand for manufacturers wire is 35 to 40 per cent under that in first half of year, orders being mostly fill-in sizes for prompt delivery. Consumer inventories are being shaken out.

The leading producer of rope products reduced its discount to distrib-

utors on direct shipments from 20 to 10 per cent.

Plates . . .

Plate Prices, Page 138

Ch:cago—Light plates up to about %-inch thick are in tight supply position and are expected to remain so through fourth quarter. Heavier plates are in better supply with some producers but not with others.

Los Angeles—Distributors and fabricators are ordering all the plates they can get. Kaiser Steel Corp.'s plate carryover will extend into first quarter.

Boston—Plate mills, generally, are booked through fourth quarter but supply has eased to the point consumers no longer take substitutes. They order to specification and will not accept flange or fire-box quality if mild steel is wanted.

A small number of plate fabricators turned down December tonnage, but this volume was readily sold to others. There is somewhat stronger demand for light gage plates in the more extreme widths. Weldment shops' needs are covered through fourth quarter, heavy plates included.

New York-Although not as active as a month ago, plate demand is good. Inquiry for wide light plates ranging up to 1/2 inch in thickness, remains particularly brisk. of this tonnage goes into fabricated pipe, light tanks and, to more or less limited degree, freight cars, building of which remains on a fairly restricted scale. However, if the plea of James K. Knudson, defense transport administrator, is heeded, the railroads will add 76,000 cars to their present equipment by July 1, next year. He says present rolling stock is inadequate for peacetime needs to say nothing of defense requirements.

Philadelphia — While some plate tonnage is available for delivery in the current quarter, particularly premium-priced material, few producers doubt they will be unable to maintain high operations over remainder of the year. Some view first quarter prospects optimistically. They look for good requirements from pipe fabricators, tank shops and structural fabricators.

Pittsburgh — Light and heavy plates remain tight to the extent that quotas will probably be retained on shipments throughout first quarter. Additional tonnage offers are being made from time to time.

Seattle-Plate producers are awaiting opening of bids here Oct. 14 for

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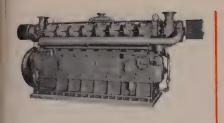
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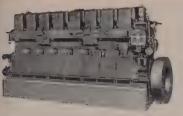
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the petroleum pipeline from Haines to Fairbanks, Alaska. The project involves in excess of 40,000 tons of plates, several thousand tons of shapes and cast iron pipe, as well as equipment and machinery.

Rails, Cars . . .

Track Material Prices, Page 141

New York-New York Central railroad closed bids Oct. 15 on 75,000 gross tons of rails for 1954 delivery.

Tubular Goods . . .

Tubular Goods Prices, Page 141

Boston-Tubular products, following easing in butt weld pipe, are near balance, including medium sizes of seamless, mechanical and pressure tubing.

Distributor inventories are well rounded. At secondary levels most tubular goods are competitive with more tonnage offered, notably light walled electric welded on which

(Please Turn to Page 161)

Steel Production Off in September

Output in month is smallest in over a year but record is set in first three quarters of 1953. Industry producing at indicated annual rate of 109 million net tons

New York-Production of 8.913.000 net tons of ingots and steel for castings in September brought output for the first nine months of this year to 85,540,189 net tons, reports the American Iron & Steel Institute.

September output was the smallest for any month since August, 1952, when the industry was beginning to recover from the steel strike. Output for the month compares with 9,405,580 tons in August and 9,063,-287 tons in September a year ago.

The furnaces operated at 92.4 per cent of capacity during the month, against 94.2 in August and 102 in September, 1952.

Despite the September decline, the first three quarters of this year set

a record for any similar period, production being 33 per cent greater than the 64.2 million tons produced in the like three quarters of 1952. During the period the steelmaking furnaces operated at 97.3 per cent, comparing with 79 per cent in the like 1952 period.

Annual steelmaking capacity at the start of 1953 was approximately 9 million tons larger than at the beginning of 1952. Consequently, as much steel can be produced this year at 92.4 per cent of capacity operations as could have been made last year at 100 per cent capacity production. September output this year was equivalent on an annual basis to production of nearly 109 million tons.

	OPEN-HE	% of	BESSE	% of		% of	?	FAL % of		weeks
1953	Net tons	capac-	Net tons	capac	Net tons	capac	Net tons	capac- ity	 production (net tons) 	mos.
January February March	8,841,679 7,939,299 9,050,773	101.4 100.8 103.7	350,000 329,389 354,710	88.9 92.6 90.0	706,083 664,091 762,615	81.2 84.6 87.7	9,897,962 8,932,779 10,168,098		2,234,303 2,233,195 2,295,282	4.43 4.00 4.43
1st Qtr.	25,831,751	102.0	1,034,299	90.4	2,132,789	84.5	28,998,839	100.0	2,254,964	12.86
April May June	8,493,909 8,925,163 8,394,502	100.5 102.3 99.4	334,605 354,577 332,060	87.7 90.0 87.0	717,024 717,340 677,917	85.2 82.5 80.5	9,545,538 9,997,080 9,404,479	98.7 100.1 97.2	2,225,067 2,256,677 2,192,186	4.29 4.43 4.29
2nd Qtr.	25,813,574	100.8	1,021,242	88.3	2,112,281	82.7	28,947,097	98.7	2,224,988	13.01
1st 6 Mo.	51,645,325	101.4	2,055,541	89.3	4,245,070	83.6	57,945,936	99.4	2,239,889	25.87
July *August †Sept.	8,316,342 8,463,155 8,079,000	95.5 97.0 95.9	324,068 310,074 288,000	82.4 78.7 75.7	635,263 632,351 546,000	73.2 72.7 65.0	9,275,673 9,405,580 8,913,000	93.1 94.2 92.4	2,098,569 2,123,156 2,082,000	4.42 4.43 4.28
†3rd Qtr.	24,858,497	96.1	922,142	79.0	1,813,614	70.4	27,594,253	93.2	2,101,619	13,13
†9 Mos. 1952	76,503,822	99.6	2,977,683	85.9	6,058,684	79.2	85,540,189	97.3	2,193,338	39.00
1st Qtr.	24,207,329	102.5	1,168,871	87.4	1,824,524	89.1	27,200,724	100.7	2,092,363	13.00
April May June	7,101,199 7,291,865 1,446,927	91.1 90.6 18.6	323,006 318,642 22,862	73.2 69.9 5.2	567,935 595,135 170,000	84.1 85.3 25.2	7,992,140 8,205,642 1,639,789	89.7 89.2 18.4	1,862,970 1,852,289 382,235	4.29 4.43 4.29
2nd Qtr.	15,839,991	67.0	664,510	49.6	1,333,070	65/1	17,837,571	66.0	1,371,066	13.01
1st 6 Mo.	40,047,320	84.8	1,833,381	68.5	3,157,594	77.1	45,038,295	83.4	1,731,576	26.01
July August Sept.	1,347,587 7,599,888 8,039,128	16.8 94.4 103.4	2,000 309,361 351,620	0.4 67.8 79.8	277,859 490,476 672,539	39.9 84.6 99.8	1,627,446 8,499,725 9,063,287	17.7 92.4 102.0	368,200 1,918,674 2,117,590	4.42 4.43 4.28
3rd Qtr.	16,986,603	71.2	662,981	49.1	1,540,874	74.5	19,190,458	70.4	1,461,573	13.13
9 Mos.	57,033,923	80.2	2,496,362	62.0	4,698,468	76.2	64,228,753	79.0	1,641,000	39.14
Note-	-The percent	ages of	capacity	in 1953	are calcul	ated o	n weekly	apaciti	es of 1,969,	275 net

Note—The percentages of capacity in 1953 are calculated on weekly capacities of 1,969,275 net tons open-hearth, 88,934 net tons bessemer and 196,230 net tons electric ingots and steel for castings, total 2,254,459 net tons; based on annual capacities as of Jan. 1, 1953, as follows: Open-hearth 102,677,980 net tons, bessemer 4,637,000 net tons, electric 10,232,490 net tons, total 117,547,470 net tons. The percentages of capacity operated in 1952 are calculated on weekly capacities of 1,816,637 net tons open-hearth, 102,926 net tons bessemer and 157,4477 net tons electric ingots and steel for castings, total 2,077,040 net tons; based on annual capacities as of Jan. 1, 1952, as follows: Open-hearth 94,973,780 net tons; bessemer 5,381,000 net tons; electric 8,232,890 net tons; total 108,587,670 net tons.

^{*}Revised. †Preliminary figures, subject to revision.



IN THE ORE MINING FIELD



Between 1850 and 1865 the iron ores of Michigan were produced by the open pit

method. As the surface ore was mined, Cliffs engineers saw that underground mining would be practical to reach the vast ore deposits lying beneath the surface. In 1866 the first underground mine was begun by The Cleveland-Cliffs Iron Company. Deep

shaft mines ... some of them reaching more than a half mile below the surface . . . have become wide-spread on the Marquette Range. These modern methods of mining, mechanized giants, are a far cry from the pick and shovel period of mining. TODAY AND TOMORROW CLIFFS ORE WILL BE AN IMPORTANT FACTOR IN THE BUILDING AND DEVELOPMENT OF OUR NATION.

LAKE SUPERIOR IRON ORE . VESSEL TRANSPORTATION . COAL . FERRO ALLOYS

UNION COMMERCE BUILDING . CLEVELAND 14, OHIO

155 October 19, 1953

CURRENT FERROALLOY QUOTATIONS

Prices as reported to STEEL

MANGANESE ALLOYS

Spiegeleisen: (19-21% Mn, 1-3% Si). Carlot per gross ton \$86, Palmerton, Pa.; \$67 Clairton and Duquesne, Pa. (16 to 19% Mn) \$84 per ton, Palmerton, Pa.; \$55 per ton, Clairton and Duquesne, Pa.

Standard Ferromanganese: (Mn 74-76%, C 7% approx.) Base price per net ton \$200, Clairton, Duquesne, Johnstown and Sheridan, Pa.; add or subtract \$2.00 for each 1% or fraction thereof of contained manganese over 76% or under 74%, respectively. (Mn 76-80%) 13.15c per pound of contained Mn, fo.b. Alloy, W. Va.; Ashtabula, Marietta, O.; Sheffield, Ala.; and Portland Oreg. (Mn 79-81%) Lump \$208 per net ton, f.o.b. Anaconda or Great Falls, Mont. Add \$2.60 for each 1% above 81%; subtract \$2.60 for each 1% below 79%, fractions in proportion to nearest 0.1%.

Low-Carbon Ferromanganese, Regular Grade: (Mn 85-90%). Carload, lump, bulk, max. 0.7% C, 27.95c per lb of contained Mn, carload packed 28.7c, ton lots 29.8c, less ton 31.0c. Delivered. Deduct 0.5c for max, 0.15% C grade from above prices, 1c for max 0.30% C grade from above prices, 1c for max 0.30% C stand 4.5c for max 0.30% C -1.5c for max 0.50% C, and 4.5c for max 0.75% C-max 7% Sl. Special Grade: (Mn 100% min, C 0.07% max, P 0.06% max). Add 2.05c to the above prices. Spot, add 0.25c.

Medium-Carbon Ferromanganese: (Mn 80-85, C 1.5% max). Carload, lump, bulk 21.35c per lb of contained Mn, carload packed 22.1c, ton lot 23.2c, less ton 24.4c, Delivered, Spot,

Manganese metal, 2" x D (Mn 95.5% min, Fe 2% max, Si 1% max, C 0.2% max); Carload, lump, bulk, 36.2c per lb of metal; packed, 36.95c; ton lot 38.45c; less ton lots 40.45c. Delivered. Spot, add 2c.

Electromanganese: Carload, 31.5c; ton lots 33.5c; 250 to 1999 lb, 35.5c. Preminum for hydrogen-removed metal, 1.5c per pound, f.o.b. cars Knoxville, Tenn. Freight allowed to St. Louis or to any point east of Mississippi.

Silicomanganese: (Mn 65-68%). Contract, lump, bulk, 1.50% C grade, 18-20% Si, 11.4c per lb of alloy, carload packed, 12.15c, ton lots 13.05c, less ton 14.05c. Freight allowed. For 2% C grade, Si 15-17%, deduct 0.2c from above prices. For 3% C grade, Si 12-14.5%, deduct 0.5c from above prices. Spot, add 0.25c.

TITANIUM ALLOYS

Ferrotitanium, Low-Carbon: (Ti 20-25%, Al 3.5% max, Si 4% max, C 0.10% max). Contract, ton lots 2" x D, \$1.50 per lb of contained Ti; less ton \$1.55. (Ti 38-43%, Al 8% max, Si 4% max, C 0.10% max). Ton lots \$1.35, less ton \$1.37, f.o.b. Niagara Falls, N. Y., freight allowed to St, Louis, Spot add 5c.

Ferrotitanium, High - Carbon: (Ti 15-18%, C 6-8%). Contract \$177 per net ton, f.o.b. Niagrar Falls, N. Y., freight allowed to destinations east of Mississippi river and north of Baltimore and St. Louis.

Ferrotitanium, Medium-Carbon: (Ti 17-21%, C 2-4.5%.) Contract \$195 per ton, f.o.b. Ni-agara Falls, N. Y., freight not exceeding St. Louis rate allowed.

CHROMIUM ALLOYS

High-Carbon Ferrochrome: Contract, c.1., lump, bulk 24.75c per lb of contained Cr; c.1. packed 25.65c, ton lot 26.80c, less ton 28.20c, Delivered. Spot, add 0.25c.

Low-Carbon Ferrochrome: Low-Carbon Ferrochrome: (Cr. 67-72%) Contract, carload, lump, bulk, max. 0.025% C (simplex) 34.50c per lb contained Cr, 0.03% C 35.50c, 0.06% C 34.50c, 0.15% C 35.50c, 0.06% C 34.50c, 0.15% C 33.75c, 0.20% C 33.50c, 0.50% C 33.25c, 1% C 33.00c, 1.50% C 32.55c, 2% C 32.75c. Carload packed add 1.1c, ton lot 2.2c, less ton add 3.9c. Delivered. Spot, add 0.2%. (Cr 67-72%)

Foundry Ferrochrome, High Carbon: (Cr 62-66%, C 5-7%) Contract, c.l. 8 M x D, bulls 26.25c per lb contained Cr. Packed, c.l. 27.15c, ton 28.50c, less ton 30.25c. Delivered. Spot, add 0.25c.

Foundry Ferrochrome, Low Carbon: (Cr 50-54%, Si 28-32%, C 1.25% max). Contract, carload, packed, 8 M x D, 18.35c per lb of alloy; ton lot 19.2c; less ton lot, 20.4c, delivered; spot, add 0.25c.

Low-Carbon Ferrochrome Silicon: LOW-Carbon Ferrochrome Silicon: (Cr 34-41%, St 42-49%, C 0.05% max.) Contract, carload, lump, 4" x down and 2" x down, bulk, 25.75c per lb of contained chromium plus 12.4c per pound of contained silicon; 1" x down, bulk 25.90c per pound of contained chromium plus 12.60c per pound of contained silicon, F.o.b. plant; freight allowed to destination.

Ferrochrome Silicon, No. 2: (Cr. 36-39%, SI 26-39%, AI 7-9%, C 0.05% max). 25.75c per lb of contained chrome plus 12.4c per lb of contained silicon plus aluminum 3" x down.

Chromium Metal: (Min 97% Cr and 1% Fe) contract, 1" x D; packed, max 0.550%, carload \$1.12, ton lots \$1.14, less ton \$1.16. Delivered. Spot, add 5c. Prices on 0.10 per cent carbon grade, add 4c to above prices.

VANADIUM ALLOYS

Ferrovanadium: Open-hearth Grade (V 35-55%, Si 8-12% max, C 3-3.5% max). Contract, any quantity, \$3.00 per lb of contained V. Delivered. Spot. add 10c. Crucible-Special Grades (V 35-55%, Si 2-3.5% max, C 0.5-1% max). \$3.10. Primos and High Speed Grades (V 35-55%, Si 1.50% max, C 0.20% max) \$3.20.

Grainal: Vanadium Grainal No. 1, \$1 per lb; No. 6, 68c; No. 79, 50c, freight allowed.

SILICON ALLOYS

25-30% Ferrosilicon: Contract, carload, lump bulk, 20.0c per lb of contained St, packed 21.40c; ton lot 22.50c, f.o.b. Niagara Falls, freight not exceeding St. Louis rate allowed.

50% Ferrosilicon: Contract, carload, lump bulk, 12.40c per lb of contained Si, carload packed 14.0c. ton lot 15.45c, less ton 17.1c. Delivered. Spot, add 0.45c.

Low-Aluminum 50% Ferrosilicon: (Al 0.40% max.) Add 1.3c to 50% ferrosilicon prices.

75% Ferrosilicon: Contract, carload, lump, bulk, 14.3c per lb of contained SI, carload packed 15.6c, ton lot 16.75c, less ton 18.0c. Delivered. Spot, add 0.8c.

90-95% Ferrosilicon: Contract, carload, lump, bulk, 17.0c per lb of contained Si, carload packed 18.2c, ton lot 19.15c, less ton 20.2c. Delivered. Spot, add 0.25c.

Silicon Metal: (Min 97% Si and 1% max Fe) C.l. lump, bulk, regular 18.5c per lb of Si, c.l. packed 19.7c, ton lot 20.6c, less ton 21.6c. Add 0.5c for max, 0.10% calcium grade. Deduct 0.5c for max 2% Fe grade analyzing min 96% Si. Spot, add 0.25c.

Alsifer: (Approx. 20% Al, 40% Sl, 40% Fe) Contract, basis f.o.b. Niagara Falls, N. Y., lump, carload, bulk, 9.90e per lb of alloy, ton lots packed 11.30c, 20 to 1999 lb 11.65c, smaller lots 12.15c.

ZIRCONIUM ALLOYS

12-15% Zirconium Alloy: (Zr 12-15%, Si 30-43%, Fe 40-45%, C 0.20% max), Contract, c.l. lump, bulk 8.0c per lb of alloy, c.l. packed 8.75c, ton lot 9.5c, less ton 10.35c. Delivered. Spot, add 0.25c.

35-40% Zirconium Alloy: (Zr 35-40%, Si 47-52%, Fe 8-12%, C 0.50% max). Contract, carload, lump, packed 20.25c per lb of alloy, ton lot 21c, less ton 22.25c. Freight allowed. Spot add 0.25c.

BORON ALLOYS

Ferroboron: (B 17.50% min, Si 1.50% max, Al 0.50% max, C 0.50% max). Contract, 100 ib or more 1" x D, \$1.20 per lb of alloy. Less than 100 lb \$1.30. Delivered, spot add 5c, F.o.b. Washington, Pa., prices, 100 lb and over are as follows: Grade A (10-14% B) 75c per pound; Grade B (14-18% B) \$1.20; Grade C (19% min B) \$1.50.

Borosil: (3 to 4% B, 40 to 45% Si), \$5.25 per lb contained B, delivered to destination.

Bortam: (B 1.5-1.9%). Ton lots, 45c per lb; smaller lots, 50c per lb.

Carbortam: (B 1 to 2%) contract, lump, car-loads 9.50c per lb, f.o.b. Suspension Bridge, N. Y. freight allowed same as high-carbon ferrotitanium

CALCIUM ALLOYS

Calcium-Manganese-Silicon: (Ca 16-20%, Mn 14-18% and Si 53-59%). Contract, carload lump, bulk 20.0c per lb of alloy, carload packed 20.6c, ton lot 22.3c, less ton 23.3c. Delivered. Spot, add 0.25c.

Calcium-Silicon: (Ca 30-33%, Si 60-65%, Fe 1.50-3%). Contract, carload, lump, bulk 19.0c per lb of alloy, carload packed 20.2c, ton lot 22.ic, less ton 23.6c. Deld. Spot, add 0.25c.

BRIQUETTED ALLOYS

Chromium Briquets: (Weighing approx. 3% lb each and containing exactly 2 lb of Cr). Contract, carload, bulk, 16.25c per lb of briquet. carload packed 16.95c, ton 17.75c, less ton 18.65c. Deld. Add 0.25c for notching. Spot, 0.250

Ferromanganese Briquets: (Weighing approx. 3 ib and containing exactly 2 ib of Mn). Contract, carload, bulk 12.45c per lb of briquet, c.l. packaged 13.25c, ton lot 14.05c, less ton 14.95c. Delivered. Add 0.25c for notching-Spot, add 0.25c.

Silicomanganese Briquets: (Weighing approx. 3½ lb and containing exactly 2 lb of Mn and approx. ½ lb of Sl). Contract, c.l. bulk 12.65c, per.lb of briquet, c.l. packaged 13.45c, ton lot 14.25c, less ton 15.15c. Delivered. Add 0.25c for notching. Spot, add 0.25c.

Silicon Briquets: (Large size—weighing approx. 5 lb and containing exactly 2 lb of 8j). Contract, carload, bulk 6.95c per lb of briguet Packed c.1. 7.75c, ton lot 8.85c, less ton 9.45c. Delivered, Spot, add 0.25c. (Small size—Weighing approx. 2½ lb and containing exactly 1 lb of 8j). Carload, bulk 7.1c. Packed c.1. 7.9c, ton lot 8.7c, less ton 9.6c. Delivered. Add 0.25c for motching, small size only. Spot, add 0.25c.

Molybdic-Oxide Briquetts: (Containing 2½ lb of Mo each) \$1.14 per pound of Mo contained, f.o.b. Langeloth, Pa.

TUNGSTEN ALLOYS

Ferrotungsten: (70-80%), 10,000 lb W or more, \$4.35 per lb of contained W; 2000 lb W to 10,000 lb W, \$4.45; less than 2000 lb W, \$4.57, f.o.b. Niagara Falls, N. Y.

OTHER FERROALLOYS

Ferrocolumbian: (Cb 56-60%, Si 8% max. C 0.4% max). Contract, ton lot, 2" x D, \$6.40 per lb of contained Cb, less ton \$6.45. Delivered. Spot, add 10c.

Ferrotantalum—Columbium: (Cb 40% approx., Ta 20% approx., and Cb and Ta 60% min, C 0.30% max) ton lots, 2" x D, \$4.75 per b of contained Cb plus Ta, deld.; less ton lots \$4.80.

Silicaz Alloy: (Si 35-40%, Ca 9-11%, Al 6-8%, Zr 3-5%, Ti 9-11%, B 0.55-0.75%). Carload packed, 1'' x D, 45c per lb of alloy, ton lot 47c, less ton 49c. Delivered.

SMZ Alloy: (Si 60-65%, Mn 5-7%, Zr 5-7%, Fe 20% approx). Contract, carload, packed, 4" x 12 M, 17.5c per lb of alloy, ton lots 18.25c, less ton 19.5c. Deld, Spot, add 0.25c.

Graphidox No. 4: (Si 48-52%, Ca 5-7%, Ti 9-11%), C.l. packed, 17.50c per lb of alloy; tool lots 18.50c; less ton lots 20c, f.o.b. Niagara Falls, N. Y.; freight allowed to St. Louis.

V-5 Foundry Alloy: (Cr 38-42%, Si 17-19%, Mn 8-11%). C.l. packed 15c per lb of alloy: ton lots 16.50c; less ton lots 17.75c, f.o.b., Niagara Falls; freight allowed to St. Louis.

Simanal: (Approx. 20% each Si, Mn, Al; bal. Fe). Lump, carload, bulk 14.50c. Packed c.l. 15.50c, ton lots, 15.75c, less ton lots, 16.25c per lb of alloy. Delivered.

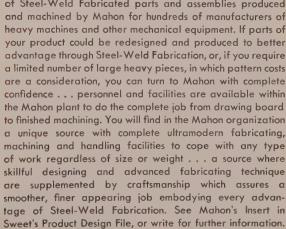
Ferrophosphorus: (23-25% based on 24% P content with unitage of \$3 for each 1% of P above or below the base); carloads, f.o.b. sellers' works, Mt. Pleasant, Siglo, Tenn., \$65 per gross ton.

Ferromolybdenum: (55-75%). Per lb contained Mo, f.o.b, Langeloth, \$1.32 in all sizes except powdered which is \$1.41; Washington, Pa., furnace, any quantity \$1.32.

Technical Molybdic-Oxide: Per lb, contained Mo. f.o.b Langeloth, Pa., \$1.14 in cans; in bags, \$1.13, f.o.b. Langeloth, Pa.; Washington, Pa., \$1.13.



for Greater Strength with Less Weight!

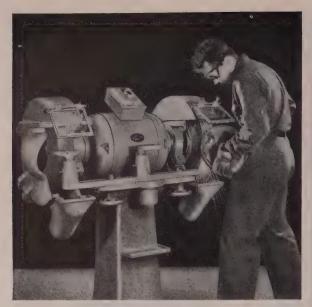


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DETROIT 34, MICHIGAN

Engineers and Fabricators of Steel in Any Form for Any Purpose

AHON



PUT THIS U.S. GRINDER ON THE SPOT

... where you want to reduce costs

Check these U.S. Electrical Tool features—there are many cost-saving advantages in operating ruggedly-built Model 500 Grinders.

Standard equipment includes totally enclosed motor, 1 to 5 H.P., push button starter providing overload protection, ball bearings enclosed in dust-tight housings, enclosed adjustable wheel guards, tool tray and lift-out water pot. Eye shields and grinding wheels furnished as extra equipment. Furnished for 220/440 volt, 60 cycles, 2 or 3 phase AC.

Model 500 Grinders are available from stock for immediate shipment.

The U.S. Tool line is complete, ranging from hand drills, sanders, grinders and buffers to heavy-duty snagging grinders. If you don't know your nearby U.S. Distributor write at once for his name and free Tool Catalog No. US 39

United States Electrical Tool Division THE EMERSON ELECTRIC MFG. CO.





1/8" and 1/4" Double Solenoid Valves

Their reduced amperage requirement simplifies electrical circuits

• These valves are extremely simple in design—but ruggedly built—and will give millions of cycles of efficient, trouble-free, dependable operation. For air to 125 psi, vacuum, or low pressure hydraulic service. Up to 300 cycles a minute. Solenoid armature bears directly against the valve plunger eliminating levers, links, pins, etc. Low amperage requirement simplifies the electrical circuit. The valve is reversed by energizing first one solenoid, then the other. The valve and both solenoids are mounted on an aluminum base, and can be removed independently without disturbing the piping. 2-way, 3-way, double 2-way, 4-way and 5-way actions.





DESCALING VALVES

Specially designed for descaling hot strip and large steel forgings. Widely used. 2'' to 6" sizes. Capacities to 1550 Gals./Min. Design eliminates destructive water hammer and reduces hydraulic shock to a minimum.

HIGH PRESSURE STRAINERS

Used ahead of descaling valves to prevent foreign material/from plugging spray nozzles causing scale streaks in strip—also in hydraulic lines to protect valves, cylinders, and other machinery. 1½" to 6" sizes. Highly efficient. Easily cleaned.



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C. B. HUNT & SON, Inc.

Hand, Foot, Lever, Cam, Pilot, Diaphragm and Solenoid Control Valves

1914 EAST PERSHING STREET

SALEM, OHIO

ORES-COKE-REFRACTORIES

Prices as reported to STEEL; changes shown in italics

ORES

Lake Superior Iron Ore

(Prices effective July 1, 1953, and thereafter; gross ton, 51.50% iron natural, rafl of vessel, lower lake ports.)

Old range bessemer . \$10.30

Old range nonbessemer 10.15

Mesabi bessemer 9.90

Open-hearth lump 11.15

High phosphorus 9.90

The foregoing prices are based on upper lake rail freight rates, lake vessel freight rates, handling and unloading charges, and taxes thereon which were in effect on June 24, 1953, and increases or decreases after such date are for buyer's account.

Eastern Local Iron Ore Lake Superior Iron Ore

Eastern Local Iron Ore
Cents per unit deld, E. Pa.
Foundry and basic 56-62% concentrates

at 90-93c.

Chrome Ore

Gross ton, f.o.b. cars, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Charleston, S. C., plus ocean freight differential for delivery to Portland, Oreg., or Tacoma, Wash.

Indian and African
48% 2.8:1 \$40.00-\$42.00
48% 3:1 44.00-46.00
48% no ratio 32.00-34.00

South African Transvaal
44% no ratio \$27.00-28.00

44% 2.5:1 lump nom. \$32

Domestic
(Rail nearest seller)

REFRACTORIES

Fire Clay Brick

Fire Clay Brick

High-Heat Duty: Pueblo, Colo., \$89.00; Ashland, Grahm, Hayward, Hitchins, Haldeman, Olive Hill, Ky., Athens, Troop, Tex., Beech Creek, Clearfield, Curwensville, Lock Haven, Lumber, Orviston, West Decatur, Pa., Bessemer, Ala., Farber, Mexico, St., Louis, Vandalla, Mo., Ironton, Ooak Hill, Parral, Portsmouth, O., Ottawa, Ill., Stevens Pottery, Ga., Woodbridge, N. J., \$109.00; Salina, Pa., \$114.00; Niles, O., \$120; Los Angeles, Pittsburg, Calif., \$132.30.

Silica Brick

burg, Calif., \$132.30.
Silica Brick
Standard: Alexandria, Claysburg, Mt. Union,
Sproul, Pa., Ensley, Ala., Portsmouth, O.,
\$115; Warren, O., Hays, Pa., \$120; Niles, O.,
\$123; E. Chicago, Ind., Joliet, Rockdale, Ill.,
\$125; Cutler, Utah, \$116.55, Los Angeles, \$122.85

Insulating Fire Brick
2300° F: Massillon, O., \$178.50; Clearfield,
Pa., \$213, Augusta, Ga., Beaver Falls, Zelienople, Pa., Mexico, Mo., \$206; Vandalla, Mo.,
\$214.10; Portsmouth, O., \$207.50; Bessemer,
Ala., \$212.80

Dry Pressed: Bessemer, Ala., \$64.60; Alsey, Ill., Chester, New Cumberland, W. Va., Freeport, Johnstown, Merrill Station, Pa., Wellswille, O., \$77.50; Mexico, Mo., \$73.50; Clearfield, Pa., Portsmouth, O., \$33; Perla, Ark., \$109.00; Los Angeles, \$110.25; Pittsburgh, Calif., \$111.30.

Calif., \$111.30.

Reesdale, Pa., \$139.70; Johnstown, Pa., \$140.00; Clearfield, Pa., \$148.50; St. Louis, \$151.80; Athens, Tex., \$155.00.

Nozzles

Reesdale, Pa., \$223.50; Johnstown, Pa., \$229.20; Clearfield, Pa., \$241.40; St. Louis, \$247.10; Athens, Tex., \$247.00; Johnstown, Pa., \$247.10; Athens, Tex., \$247.50; Johnstown, Pa., \$177.80; Clearfield, Pa., \$185.50; St. Louis, \$187.30; Athens, Tex., \$191.80.

High-Alumina Brick

50 Per Cent: Clearfield, Pa., St. Louis, Mexico, Mo., \$179.00; Danville, Ill., \$169.30.

60 Per Cent: St. Louis, Mexico, Vandalia, Mo., \$223.00; Danville, Ill., \$213.20.

70 Per Cent: St. Louis, Mexico, Vandalia, Mo., \$255; Danville, Ill., \$258; Clearfield, Pa., \$252.

Dolomite

Domestic, dead-burned bulk; Billmeyer, Bule
Bell, Williams, Plymouth Meeting, York, Pa., Millville, W. Va., Bettsville, Millersville, Martin, Narlo, Gibsonburg, Woodville, O., \$14.50;
Thornton, McCook, Ill., \$14.60; Dolly Siding, Bonne Terre, Mo., \$13.65.

Magnesite

Domestic, deadburned bulk; Luning, Nev., \$38.

METALLURGICAL COKE

Price per net ton

Decitive Overis	
Conneilsville, furnace\$14.50	-15.00
Connellsville, foundry 16.56	-17.00
New River foundry	20.80
Wise county, foundry	15.95
Wise county, furnace	15.20
Oven Foundry Coke	
Kearney, N. J. ovens	\$24.00
Everett, Mass., ovens	,
Everett, Mass., ovens New England, del	*26.00
Chicago ovens	24.50
Chicago, del	26.00
Terre Haute, ovens	24.05
Milwaukee ovens	25.25
Indianapolis ovens	24.25
Indianapolis, ovens	28.12
Cincinnati, del	25.85
Painesville, O., ovens	25.50
Cleveland, del	27.43
Erie, Pa., ovens	25.00
Birmingham, ovens	22.65
Cincinnati, del	27.58
Lone Star, Tex., ovens	18.50
Philadelphia, ovens	23.95
Swedeland, Pa., ovens	23.85
St. Louis, ovens	
St. Louis, del	26.00
St. Paul ovens	23.75
Portsmouth, O., ovens	24.00
Cincinnati, del	26.62
Detroit, ovens	25.50
Detroit, del.	26.50
Burralo, del	28.08
Flint, del	28.23
Pontiac, del	27.06
Saginaw, del	28.58
\$0= within \$4.55 freight zone from Wol	lra

Or within \$4.55 freight zone from works.

COAL CHEMICALS

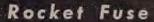
Spot, cents per gallon, ovens

PLUORSPAR

Metallurgical grades, f.o.b. shipping point, in III., Ky., net tons, carloads, effective CaF, content 72.5%, \$44; 70%, \$42.50; 60%, \$38. Imported, net ton, duty paid, metallurgical grade, \$35-\$36.

ELECTRODES (Threaded, with nipple, unboxed f.o.b. plant)

	GRAPHITE	
Inche	s	Per
Diam.	Length	100 lb
2	24	\$ 43.50
21/4	. 30	28,00
3 "	40	27.25
2½ 3 4 5½	40	26.00
51/4	40	25.75
6	60	23.25
7, 8, 9, 10	60	21.00
12, 14	72	20.50
16	72	20.00
17	60	20.50
18	72	20.50
20	72	20.00
	CARBON	
40	100	\$8.95
40, 35, 30	110	8.95
30	84	9.10
24	96	8.90
24	72, 84	9.10
20	90	8.95
20 .	84	9.10
17	72	9.10
17	60	9.50
14	72	9.50
14, 12.10	60	10.30
8	60	10.55





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ubular Goods . . .

(Concluded from Page 154)

rices are soft in carbon grades. olume of electric welded pipe is inreasing with tonnage off the Morrisille, Pa., mill supplementing tonage late this quarter. Springfield mory has bids on 461,517 feet seamss round, small diameter carbon abing.

Pittsburgh—Seamless tubing and country goods sell briskly, a bright pot in the tubular picture. Overall sales are not at the "normal" ate, and the market is undergoing dormant period caused by a lingerag inventory situation. Appliance automakers are purchasing between their customary rates. Specialty, nechanical and pressure tubing sales re sticky.

Seattle—Cast iron pipe demand is ow seasonally. Anchorage, Alaska, pened bids for about 100 tons. Some ast iron pipe is involved in the laska pipeline project, bids Oct. 14.

ig Iron . . .

Pig Iron Prices, Page 142

Chicago—Reduced foundry operaons are developing no pessimism. Lather, the easing is serving to resolve long-endured pressures. Inentories of iron are good and relacements can be obtained more uickly than formerly.

Pig iron output again exceeds conumption. Foundry operators aren't ooking for a pickup in demand for arm equipment castings soon, but utomotive requirements are expectd to accelerate as new models get nder way.

Boston—Shipments to consumers ag. Few buyers are showing normal aterest in bolstering winter reserves. Tore tonnage is offered by Buffalo and other outside furnaces in fringe reas where they are competitive. his area has broadened where ourth quarter price reductions have een larger than the 25 cents per on decline on Everett iron, notably a western New England.

Lack of backlogs and failure to ook heavier orders for castings are he primary reasons for slack depand.

New York—Some foundries are alking a little more optimistically nd their stocks of pig iron have een reduced substantially, but merhant sellers anticipate little imortant improvement in iron demand ver the near future. Sellers, driving for business, have not increased heir volume to any important decree.

Buffalo-With 75 to 80 per cent of



current pig iron output going into steel production, blast furnace operations here hold at capacity levels. Merchant iron demand and foundry operations show mixed tendencies.

Philadelphia — Pig iron business continues slack. No changes are noted in domestic furnace base prices, but freight absorption in some instances is more noticeable. and prices on imported iron continue

Cleveland - Spotty foundry operations are reflected in continued sluggishness in the merchant pig iron market. Sellers are moving tonnage but with many buyers watching inventories closely and ordering largely against needs in sight there is plenty of iron available to care for requirements, and promptly.

Cincinnati — Competition is keen among pig iron producers with some of them beginning to absorb freight charges. Foundrymen are dickering more on the purchase of pig iron.

Urge Scrap Export Licensing

Washington-The Commerce Department is being urged by the scrap industry to license iron and steel scrap exports.

In a message to Commerce Secretary Weeks the dealers, represented by the Institute of Scrap Iron & Steel, last week said that to severely restrict exportation of scrap while not limiting exports of pig iron and finished steel constitutes discrimination against the scrap industry.

Scrap . . .

Scrap Prices, Page 164

Philadelphia-Following the slight rebound in open-hearth scrap prices recently, the market has steadied. Most sellers now anticipate a fairly stable situation for some time. In fact, some believe the trend over the remainder of the year will be upward. Current steadiness applies to cast as well as steelmaking grades.

Buffalo-Although buying interest is restricted the scrap market shows steadier tendencies as a result of higher prices at other consuming points. All leading mill consumers remain out of the market but the top buyer announced partial lifting of its embargo on shipments. Prices are holding at the recently reduced levels. No new buying of consequence is anticipated in the immediate future.

Pittsburgh - Scrap prices were bolstered last week by a purchase which set the price of No. 1 bundles at \$36 to \$37. Demand remains steady for better scrap grades. On other grades, mill purchases are made in small volume, to round out inventories. Railroad grades declined slightly.

Cleveland-Scrap market undertone here has firmed up on reports of a large purchase of steelmaking grades in the Pittsburgh district at prices above those recently prevailing at that point. Despite absence of representative buying here, prices on steel grades are up \$1 per ton sentimentally.

Trade sentiment is noticeably more optimistic with the view prevailing that prices have hit bottom.

Detroit - Scrap prices are unchanged from last week and no major sales have been made. Dealers indicate, however, that on the basis of talk in the area there is an undercurrent of strength which may be reflected in slight price increases on sales in the near future.

Chicago-The scrap market here developed a stronger tone with reports of higher prices being paid by consumers at Pittsburgh. It seems



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nlikely, however, the new strength vill be translated into higher buyig prices until a leading mill comes ito the market late this month for s November requirements.

In the meantime, other mills unoubtedly will hold the present line n whatever material they may acuire. Exception to the above is Vo. 1 dealer bundles for which \$28 as been paid. This is an advance f \$1. Another reflection of a firmer narket tone is the fact that brokers re forced to pay more than present ublished quotations to fill existing

Cincinnati — The scrap market is lefinitely stronger following some re-





Hotel Cleveland has a warm and friendly welcome for you-but it has more, too. It's located in the heart of Cleveland, and directly connected



newed buying. Prices in many instances are \$2 to \$3 higher.

Birmingham — Little demand for scrap is evident in this district. Small tonnage is moving.

Los Angeles - Mill purchases of scrap are limited to specialty grades.

San Francisco-Steel scrap is moving slowly to consumers. Yards are well stocked, but there is not much being added to the piles with collection discouraged by the low level of

Seattle-No. 1 heavy melting steel is none too plentiful but it is moving at the lower prices recently effected. No. 2 heavy melting is quoted at \$25. Bundles are down \$4 and are in surplus supply.

Iron Ore . . .

Iron Ore Prices, Page 159

New York—Shipment of 150 tons of manganese ore from Maine has been made to Paterson, N. J. for testing at the E. S. Nossen Laboratories to establish whether ore can be processed economically for commercial consumption.

Cleveland—The Great Lakes fleet brought down 2,716,978 gross tons of iron ore in the week ended Oct. 12, boosting 1953 season shipments to date to 83,586,917 tons. This is only 16,413,083 tons from the projected season goal of 100 million tons, reports the Lake Superior Iron Ore Association.

In the corresponding week last year shipments amounted to 3,113,037 tons, but the cumulative season total was only 56.867,991 tons.

STRUCTURAL SHAPES . . .

STRUCTURAL STEEL PLACED

6400 tons, repair shops, Pennsylvania Railroad, Hollidaysburg, Pa., to Belmont Iron Works, Eddystone, Pa.

STRUCTURAL STEEL PENDING

1500 tons, warehouse, Penn Fruit Co., Philadelphia, bids Oct. 21.

800 tons, building, American Stores, Dewitt, N. Y., bids closed. 400 tons, construction at Hanford Works, Washington state; bids to Blaw-Knox Co., Pittsburgh, prime contractor, Oct. 20.

REINFORCING BARS . . .

REINFORCING BARS PLACED

140 tons, state highway projects, and local warehouse, to Northwest Steel Rolling Mills

Inc., Seattle. 116 tons, Idaho road project and local mausoleum, to Bethlehem Pacific Coast Steel Corp., Seattle.

110 tons, grain elevator, Almira, Wash., to Bethlehem Pacific Coast Steel Corp., Seattle.

REINFORCING BARS PENDING

225 tons, Washington state Union Slough highway bridge; general contract to Roy T. Earley Co., Tacoma, Wash., rebid low

\$298.749.
100 tons, Washington state Skagit county girder overcrossing; N. Fiorito Co., Seattle, awarded at \$169,880.

100 tons, Idaho state bridges, Ada county;bids to Boise, Idaho, Oct. 20.100 tons, Bureau of Roads, Smith River

(Please Turn to Page 166)





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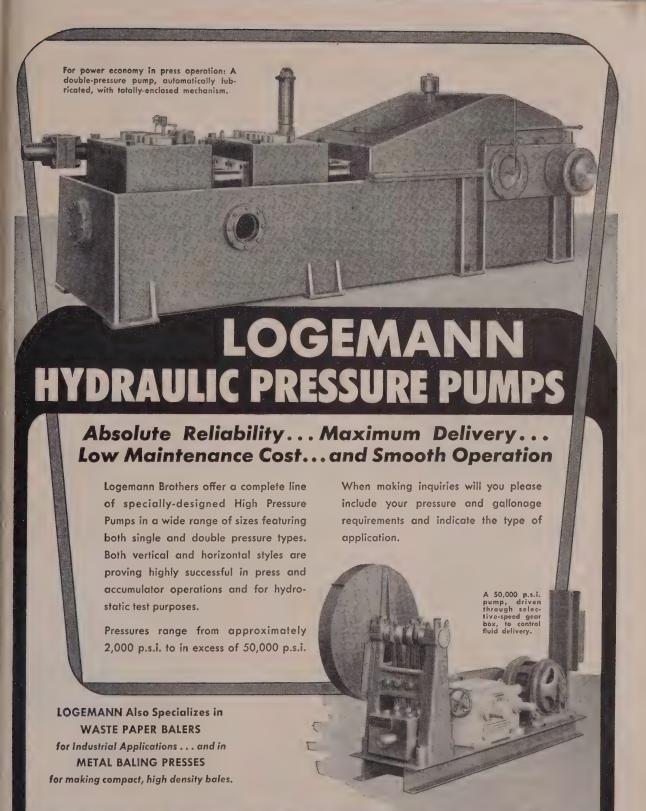
IRON AND STEEL SCRAP

Consumer prices, per gross ton, except as otherwise noted, including broker's commissions, as reported to STEEL. Changes shown in italics.

CHICAGO

ST. LOUIS

COMPOSITE	(Delivered consumer plant)	No. 1 heavy melting 29.00-30.00	(Brokers' buying prices)
Oct. 15\$32.50	No. 1 heavy melting 34.00-35.00 No. 2 heavy melting 28.00-29.00	No. 1 heavy melting 24.00-25.00 No. 2 heavy melting 24.00-25.00 No. 1 factory bundles 30.00-31.00 No. 1 dealer bundles 27.00-28.00 No. 2 bundles 22.00-23.00 Machine shop turnings 14.00-15.00 Mixed borings, turnings 14.00-15.00 Short shovel turnings 14.00-15.00 Short shovel 16.00-17.00	No. 1 heavy melting. 28.00-29.00 No. 2 heavy melting. 23.00-24.00
Oct. 8 31.83	No. 1 bundles 35.00-36.00 No. 2 bundles 36.00 27.00	No. 1 dealer bundles. 27.00-28.00 No. 2 bundles 22.00-23.00	No. 1 heavy melting. 28.00-29.00 No. 2 heavy melting. 23.00-24.00 No. 1 bundles
Sept. avg 36.93	Machine shop turnings. 16.00-17.00	No. 1 busheling 29.00-30.00 Machine shop turnings 14.00-15.00	Machine shop turnings 11.00-12.00 Short shovel turnings, 12.00-13.00
Oct. 1952 43.00 Oct. 1948 43.25	No. 1 heavy melting	Mixed borings, turnings 14.00-15.00 Short shovel turnings, 16.00-17.00	Cast Iron Grades
Based on No. 1 heavy melting	Electric furnace bundles 35.00-36.00	Cast iron borings 16.00-17.00 Cut structurals, 3-ft 32.00-33.00	No. 1 cupola 36.00-37.00 Charging box cast 27.00-28.00 Heavy breakable cast 27.00-28.00
grade at Pittsburgh, Chicago and eastern Pennsylvania.	Railroad Scrap	Punchings & plate scrap 32.00-33.00 Electric furnace bundles 32.00-33.00	Heavy breakable cast 27.00-28.00 Unstripped motor blocks 27.00-28.00
basicin I binayiyama,	No. 1 R.R. heavy melt. 36.00-37.00	Cast Iron Grades	Brake shoes 36.00-37.00
	PHILADELPHIA (Delivered consumer plant)	No. 1 cupola 32.00-33.00	Brake shoes 36.00-37.00 Clean auto cast 37.00-39.00 Burnt cast 28.00-29.00
	No. 1 heavy melting. 31.00-32.00	Stove plate 26.00-27.00 Unstripped motor blocks 19.00-20.00	Railroad Scrap
PITTSBURGH (Delivered consumer plant)	No. 1 heavy melting. 31.00-32.00 No. 2 heavy melting. 29.00-30.00 No. 1 bundles 31.00-32.00	Clean auto cast 36.00-37.00 Drop broken machinery 36.00-37.00	Rails, 18-in, and under 44.00-45.00
No. 7 hogges multimer 26.00 27.00	No. 2 bundles 27.50-28.50 No. 1 busheling 31.00-32.00	Railroad Scrap	Rails, rerolling 42.00-43.00
No. 2 heavy metting 30.00-31.00 No. 2 hundles 36.00-37.00	No. 2 bundles 27.50-28.50 No. 1 busheling 31.00-32.00 Electric furnace bundles 32.00-33.00 Machine shop turnings 19.00-20.00	No. 1 R.R. heavy melt 31.00-32.00 R.R. Malleable 40.00-41.00	Malleable 37.00-38.00 Rails, 18-in, and under 44.00-45.00 Rails, random lengths 33.00-34.00 Rails, rerolling 42.00-43.00 Uncut tires 31.50-32.50 Angles, splice bars 34.00-35.00
No. 2 heavy melting. 30.00-31.00 No. 1 bundles 30.00-37.00 No. 2 bundles 28.00-29.00 No. 1 busheling 36.00-37.00 Machine shop turnings 20.00-21.00 Mixed borings turnings 20.00-21.00	Short shovel turnings 22.00-23.00 26.00	Rails, 2-ft. and under 43.00-45.00 Rails, 18-in. and under 44.00-46.00	SEATTLE
Mixed borings, turnings 20.00-21.00 Short shovel turnings. 23.00-24.00	Structurals & plate 36.00-37.00 Heavy turnings 30.00	Angles, splice bars 40.00-42.00 Rails, rerolling 42.00-43.00	(Delivered consumer plant) No. 1 heavy melting 29.00
Cast iron borings . 23.00-24.00 Cut structurals	Couplers, spring, wheels	Stainless Steel Scrap	No. 1 heavy melting. 29.00 No. 2 heavy melting. 25.00 No. 1 bundles 24.00 No. 2 bundles 19.00 No. 3 bundles 15.00 Meltin 12.00 12.50
Heavy turnings 29.00-30.00 Punchings & plate scrap 38.00-39.00		18-8 clips & solids 160.00 430 clips & solids 70.00 18-8 turnings 70.00	No. 2 bundles 19.00 No. 3 bundles 15.00
Electric furnace bundles 38.00-39.00	Cast Iron Grades No. 1 cupola 35.00-36.00	18-8 turnings 70.00 430 turnings 47.00	
Cast Iron Grades	Charging box cast nom. Heavy breakable cast 38.50	DETROIT	Mixed borings, turnings, 12.00-12.50 Short shovel turnings, 12.00-12.50 Electric furnace, No. 1 38.00-40.00
No. 1 cupola	Unstripped motor blocks 28.00 Drop broken machinery 40.00-41.00	No. 1 heavy melting 26.00	Cast Iron Grades
Unstripped motor blocks 33.00-34.00	NEW YORK	No. 2 heavy melting 23.00 No. 1 bundles 26.00	(F.o.b. shipping point) No. 1 cupola 30.00-35.00
No. 1 machinery cast. 46.00-47.00	(Brokers' buying prices)	No. 2 bundles	No. 1 cupola 30.00-35.00 Heavy breakable cast. 25.00-30.00 Unstripped motor blocks 27.00
Railroad Scrap No. 1 R.R. heavy melt. 39.00-40.00	No. 1 heavy melting. 24,00-25,00 No. 2 heavy melting. 22,00-23,00 No. 1 bundles 24,00-25,00 No. 2 bundles 20,00-22,00	Mixed porings turnings 12.00	No. 1 wheels 38.00-40.00 Stove plate 26.00
Rails, 2-ft. and under. 50.00-51.00 Rails, 18-in, and under 51.00-52.00	No. 1 bundles 24.00-25.00 No. 2 bundles 20.00-25.00	Short shovel turnings. 14.00 Punchings & plate scrap 30.00	Railroad Scrap
Rails, 2-ft. and under 50.00-51.00 Rails, 18-in. and under 51.00-52.00 Rails, random lengths 44.00-45.00 Railroad specialties 42.00-43.00	Machine shop turnings 11.50-12.00 Mixed borings, short	Cast Iron Grades	Rails, random lengths 34.00-35.00
Stainless Steel Scrap	turnings	No. 1 cupola 40.00 Charging box cast 33.00	SAN FRANCISCO
10 0 hundles & solids 165 170	plate)	Stove plate 34.00-35.00 Heavy breakable 29.00-30.00 Unstripped motor blocks 30.00	No. 1 heavy melting. 23.00 No. 2 heavy melting. 19.00
18-8 turnings 90-95 430 bundles & solids 87-90 430 turnings 60-62	Cast Iron Grades	Clean auto cast 40.00	No. 1 bundles 22.00 No. 2 bundles 19.00 No. 1 busheling 24.00
430 turnings	No. 1 cupola 29.00-30.00 Unstripped motor blocks 21.00-22.00	Malleable 40.00	Machine shop turnings 7.00
CLEVELAND		BUFFALO	Short shovel turnings 13.00
(Delivered consumer plant)	Stainless Steel 18-8 sheets, clips,	No. 1 heavy melting 33.00-34.00 No. 2 heavy melting 26.00-27.00	Cast iron borings 13.00 Cut structurals 32.00
No. 1 heavy melting 31.00-32.00 No. 2 heavy melting 23.00-24.00	solids	No. 1 bundles 33.00-34.00 No. 2 bundles 24.00-25.00 No. 1 busheling 37.00-38.00	Heavy turnings 13.00 Punchings & plate scrap 33.00
No. 1 heavy metting 31.00-34.00 No. 2 heavy melting 23.00-24.00 No. 1 bundles 32.00-33.00 No. 2 bundles 22.00-23.00 No. 1 heavy metting 31.00-32.00	18-8 borings, turnings. 90.00 430 sheets, clips, solids 80.00-85.00 410 sheets, clips, solids 70.00-75.00	Machine shop turnings. 19.00-20.00 Mixed borings, turnings 20.00-21.00	Electric furnace bundles 24.00 Cast Iron Grades
No. 1 busheling 22.00-23.00 Machine shop turnings 16.00-17.00 Mixed borings, turnings 21.00-22.00 Short shovel turnings 21.00-22.00 Cast iron borings 31.00-23.00	BOSTON	Short shovel turnings. 20.50-21.50 Cast iron borings 20.00-21.00 Low phos 35.00-36.00	No. 1 cupola 39.00
Mixed borings, turnings 21.00-22.00 Short shovel turnings. 21.00-22.00	(Brokers' buying prices; f.o.b. shipping point)	Low phos 35.00-36.00	Charging box cast 35.00 Stove plate 37.00 Heavy breakable cast 36.00
	No. 1 heavy melting. 24 00-25 00	Cast Iron Grades (F.o.b. shipping point)	Unstripped motor blocks 29.00
Low phos. 32.00-33.00 Alloy free, short shovel turnings 24.00-25.00 Electric furnace bundles 32.00-33.00	No. 2 heavy melting. 18.50-19.00 No. 1 bundles 24.00-25.00 No. 2 bundles 16.50-17.00 Machine shop turnings 12.00-12.50	No. 1 cupola 32.00-33.00 No. 1 machinery 37.00-38.00	Clean auto cast 39.00
	No. 2 bundles 16.50-17.00 Machine shop turnings 12.00-12.50	Railroad Scrap	No. 1 wheels
Cast Iron Grades No. 1 cupola 39.00-40.00	Short shovel turnings 15.00-15.00	Rails, random lengths. 39.00-40.00 Rails, 2 ft and under 45.00-46.00 Railroad specialties 45.00-45.50	
Charging how cast 28 00-29 00	No. 1 cast 29.00-30.00	Railroad specialties 45.00-45.50	LOS ANGELES No. 1 heavy melting 23.00
Stove plate	No. 1 machinery cast 36.00-37.00	BIRMINGHAM	No. 1 heavy melting. 23.00 No. 2 heavy melting. 19.00 No. 1 bundles 22.00 No. 2 handles 19.00
Brake shoes 28.00-29.00 Clean auto cast 45.00-46.00		No. 1 heavy melting 26.00-26.50 No. 2 heavy melting 24.00-24.50	No. 2 bundles 19.00 Machine shop turnings 7.00
No. 1 wheels 30.00-31.00 Burnt cast 29.00-30.00	(Brokers' buying prices; f.o.b. shipping)	No. 1 bundles 26.00-26.50 No. 2 bundles 22.00-22.50	Cast Iron Grades (F.o.b. shipping point)
Drop broken machinery 45.00-46.00	No. 1 heavy melting 29.00-30.00 No. 2 heavy melting 26.00-27.00 No. 1 bundles 29.00-30.00	Machine shop turnings. 19.50-20.50 Short shovel turnings 20.50-21.50	No. 1 cupola 37.00-40.00
Railroad Scrap	No. 1 bundles 29.00-30.00 No. 2 bundles 23.00-24.00	Cast iron borings 20.50-21.50 Cut structurals nom.	HAMILTON, ONT.
No. 1 R.R., heavy melt. 36.00-37.00 R.R. malleable 45.00-46.00 Rails, 3-ft. and under. 49.00-50.00	No. 2 bundles 23.00-24.00 No. 1 busheling 29.00-30.00 Machine shop turnings 13.00-14.00	Electric furnace bundles nom. Cast Iron Grades	(Delivered prices) Heavy melting \$32.50
Rails, 18 in. and under 50.00-51.00 Rails, random lengths 42.00-43.00	Short showel turnings 16.00-17.00	(F.o.b. shipping point)	No. 1 bundles 32.50 No. 2 bundles 32.50
Cast steel 41.00-42.00 Railroad specialties 41.00-42.00 Uncut tires 39.00-40.00	Mixed borings, turnings. 16.00-17.00 Short shovel turnings. 16.00-17.00 Cast iron borings. 16.00-17.00 Low phos., 18-in. 37.00-38.00	No. 1 cupola 41.00-42.50 Charging box cast 30.00-31.00	Mechanical bundles 28.50
Uncut tires 39.00-40.00 Angles, splice bars 44.00-45.00		Stove plate 38.00-39.00 Bar crops and plate 38.00-39.00 Cut structurals 36.00-37.00	Mixed steel scrap 28.50 Mixed borings, turnings 26.50 Rails, remelting 32.50
Angles, splice bars 44.00-45.00 Rails, rerolling 49.00-50.00	No. 1 cupola 42.00 Heavy breakable cast 34.00	Heavy breakable cast 30.00-31.00	Rails, rerolling 41.50 Busheling 26.50
Stainless Steel (F.o.b. shipping point)	Charging box cast 34.00	Unstripped motor blocks 34.00-35.00 No. 1 wheels 46.00-47.00	Prep'd 30.50
		Railroad Scrap	Unprep'd
18-8 bundles, solids nom. 160.00-170.00 18-8 turningsnom. 70.00-80.00	No. 1 R.K., heavy melt 32.00-33.00	No. 1 R.R. heavy melt. nom. Rails, 2-ft and under 42.00-43.00	Cast Iron Grades
430 clips, bundles, solids nom. 70.00	Malleable	Rails, random lengths . 39.00-40.00 Angles, splice bars 38.00-39.00	No. 1 machinery cast. 46.00-50.00
430 turnings nom. 50.00	Rails, random lengths. 38.00-39.00	Rails, rerolling 46.00-47.00	†F.o.b., shipping point.



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Unstated, 39 underground ammunition magazines, Ft. Richardson, Alaska; general contract to Morrison-Knudsen Co., Seattle, low \$886.945.

PIPE . . .

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FARVAL—Studies in Centralized Lubrication No. 139



ALL PARTS OF THIS NEW FARVAL DC20 automatic pumping unit are assembled on a single base plate ready for quick, easy mounting at any convenient point. Supply lines run from the pumping station to the Dualine measuring valve manifolds, one valve for each bearing to be lubricated. The entire system is installed very simply and at a cost that will be repaid in a few months in savings effected.

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